The New-York Times.

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THE LAST WEEK.

The Truth About Proscription in Arkansas.

Democratic Falsehoods About Oppression of the South Exposed.

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Greeley's Whine About "Proscription" in the South—The Truth About Arkansas.

Greeley and his man Friday, who turns the organ that is "not an organ," have been shrieking all Summer long over what they call the "proscription" of loyal men in the South, and particularly in the State of Arkansas, where Greeley has variously estimated the number of the "proscribed" all the way from 20,000 to 30,000. In one of his speeches, made at Pittsburg, while "swinging round the circle," he said:

"There are this day thousands of people of Arkansas alone proscribed—the most intelligent, the most respectable people of that State—forbidden to exercise the right of suffrage; forbidden exclusively by the party that meets here and shouts for Grant and Wilson. Nobody else asks for proscription but they. No other party requires that any human being should stand proscribed on our soil for a rebellion that has ceased seven and a half years ago."

And again, in a speech delivered at Cleveland, Mr. Greeley said:

"Let us decide in this election that there shall be no more a proscribed class, no more a disfranchised class, no more, as in Arkansas, 20,000 white men, citizens, who willingly conform to the requirements of the Government and are still denied any voice in the disposal of their own property by taxation. These are incurred and charged up against their property by the votes of men who have no property, and they, the farmers, the planters of that great State, are denied any voice in the Government which taxes, and rules and robs."

Now, let us see how much truth there is in all this talk about proscription and disfranchisement in Arkansas. In the first place, Mr. Greeley knows full well that the Administration, or the Republican Party, is no more responsible for whatever of disfranchisement there may be in Arkansas than the man in the moon, and that if nine-tenths of the people of that State were "proscribed," it could in no possible way be justly charged against the President, against Congress, or against the Republican Party. With the exception of perhaps a dozen men or less, all the citizens of Arkansas who are now prohibited from voting have been disfranchised by the State Constitution of Arkansas, framed by its own people without interference in any way by the President or by Congress. If there is any point, therefore, in Mr. Greeley's other pet hobby that the Southern States should be left to manage their own affairs in their own way, he cannot complain if the loyal people of Arkansas deem it for their interest and safety to disfranchise twice as many rebels as they have. But the fact is, that long before Mr. Greeley commenced shedding his sham tears over the disfranchised rebels of Arkansas, the people of that State had initiated steps to remove all disabilities of whatever name and nature growing out of the action of any of its citizens during the rebellion. Those disabilities were imposed by article 8 of the Constitution of 1868, adopted by the people of Arkansas before either the Fourteenth or Fifteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States had been ratified. The disfranchising sections of this article are as follows:

"The following classes shall not be permitted to register, or vote, or hold office, viz.:

First—Those who during the rebellion took the oath of allegiance (or gave bonds for loyalty, and good behavior to the United States Government, and afterward gave aid, comfort or countenance to those engaged in armed hostility to the Government of the United States, either by becoming a soldier in the rebel army or by entering the lines of said army, or adhering in any way to the cause of rebellion, or by accompanying any armed force belonging to the rebel army, or by furnishing supplies of any kind to the same.

Second—Those who are disqualified as electors or from holding office in the State or States from which they came.

Third—Those who during the late rebellion violated the rules of civilized warfare.

Fourth—Those who may be disqualified by the proposed amendment to the Constitution of the United States known as article 14, and those who have been disqualified from registering to vote for delegates to the Convention to frame a Constitution for the State of Arkansas under the act of Congress entitled 'An act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States,' passed March 2, 1867, and the acts supplementary thereto.

Provided—That all persons included in the first, second, third, and fourth subdivisions of this section who have openly advocated or who have voted for the reconstruction proposed by Congress, and accept the equality of all men before the law, shall be deemed qualified electors under this Constitution."

Now, if Mr. Greeley will take up almost any Arkansas newspaper he will find a proclamation from the acting Governor calling upon the people of that State, by virtue of an act which passed the Legislature in March, 1870, to vote for an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Arkansas repealing the whole of article 8 of the Constitution of 1868, and substituting for all the disfranchising clauses, cited above, the following simple section:

"Sec. 2. Every male person who has attained the age of twenty-one years, and who is a citizen of the United States, or who has legally declared his intention to become a citizen thereof, who shall have resided in this State six months, and in the county in which he offered his vote ten days next preceding the election, shall be deemed a qualified elector, and entitled to vote, if registered, unless disqualified by some one of the clauses of section one (1) of this article." [Section "one (1)" simply disfranchises paupers, idiots, insane persons, and those convicted of crime, the same as the Constitutions of all other States in the Union.]

It will thus be seen that all the *Tribune's* and Greeley's whining rigmarole about "proscription" in Arkansas, whether charged against the Administration or against the loyal citizens of that State, is utterly without foundation. Under the proposed amendment to their Constitution, voluntarily submitted by the people, every ex-rebel in the State, "reconstructed" or unrepentant, is restored to all his rights, political and civil. Even John B. Fellows, who used to be a rebel "Colonel" in Arkansas, and who now divides his time in making speeches for Mr. Greeley and slandering private character, would, by returning to the scene of his former exploits, find himself invested with all the political rights of respectable citizens of the State. Further than this it would seem impossible for "amnesty" or magnanimity to go.

Mike Norton.

Michael Norton, having failed to reach the State Senate last year, is now a candidate for the Assembly, and has a fair chance of election if the honest men of the Fifth District do not do their utmost to defeat him. He professes to be sure of carrying the majority of the colored votes, on the ground that he was the first to introduce a measure in the State Legislature for the protection of negroes at the ballot-box. Now, the intelligent colored men must not be caught with such chaff. Norton's move was only made for the purpose of securing a little cheap capital. If he had never said a word on the subject of these rights, he could scarcely have done less for them than he has done. Such men as Norton have always been the enemies of the black man, and if they had their way today, Mr. Frederick Douglass and Senator Revels would be in slavery. The colored voters must not be induced to believe in professions of friendship coming from a nominee of Tammany Hall. The Republican reform candidate is Austin Leake, a man in every way the superior of Norton. By a united effort, Norton's defeat can be achieved, and if this effort is not made, the district will suffer from the disgrace of having a "Ring" representative at Albany.

The Assembly—Staten Island Ring.

Although Mr. David W. Judd, for reasons relating to private business, was compelled to decline the Republican nomination for his reelection to the Assembly from Richmond County, the party have made a capital nomination to take the place which he so honorably and usefully occupied in the last Assembly. Mr. John Blake Hillyer, of Northfield, is the nominee, and he will be earnestly supported not only by his party, but by the Democratic tax-payers of the island, who have been scandalized by the Ring nomination of Samuel R. Brick, a deposed member of the old Board of Supervisors. Of this nomination the Richmond County *Gazette* (independent paper) writes:

"The Ring leaders did an unwise thing for the Richmond County Democracy in nominating Samuel R. Brick, Jr., for the Assembly. To be sure it is said that he bought his nomination through a Convention believed to be opposed, at the outset, to such a choice out of four candidates brought forward. But this is an affair of the party to settle among themselves. It is *their* disgrace if the fact be as represented by common rumor. The responsibility rests with the men at the back of the nominee, who mean to use him, while he is serving himself, at Albany, should he be elected. They have jobs in common with him; they have separate jobs of their own which they were not able to put through last Winter, when Mr. Judd was faithfully representing our people and honestly protecting our tax-payers.

The question is, will the people of Richmond County ratify this very improper nomination? Can even the Democracy of the county be transferred to its support without protest? Why should they? Mr. Brick was hurled out of the Board of Supervisors last Spring by his own town, the largest Democratic constituency in the county, by a vote nearly two to one; his successor being a Republican in politics, though supported by the tax-payers generally as a Reformer. Mr. Brick has done nothing since to restore him to the confidence of his own town, and much less to commend him to the county, and it seems an insult to the intelligent men of the Richmond County Democracy to talk of transferring a notorious and reckless jobber from Richmond County Court-house to the capital at Albany.

There is an important question behind these considerations. Can Mr. Brick be elected? We should hope not. Our people, irrespective of party, and especially our tax-payers, should strive from this day to the day of election, to render his success impossible. The Young Democracy of Middleton and Castleton, who were deserted by this man last year when they had a candidate of their own choice single handed against Mr. Judd, will probably bolt the nomination by scores. But this should not be solely relied on, if relied on at all. The Republicans have put a good man in the field, Supervisor Hillyer, whom the people of Northfield last Spring elected to his present trust over Van Clief, a colleague of Brick in the old Board. Northfield is a Democratic town, but its constituency is an honest one, and they will now give Mr. Hillyer an earnest support, as they gave him his election to the Board of Supervisors, irrespective of party, not for himself alone, but to defeat the Ring nominee.

It is intimated that Mr. Brick has some thousands of his drainage job profits left for the hustings, and after buying his way through the County Convention it may be that he means to buy his election. We do not charge that such is his purpose, but it is reasonably certain that his ability to use his money will be held over the opposition to his election in both parties, to discourage or repress all efforts to defeat both him and his money. We submit that the time for this sort of thing should have passed away with the humiliating downfall of Tammany, and the disgraceful rout of the old Board of Supervisors last Spring. But if it has not, and Mr. Brick and his backers propose to take captive the county and its tax-ridden people, by weight of the purse contributed for this object, relying upon their Richmond County jobs at Albany for reimbursement, the sooner the honest voters of the county prepare to meet the assault the sooner they will be sure to avert their own disgrace and the deep humiliation of the island."

And by the Way.

"And, by the way, will the *World* tell its readers which party in the present Legislature of Virginia lately voted to pay $600 for a portrait of the rebel Gen. Robert E. Lee, and refused to order a portrait of the Union Gen. George H. Thomas—also a gallant and eminent Virginia soldier? The *World* has correctly stated that the portrait of Lee was ordered and that of Thomas refused by a party vote. Why not say which party thus honored the rebel and disdained the Union hero?"—*Tribune, Feb.* 15, 1871.

And, by the way, now that we are on the home-stretch, will the *Tribune* please tell its readers *which party* in Virginia and other States is just now working to put Mr. Greeley into the Presidential chair—whether the admirers of the "Rebel Gen. Robert E. Lee," or of the "Union Gen. George H. Thomas."

To Col. B. A. Willis.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

I wish you would inquire of Col. B. A. Willis whether the fraudulent warrants which he alleges, in his Saturday night speech, at Tammany Hall, were signed by Mr. Havemeyer when Mayor, twenty-five years ago, included the warrants he (Mr. Havemeyer) issued for a violation of the Corporation ordinance by a gentleman of the same name as B. A. Willis, and under which Willis was arrested and locked up in the Tombs until the fine was paid?

What say you, Colonel, are you the man or are you not? A READER.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, Oct. 29, 1872.

Mr. Mellish in the Ninth Congressional District.

Mr. David B. Mellish is making a very vigorous canvass in the Ninth Congressional District. His meetings are not only large, but they are well-managed and addressed by good speakers. The fourth of the series will be held to-night at Newmann's Hall, Fourth-avenue, between Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh streets, and will be addressed by Dr. Dunn in German, and by Hon. M. C. Smith and Col. B. T. Morgan in English. It will not be Mr. Mellish's fault if he do not poll a heavy vote.

Who Is Gen. Robinson?

The *Tribune* can find nothing to say of Gen. Robinson, Republican candidate for Lieutenant-Governor, but that he draws a pension, which it begrudges him. If Mr. Greeley had had his way, there would have been no pensions paid for saving the country, for the country would not have been saved. If its present "manager," however, will look back to the *Tribune* of Oct. 2, 1869, he will find some reasons why a pension is fairly given to Gen. Robinson. It then said:

"Speaking of the veteran soldier who was nominated on the Republican ticket for State Engineer and Surveyor, the Rochester *Union* sneeringly says: 'Who Gen. John C. Robinson, of Broome, is, is a question.' There can be no question as to the ignorance of that writer. If he were acquainted with the recent annals of his country, he would know that at the beginning of the rebellion Gen. Robinson was placed in command of Fort McHenry, which he protected from the proposed attacks of the rebels, and thus saved the City of Baltimore from falling completely into the power of the *Union's* friends. The editor of that journal may learn something more about Gen. Robinson by reading the history of the Army of the Potomac. He will hear of him as holding a high command under the brave Gen. Kearny at the victory of Glendale; and if he will read with care Gen. Kearny's report of that famous fight, he will find the following reference to Gen. Robinson: 'I have reserved Gen. Robinson for the last. To him this day is due above all others in his division the honors of the battle. The attack was made on his wing; everywhere present, by personal supervision and noble example, he secured for us the honors of victory. Our loss has been severe; and when it is remembered that this occurs to mere skeletons of regiments, there is but one observation to be made, that previous military history presents no parallel.'

Reading further the history of those times, he may hear of Gen. Robinson at Malvern Hill, Bristow Station, Chantilly, Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, Gettysburg, Mine Run, Mitchell's Station, the Wilderness and Spottsylvania Court-house. He may also learn that in leading his troops against the intrenchments of Gen. Longstreet, when within a hundred yards of the rebel line, he received a musket-shot, which resulted in the loss of one of his legs. He may likewise ascertain that Gen. Robinson has had no less than five horses shot under him in battle. Much more might here be repeated about Gen. Robinson's public and honored acts, such as his services as Judge-Advocate-General, Military Commander in the South, and Commander of the Department of the Lakes."

A Canal Ring Candidate.

Hon. George D. Lord has been nominated for the Assembly by the Liberal Republican and Democratic Conventions of the Rochester District. He represents in a very perfect manner the great Democratic Canal Ring. If the Greeley Republicans can carry out the bargain of their leaders to support the Tammany Ring candidates in this City—like Norton, and Cook, and Campbell—they can support Lord in Rochester. One ring is no worse than the other—and no better.

Another Reformer.

The nomination of A. M. Bliss, commonyl called "Archy" Bliss, for Assemblyman in the Eighth District of Brooklyn, affords a fair illustration of the kind of men whom the "Liberal" Republicans select to represent them. They had in that district, what they seldom have elsewhere—an honest man in their ranks, Mr. Geo. C. Bennett, editor of the Brooklyn *Times*, who honored himself and his constituents by his thoroughly square record in the Assembly last Winter. But he is dropped by the Greeley men of his district, and in his place is substituted a man who is perhaps the meanest counterpart of the worst specimen of a New-York Tammany Republican that Brooklyn affords. We are sorry to see that the Republicans of that district are facilitating the election of Bliss by running two candidates in opposition to him. We hope they will unite on one man, and we trust he will be the last man, though either of them cannot possibly be worse than Bliss.

Two Bad Candidates.

There are two candidates for the Assembly who ought not on any account to be elected. One is, in profession, a Republican—Husted, of Westchester. The other has thrown off the mask and is running on a Democratic nomination—Alvord, of Onondaga. They were closely associated in aid of the dirty work of the Ring at Albany, and are only safe when without power.

A Co-Religionist on Mr. Kernan.

Rev. Thomas O'Flaherty, a Roman Catholic priest, of Auburn, has published in the *Advertiser* of that city a remarkable letter, setting forth some of the reasons why Francis Kernan should *not* be elected Governor of this State. After referring to the various manifestations in the past of public hostility to any interference on the part of the Roman Catholic Church with the public school system of the State, Mr. O'Flaherty proceeds as follows:

"Under such circumstances, to nominate Mr. Kernan for the position of Chief Executive of State, was, to say the least, rash and injudicious; it being alleged that he is a Catholic, faithful to the teachings of his Church and its head, the Pope, and therefore necessarily in favor of separate Catholic schools. In the ratio of one Irish Catholic who will vote for him in consequence of his alleged fidelity to Catholic principles, one hundred Americans and of other nationalities will be repelled from the Democratic ranks for the same reason.

Mr. Kernan will not be elected, and it will be well for the peace of the people and the true interests of religion.

The above views have been given regardless of the displeasure of friends or expected abuse of enemies. I love the freedom of my adopted country, I love the kindness and fair play of her people generally speaking, I love peace and justice and hate civil war and iniquity even when seen in the distance."

A Good Assembly Nomination.

In the Thirteenth District Mr. James Kelly has been nominated for the Assembly by a section of independent Republicans, and has been indorsed by the Reform organizations of the district. Mr. Kelly has been long and honorably connected with the cause of public education in this City. He has held the position of School Inspector, and has never ceased to take a deep interest in the public schools. His medals, given to meritorious boys and girls in the schools, have been taken to the homes of a large number of our laboring population, and are preserved with honest pride by many to whom they are a pledge of future success. Mr. Kelly is a gentleman of leisure and property, of mature age and of the most unquestioned probity and honor. He is one of the class of men whom it is highly desirable to send to the Assembly.

The Irish Vote.

From the N. Y. Tribune, Nov. 10, 1864.

* * It happens to be the fact that at least nineyt-nine out of every hundred Irish-born Roman Catholics in our country vote whatever is commended to them as the Democratic ticket. * * * It is also a notorious fact that these, as a class, are not so well educated and informed as the average, as our American-born voters are. * * * We cannot doubt that it is a public misfortune that there should be 100,000 legal electors in our State, with five times that number in the Union, whose votes may, at each election, be, with perfect confidence, inferred from their speech. * * * For reasons which to them are sufficient, the great body of the Roman Catholic Priesthood of this country are the ardent and active partizans and upholders of human slavery, and do not sympathize with the Republic in the war which the slave power has wickedly waged against it for the overthrow and dissolution of our nationality. Those of them now resident in the loyal States do not desire disunion *per se*, but they *do* desire a reconstruction based on the re-establishment, power and perpetuity of human bondage. And their influence over the laity, coinciding with that of the grog-shops, wherein hate and scorn of "the naygurs" is systematically inculcated as a source of political influence and power, is so potent and pervading that it is utterly idle to seek to indoctrinate the great mass of our Irish born voters with those ideas and sentiments touching our great struggle and the facts underlying it which seem to us just, Christian, generous and humane.

We make this explanation to our friends in Ireland who have acted in the presumption that the Irish-born voters of this country might be moved by such appeals as could not fail to be influential if addressed to Christians of any faith in any other part of the world. Those friends seem wholly unaware of the state of facts existing on this side of the water. Had Daniel O'Connell visited this country in the plenitude of his power and renown, and here discussed human slavery in the spirit of his letter to the repealers of Charleston, S. C., he would have been rotten-egged and stoned from city to city, and the great body of our Irish Americans would have joined in the hunt, or in shouting "Well done! Give it to him!"

Union Freight Railway in the City of Boston.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 29.—The Union freight railway was opened today by a locomotive and four freight cars, starting from the yard of the Boston and Maine Railroad and proceeded along the entire line to Federal-street Bridge, and then returning stopped on Atlantic-avenue at the head of Central Wharf, where the cars were loaded with cotton and dispatched over the Boston and Maine road.

The new railway will greatly facilitate transportation of freight between the wharves and various railroads.

Railroad Accident—Half a Dozen Cars off the Track on the Great Western.

BEAMSVILLE, Ontario, Oct. 29.—While the Pacific express on the Great Western Railroad was passing Beamsville Station, twenty miles east of Hamilton, at 1½ this afternoon, the wing-rail of a switch broke, and six cars were thrown off the track. Conductor Furness was badly hurt about the head, and a number of passengers were injured. The track was cleared by 6½ P. M.

NOTES FROM THE CAPITAL.

Greeleyite Plots to Do Slyly What They Cannot Do Openly.

Republicans in Certain States to be Lulled Into a Confident Inactivity—Report of the Bureau of Statistics—Coming Home to Vote.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—Information received here within the past three days goes to show that there has been an attempt on the part of the "Sorehead" and Democratic managers of the campaign to secure thorough secret action in several of the States, by which the Republicans were to be left under the idea that the demoralization was spreading; while in fact secret circulars, influences, and personal work were to be used effectively to get out the Greeley vote, while the Republicans overconfidently remained at home. The particular regions where these tactics were to be exercised were the States of Indiana, New-Jersey, Connecticut and New-Hampshire. It is a sort of last faint-hearted appeal, carrying on its face a conviction of unbelief on the part of its own promoters.

MONTHLY STATISTICAL REPORT.

The monthly report of the Bureau of Statistics, prepared under the direction of Mr. E. B. Elliott, is issued today. It is some pages longer than the average of the preceding reports, and contains several new features of interest and value. There is a table showing the amount of the public debt at the beginning and end of each quarter, from July 1, 1855. There is another, of which an abstract has been already given to the Press, showing the average value of commodities in the bonded warehouses of the United States, and the average time the goods remain in the warehouses. A very comprehensive statement of tonnage entered and cleared in the ports of the United States since 1821 is published. Another very interesting table shows the estimated reduction of customs receipts under the laws of the last session. In respect to all the principal articles of commerce is shown the rate of duty under the former and the new tariff, the percentage of increase or decrease, the amount entered for home consumption during the last fiscal year, and the estimated amount of increase or decrease. The novel feature of this table is the tabulation of the process in each instance, as well as a statement of the result.

FACILITIES TO COME HOME TO VOTE.

It is generally supposed in New-York City and State, that there is an arrangement here by which New-York voters can go home and vote through the aid of reduced rates of railroad transportation, and some of the railroad companies have doubtless supposed they were making an arrangement by which all such voters were to be benefited. But this is a mistake. The New-York State Association here have made an arrangement for reduced rates of transportation, not however for the purpose of aiding Republican voters to get home, but chiefly for the purpose of securing members to their own Association. No one can profit by this arrangement unless he first becomes a member of the State Association.

Dispatches to the Associated Press.

BRITISH CLAIMS DISALLOWED.

The American and British Claims Commission, today, disallowed the following claims, which had been submitted on their merits: J. W. McDonald against the United States, claimed $250 for the alleged wanton destruction of his property in West Virginia by Union soldiers. There were depositions to show his property was not destroyed or injured, but that he was removed for a military reason outside the military lines.

John Preston Rogers against the United States, claimed $13,000 for the rent of his stores in Memphis, and damages by reason of removal of goods, breakage, and loss and interruption of his business. According to the brief of Mr. Hale, agent and counsel of the United States, the claim was without foundation, utterly fraudulent, and sought to be sustained by perjury.

Thomas McMahon against the United States, claimed over $60,000 for property destroyed by the bombardment of Fort Pickens.

Jacob T. Moore claimed $960 for five mules.

DISCRIMINATING DUTY AGAINST FRANCE.

In answer to inquiries it has been ascertained from an official source that the Department of State some days ago prepared a proclamation declaring that hereafter all goods imported into the United States in French vessels, from countries other than France, shall be charged with a discriminating duty of ten per cent. ad valorem, under the seventeenth section of the act of June 30, 1864. The Treasury Department approved this proclamation and prepared a circular addressed to Collectors of Customs to accompany the proclamation, and requiring the Collector to act in conformity with its terms and requirements, the instructions to take effect on the promulgation of the proclamation. The statement heretofore published that the Treasury Department had issued the instructions is not true, as the instructions are intended to accompany the proclamation, which has not yet been signed by the President. The proclamation has been withheld at the request of the French Minister, to afford him opportunity to make inquiry of his Government relative to the subject. It may, however, be issued to-morrow.

NAVAL RETIREMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

Rear-Admiral Winslow, recently in command of the Pacific Fleet, will be placed on the retired list of the navy on the 19th of next month, on account of long and faithful service, but having received a vote of thanks of Congress, he will be permitted to remain on active duty ten years after his retirement, in accordance with the law in such cases passed some years ago. The retirement of Admiral Winslow will promote Commodore John L. Worden, now in command of the Naval Academy, to the grade Rear-Admiral. The next Rear-Admiral to be retired is Rear-Admiral Joseph F. Green, now in command of the North Atlantic Fleet. His name will be placed on the retired list on the 24th of November, on account of long and faithful service. The retirement of Admiral Green will promote Commodore George F. Emmons, now awaiting orders, to the grade of Rear-Admiral. The retirement and promotions of the above-mentioned officers, will promote Capts. Foxhall A. Parker and John Guest to the grades of Commodores.

THE PUGNACIOUS NAVAL CADET.

Strong efforts will be made for the restoration of Cadet Midshipman Diggs, recently dismissed from the Naval Academy for assaulting Cadet Midshipman Conyers (colored.) The authorities are not disposed to reinstate him, as the assault was without provocation.

THE CABINET.

The only heads of departments at Cabinet meeting today were Secretaries Fish and Belknap. The Treasury Department was represented by Assistant Secretary Richardson; the Interior, by Assistant Secretary Cowen; the Justice, by Assistant Attorney-General Hill, and the Post-office, by First Assistant Postmaster-General Marshall.

THE POSTMASTER-GENERAL'S REPORT.

The fourth annual report of the Postmaster-General will show that the expenses of the Department were increased during the past year, as compared with the preceding year, by about $2,250,000, mainly for increased transportation and other postal facilities, foreign and domestic, and that the increased receipts have nearly kept pace with the expenses, the increase being a little over $2,000,000.

PERSONAL.

Minister Washburne dined with President Grant and family this evening. Secretary and Mrs. Fish and Secretary Belknap were among the guests. Mr. Washburne left to-night for Illinois.

INLAND COMMERCE.

Action of the Buffalo Board of Trade on the Detroit River Bridge Question.

BUFFLO, N. Y., Oct. 29.—The Board of Trade of this city, on a motion to reconsider the resolutions passed a few days since regarding the bridging of the Detroit River, reaffirmed the same, with the following addition:

Resolved, That bridging the channels of the Detroit River west of Stony Point is objectionable only as part of the system for bridging the main channel between Stony Island and Canada.

The Board also adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, That the action of this Board has always been in favor of free trade and free commerce between the States, and in favor of all facilities for our inland commerce, such as bridges and tunnels, when required by railroads, and free canals, to secure cheap transportation; and that the first duty of parties interested is to examine, and find whether a tunnel is practicable, and when it is practicable the river should be tunneled as mountains are; and when not practicable, bridges should be permitted, and only justifiable on the ground of great public necessity to facilitate our inland commerce. Upon no other ground do we believe that our great natural channel ways for inland commerce—now greater than our foreign commerce—and its sources should ever be bridged.

MISSOURI.

Progress of the Campaign—A Sharp Contest, with the Probabilities in Favor of the Republicans.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 29.—As the canvass draws to a close vigorous and persistent efforts are made by both parties in this State to carry the election, and this is especially the case in the Congressional districts. In the First District in this city, where Col. Grosvenor, "Sorehead," is canvassing against ex-Gov. Stanard, Republican, there has been great concentration of "Liberal" speakers, led by Senator Schurz, who are nightly using all their art and power to persuade the Germans to stand firmly and vote solidly for Greeley and the whole ticket. So far, however, they seem to have made but little impression, and the district will return Gov. Stanard by a handsome majority. In the Third District the same means are used to defeat Mr. Hilton. They have even imported a speaker, the newly-elected Congressman Dodd, of Cincinnati, and nightly meetings are held. Every effort is made to harmonize and unite the demoralized Democracy, but their exertions are vain. The bolting Democrats stand by McBride, the independent candidate, and they will poll more than enough votes to insure Hilton's election.

In the Seventh, Col. Burdett's District, the Democrats are also bringing every means to bear to defeat the Republican nominee, but here, as elsewhere, they will fail. Col. Burdett is making a splendid canvass, and, with his excellent record in the present Congress and his fine ability, he will carry his district by a good majority. The Republicans expect to elect seven out of the thirteen Congressmen sure, and have more than fair prospects of electing nine.

Gen. Henderson's canvass for Governor is a most brilliant one. Wherever he speaks great crowds gather to hear him, and thousands of Democrats will vote for him. He will probably run largely ahead of his ticket. The registration in the State, as far as heard from, shows a great increase over that of 1870, and the Democrats are claiming that it is almost entirely Democratic. But in all this they are greatly mistaken. There are no means of definitely determining how this new vote will be divided, but the probabilities are that the Republicans will share nearly equally with the Democrats, in which case the State is almost sure for Grant and the State ticket. At all events, a desperate push will be made for it, and the prospects are good for success.

YELLOW FEVER.

Arrival of an Infected Vessel at Stonington, Conn.—Two of the Crew Ill, One Probably Fatal.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

STONINGTON, Conn., Oct. 29.—The schooner Crown Point, of Newburyport, Mass., Capt. Jas. J. Tayler, arrived here yesterday in twenty-four days from San Domingo, for Boston, loaded with sugar and mahogany. She set a signal for a physician, and Dr. Stanton, the Health Officer, boarded her and found two cases of yellow fever on board. One of these will probably prove fatal. The names of the invalids are John Brown and John Hiendolf, who have been sick sixteen days.

The vessel and crew were at once placed under quarantine regulations.

MARYLAND JOCKEY CLUB.

Last Day's Racing—Blind Tom, Merodac, Joe Daniels and Arizona the Winners.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 29.—The races of the Maryland Jockey Club, over the Pimlico Course, closed today. The weather was fine, the track in good condition, and the attendance fair.

The first race was a hurdle handicap for a purse of $500, two miles, over eight hurdles; $400 to the winner, and $100 to the second horse. Blind Tom came in first, followed by Lochiel, Tammany coming in third. Time, 4:18. Lochiel was the favorite at the start, selling four to one. The race was between Blind Tom and Lochiel, Tammany trailing 100 yards behind.

The second race was for a purse of $400, for two-year olds, the winner of the Central Stakes excluded; one mile. Six started, and the race was won by Merodac, beating Survivor and Coronet in the same order; Chief Engineer, Austral and John Preston not being placed.

The third race was for a consolation purse of $500, for horses of all ages beaten during the meeting, two-mile heats. The following is the summary:

Joe Daniels	1	1
Buckden	3	2
Wheatley	2	3
Teetotal	4	dis.
Lord Baltimore		dis.

Time—1:58, 1:56¼.

The fourth race was for a handicap purse of $1,100 for all ages that have run during the meeting; two-mile heats; $900 to the winner and $200 to the second horse. Six started, and the following is the summary:

Arizona	1	1
Cadence	2	3
Flora McIvor	5	2
Frank Hampton	3	4
Sanford	4	dis.
Sue Ryder		dis.

Time—3:58, 3:57½.

THE WEATHER.

Synopsis and Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 30—1 A. M.—The barometer is high over all the Atlantic States, with generally clear weather and northerly to easterly winds; on the Gulf and thence to the Ohio River, south-easterly winds and partially cloudy weather; in the North-west the low barometer, brisk and high south-easterly winds and threatening weather continue and extend eastwardly; south-easterly winds and increasing cloudiness prevail on the lakes, and thence to the Ohio Valley.

PROBABILITIES.

In New-England and the Atlantic States, generally clear weather, with north-easterly to easterly winds, will prevail; in the Gulf States, south-easterly winds and cloudy weather. The barometer will fall on the lakes with threatening weather, rains and brisk north-easterly to south-easterly winds; in the North-west brisk south-easterly winds, veering to northerly and westerly, with threatening weather and rain. Warning signals continue at Duluth, Milwaukee, Chicago, Grand Haven, Detroit and Toledo.

The National Railroad Company Suit in New-Jersey.

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 29.—The argument on rule to show cause why an injunction should not issue to restrain the National Railway Company from constructing a road from Philadelphia to New-York, to compete in business with the Pennsylvania Railroad, was to have been commenced today before Vice-Chancellor Dodd, but was postponed until to-morrow.

The bill of the Pennsylvania Road claims that they have, by the charter of the Camden and Amboy Railroad, the exclusive right to run a road between New-York and Philadelphia, and charges that the Stanhope bill and some seven other charters were obtained with fraudulent intent.

The answer denies all these allegations, and alleges that all exclusive privileges expired Jan. 1, 1869. There is a heavy array of counsel on both sides. The argument will most likely proceed to-morrow.

The Seabrook Railroad Disaster.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Oct. 29.—At the inquest today over the Seabrook Railroad disaster, Alfred N. Dow, of Seabrook, who lives near the scene of the accident, testified that he found the switch immediately after the accident with the pin where the lock should have been, and the lock hanging from the chain, as Conductor Smith says he found it, and not as the switchman says he left it. Witnesses to corroborate Walton's testimony that the switchman acknowledged that he must have left the switch wrong, are not yet forthcoming.

Republican Demonstration in Jersey City.

The Republicans of Jersey City made a demonstration last evening, about twenty campaign clubs turning out with their guns, torches, and transparences. Twelve hundred men were in line. The procession formed at Newark and Jersey avenues, at 7½ o'clock, and marched thence through the principal streets. Many houses were illuminated, and salutes were fired along the lines. Clubs were present from Bergen, Lafayette, and other parts of the county. The whole was under the command of Col. D. S. Gregory, as Chief Marshal.

A PRIZE FIGHT.

Seddon's "Mouse" and Owney Geoghegan's "Rat" in Conflict.

Last evening a crowd of nearly 500 "sporting" characters assembled in a room above Owney Geoghegan's liquor store, at the corner of Twenty-second-street and First-avenue, to witness a prize fight, which had been arranged between two feather-weight boxers named Stephen O'Leary, known as Seddons' "Mouse," and John O'Brien, who rejoices under the appellation of Geoghegan's "Rat." Both the pugilists are youths not over eighteen years of age. O'Leary's fighting weight is 100 pounds, and O'Brien weighs several pounds more. The match was made between O'Leary and Geoghegan for $100 on Saturday last, and the fight was to have come off last evening at catch weight, and $25 was put up on each side as a forfeit. At about 9 o'clock the gathering in Geoghegan's place, embracing the proprietor of the establishment, his brother Stephen, Mickey Coburn, Geo. Seddons, Reddy the Blacksmith, Tom, alias Soap McAlpine, Harry McAlpine, Jerry Murphy, Johnny Sanders, a man named Masterson, who is said to be Tammany candidate for Assistant Alderman, Pat. O'Meolia, Sailor Owens, "The Hoboken Clipper," and many other equally worthy of the occasion. The proceedings opened with a sparring exhibition, employed as a "stall," and to whet the appetites of the spectators for the richer treat in store for them. O'Leary sparred in succession with Frank Cox, Billy Haley, and "Sailor" Owens, and succeeded in defeating each of his opponents. Preparations for the real business of the evening were then made. Both the contestants stripped for the fray. O'Leary stepped into the ring, accompanied by George Seddons and Tim Collins as his seconds. He was quickly followed by O'Brien, who had Owney Geoghegan and "The Hoboken Clipper" as his attendants. O'Leary appeared confident and determined to win, while O'Brien appeared uneasy and evidently alarmed by the prowess and science displayed by his opponent in his previous bouts with the gloves. At this time the betting was all in favor of O'Leary, 25 to 6 and 30 to 10 being freely offered by his friends, but with no takers, as O'Brien's friends did not appear to have sufficient confidence in their favorite to risk their money. All the preliminaries being arranged, O'Leary stepped to the centre of the ring and "put up" his hands. At this juncture Geoghegan jumped forward, and exclaimed excitedly, "I won't let this fight go on; the 'kid' (meaning O'Leary) is too much for my man." A scene of excitement and confusion ensued. The spectators were determined not to be cheated out of their evening's "amusement," in that way and shouts of "Shame," "Let the Kids fight," resounded through the room. Taking advantage of the confusion O'Brien slunk from the ring and hurried on his clothes. Geoghegan fearing that a serious disturbance would ensue sent information to the Eighteenth Precinct Police Station, which is immediately opposite his store, and several policemen were sent over to prevent a breach of the peace. On the appearance of the Police the crowd quietly dispersed, but not before Geoghegan had been forced to hand over the forfeit money to O'Leary. The latter thereupon issued a challenge to fight any man in the world at 100 pounds weight. The Police believing that a sparring exhibition only had taken place made no arrests.

BY MAIL AND TELEGRAPH.

Gen. Sherman is still confined to his house by illness, but he is improving.

The President has appointed Wm. B. Crosby, of New-York, to be Consul-General at Rome.

The stable at Anden's brick yard, in Philadelphia, was burned last night, with eight horses.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Daniel D. Evans has been ordered to the New-York Naval Hospital.

Surgeon George W. Wood, from the Mare Island Navy Hospital, is ordered to the Tuscarora, South Pacific Squadron.

The steam-ship Ohio, the second of the Philadelphia and Liverpool Steam-ship line, will be launched today at Kensington.

Levi Stoltz's distillery, in Greenville, Ohio, was burned, yesterday morning. Loss estimated at $25,000; insured for $6,000.

The steam-ship Livarno, with a general cargo, has arrived in Montreal. This is the first Italian steam-ship that has ever visited that port.

The Commissioner of Patents has granted the application of Charles Moulagne, of Boston, for an extension of his patent for printing presses.

The National Convention of Machine Manufacturers met in Cincinnati yesterday. The object appears to be to devise means for regulating prices.

The Superintendent of the Mounted Recruiting service has been ordered to forward eighty-five recruits to Dallas, Texas, for the Fourth Cavalry.

The steamer Kate Kinney, lying at the New-Albany wharf, in Louisville, was burned to the water's edge last evening. Loss, $25,000; insured for an unknown amount.

Mr. Washburne, Minister to Paris, has arrived in Washington, and yesterday morning called on the President, remaining in conversation with him for more than an hour.

Harry Graham, a machinist, forty years old, a native of Paterson, N. J., cut his throat at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, on account of trouble with his wife. He may recover.

The steam-boat Balloon was burned to the water's edge, today, at Kaign's Point, opposite Philadelphia. She was formerly a passenger-boat, but has lately been used as a tug.

The citizens of Halifax, N. S., are making strong efforts to secure the terminus, all the year round, of the proposed line of steamers between the Dominion and the West Indies.

A lamp explosion in Miller & Churchill's paper-mill, Little Falls, N. Y., last night, set fire to a quantity of rags and paper, resulting in the total loss of the building, machinery and stock.

Hon. William Orton, President of the Western Union Telegraph Company, and a large number of the leading members of the Western Associated Press will be in Chicago today.

The iron-clads Manhattan and Saugus are receiving alterations at Cramp's ship-yard in Kensington. The Saugus will sail on Tuesday next, in tow of the Powhatan, for Key West and Havana.

The man who recently registered as "A. McDonald, Montreal," at the Merrimack House, Boston, and was found dead in bed next morning, has been identified as a noted burglar and pickpocket.

In the case of Philip Loew for the murder of his wife, the prisoner's counsel, in Philadelphia, yesterday, agreed to submit to a verdict of murder in the second degree, and the Court acquiesced.

The President has appointed William Foresman Postmaster at Circleville, Ohio, vice Benjamin T. Thomas, deceased; and Louise Hoyt, Postmaster at Mason City, Ill., vice Miss S. C. Sullivan, resigned.

The steamer Ossipee, Commander N. J. Miller, is now on the way home from the South Pacific Station, and will immediately proceed to Boston, in accordance with orders from the Navy Department.

The Treasury balances at the close of business yesterday were: In currency, $4,449,483; coin, including $22,759,500, of coin certificates, $77,095,236; special deposit of legal-tenders for redemption of certificates of deposit, $22,915,000.

The People of an Arkansas Town Startled.

From the Fayetteville (Ark.) News, Oct. 24.

About twelve miles south of Huntsville, Madison County, on the 8th inst., occurred the most wonderful and startling phenomenon that has ever been witnessed by the citizens of that neighborhood. Near the farm of Capt. Smith, Sheriff of the county, some of the citizens were startled by a frightful noise like the rushing of a mighty cannon ball through the air. On looking up they discovered something that looked like a solid column of fire passing with tremendous velocity through the air, with a whirring, hissing sound, something like that of a shell, but many fold louder. It appeared to be from eight to ten feet in length and from four to five feet in diameter, but it was passing with such swiftness that it may have been many times larger than it appeared. When first discovered it seemed to be several hundred feet above the earth, and was inclining in its course toward the ground, profusely emitting great sparks of fire. About a minute or two after it passed out of sight an awful explosion was heard, that shook the earth for miles around, and was heard at a distance of fifteen miles. The truth of this statement is vouched for by Capt. Smith, Mr. Qualls, S. P. Smith, Mr. Tassey, and other prominent citizens of the neighborhood.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Continuance of the Conflict in the Prussian Diet.

Searching Out Bonapartist Sympathizers in the French Army.

Angry Political Discussion in the Spanish Cortes.

The Washington Treaty Decisions Still Talked of in England.

The Steamer Missouri Five Days Overdue at Havana.

GERMANY.

Conflict Between the Prussian Houses Still Unsettled.

BERLIN, Oct. 29.—The Upper House remains firm in its opposition to the Country Reform bill. Count Von Eulenburg, Minister of the Interior, in view of the defeat of the measure has tendered his resignation, but the Emperor refuses to accept it.

FRANCE.

Ferreting Out Bonapartists—Sympathizers in the French Army.

PARIS, Oct. 29.—It is reported that an inquiry has been ordered by the President into the conversation of certain army officers at La Fare, who are charged with asserting, that the Minister of War, Gen. Cissey and the members of his staff, entertained strong sympathies for the Bonapartes.

Compulsory Education and Lay Teachers in the Public Schools—Subsidence of the Floods—Prince Napoleon Again.

PARIS, Oct. 29.—The Council-General of the Department of the Seine have adopted a resolution in favor of compulsory education and the employment of lay teachers in the public schools, and will petition the Assembly for legislation to that effect.

The floods in the south of France have subsided. The damage done to farms and vineyards is extensive.

It is said that one of the Deputies from Corsica will resign his seat in the Assembly to make room for Prince Napoleon.

The mortal remains of Heinrich Heine, which were buried in the Montmartre cemetery, have been disinterred and taken to Hamburg.

SPAIN.

Heated Debate in the Cortes on the Army Bill—Republicans and Radicals.

MADRID, Oct. 29.—While the Army bill was under consideration in the Congress, yesterday, Señor Garridos said the Radical Party in Spain existed only by the sufferance of the Republicans. This remark gave rise to a warm debate, during which a sharp encounter took place between Señor Zorilla, President of the Council, and Señor Figueras. The latter in the course of an excited speech declared that the present was the last Spanish Ministry that would be formed under King Amadeus.

THE ALABAMA TREATY.

More Dissatisfaction with the Geneva Award Expressed—The San Juan Decision.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—Sir John Pakington, in a lecture delivered at Stourbridge last night, adverted to the settlement of the Alabama claims, declaring it was painful and humiliating to apologize for wrongs never committed, and pay fine for injuries steadily denied. In the disposition of the San Juan boundary question, however, he saw no reason to censure the Government.

Mr. Pattinson, Private Secretary of the Governor-General of Canada, sailed yesterday for Quebec, taking with him Lord Dufferin's children.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Destruction of an Irish Nobleman's Country-Seat.

LONDON, Oct. 29.—Lord Massey's country-seat in County Limerick, Ireland, was destroyed by fire last night. The loss is $75,000.

CUBA.

Non-Arrival of the Steamer Missouri at Havana—Five Days Over Due.

HAVANA, Oct. 28.—The steamer Missouri, which sailed from New-York on the 17th inst., for Nassau and Havana, has not yet arrived out and is now five days over due.

SOUTH AMERICA.

The Brazil and Argentine Controversy—Probable Friendly Settlement.

LISBON, Oct. 29.—The mail steamer has arrived here from Rio de Janeiro, bringing later advices from that city.

The negotiations between Gen. Mitre, the Envoy of the Argentine Confederation, and the Government of Brazil, for the settlement of the dispute which has arisen between those two nations in relation to the Paraguayan Treaty, were being conducted in secret. It was generally believed in Rio de Janeiro at the time of the sailing of the steamer, that the result of the negotiations would be a friendly settlement of the controversy.

UTAH.

Lieut. Wheeler's Expedition—Heavy Snows in the Mountains.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Oct. 28.—The *Mining Journal* publishes late advices from the Wheeler expedition. Its rendezvous was at Tonqueville, Utah, last week, at which point the party would divide. Lieut. Wheeler, with a suitable escort, would go to the Colorado River and Northern Arizona, and the other parties would work toward Buckskin Mountains, South-eastern Nevada and the road toward Salt Lake City. The members of the expedition were in good health.

Heavy snows in the mountains have somewhat retarded mining operations, and an early and heavy Winter is apprehended.

CHICAGO.

The Lines Between the Liquor Law and Anti-Liquor Law Parties to be Distinctly Drawn.

CHICAGO, Oct. 29.—It is now settled that both friends and opponents of the Sunday Liquor law will put new candidates for the Legislature in the field. Where candidates, on either the Republican or Democratic tickets, do not pronounce in favor of the Sunday law, the Sunday party will present new names, the tickets to be supplied by the churches, and in this case the Personal Liberty League will do precisely opposite.

This issue claims public attention, and will largely affect the election in this State. Those best informed can give no idea of the probable political complexion of the Legislature.

An Afflicted Family.

From the Boston Globe, Oct. 29.

Dr. J. H. Boardman, a well-known and highly-esteemed physician, of Portsmouth, N. H., for nearly half a century, has recently been placed in the McLean Asylum, at Somerville, for treatment. The loss of two sons at sea, with recent severe sickness of both himself and wife, produced serious disorder of the brain.

THE HALL TRIAL.

Speeches Made by Defense and Prosecution.

Requests Submitted by Counsel to Influence the Judge's Charge—Acquittal or Conviction—The Case to be Summed Up Today.

The trial of Mayor Hall was resumed yesterday morning in the Court of Oyer and Terminer before Judge Brady. After Judge Brady formally opened the Court a further consultation took place between counsel, and finally it was determined to let the issue be decided in the usual manner.

Mayor Hall said: "Your Honor, since the adjournment of the Court I have been advised by my counsel and friends that with the exception of some documentary evidence it is unnecessary to give any testimony to the jury. I have been informed that the evidence of the prosecution is such as not to be entitled to legal weight, and, therefore, will go to the jury under the Judge's charge, after making some requests to charge.

Mr. Buckley then proposed, preparatory to submitting several requests, to read the record of an indictment found against Tweed, but it was objected to by Mr. Peckham and overruled by the Court. He then submitted the following requests to the Court to charge the jury:

1. That under the common law counts there can be no conviction, competent evidence not having been introduced of willful, fraudulent, or wicked breach or perversion of any duty imposed by law upon the Mayor.

2. That the indictment set forth no acts of the defendant which constituted under the common law any evidence, it not being the Mayor's duty at common law to audit County claims.

3. Under the counts charging offense under the statute, that competent evidence has not been produced of neglect to audit the Keyser, Davidson, and Garvey accounts, or any one of them; and that there can be no conviction on the counts founded under the statute, unless evidence is given to the jury which would authorize them to find the defendant's action the result of evil intent.

4. That the Mayor's duties, as a member of the Board of Audit, were of a judicial character, and that under this indictment he cannot be held responsible for the exercise of these duties, unless willful or corrupt action is shown beyond reasonable doubt.

5. That no evidence has been given authorizing the jury to find willful, corrupt, or wicked intent, as alleged in the indictment, in the action of the Mayor.

6. That the jury must reject all testimony relating to any acts or conversations of the defendant which are not directly connected with the acts charged in the indictment.

7. That the evidence does not connect the Mayor with any fraudulent making up of false accounts, or with any of the arrangements alleged to have existed between Garvey, Keyser, Davidson, or any one of them, and Watson and Woodward.

8. That wicked, corrupt or willful intent is not established by the resolution of the Board of Audit appointing a County Auditor.

9. That there was in law no delegation or surrender of any of the Mayor's duties as member of the Board of Audit by the passage of this resolution.

10. That under the authority vested in the Mayor by statute, it was competent for him to determine upon the nature, extent and efficacy of the evidence he would receive to enable him to certify or audit the claims that might be presented to him as a member of the Board of Audit.

11. That in requiring evidence that bills had been acted upon and approved by the Board of Supervisors, consisting of the certificate of the President and Clerk of the Board of Audit, he had evidence which he had a right to act upon, and that unless in receiving and acting upon such proof he knew or was informed that such certificate was false, and that such bills had not been so approved, he had a right to give such weight to such certificate as he thought fit.

12. That the evil intent or willfulness by which these acts of defendant set up in the indictment are to be judged must be such as existed and was fixed at the time the acts were done, and that no evidence can be considered by the jury of acts or declarations of the Mayor made subsequent to the consummation of the defendant's acts as member of the Commission of Audit, disconnected with the acts specified in the indictment.

13. That there is no allegation in the indictment of conspiracy or concert of action between the Mayor and his associates in the Commission of Audit, and that therefore the jury cannot consider any proposition to the effect that defendant is responsible for wrongful acts of such associates, even though the jury believe there is evidence of such wrongful acts.

14. That innocence is to be presumed on behalf of defendant, a public officer in discharge of his duty, and the prosecution have to overthrow such presumptions beyond all reasonable doubt.

15. That the burden of establishing knowledge of the fraudulent and fictitious character of the accounts devolves upon the people, and the duty of the jury is to acquit, unless satisfied beyond a reasonable doubt that the defendant had such knowledge.

16. That the jury must acquit if they find that the Mayor was not apprised of the fraudulent character of the claims.

17. That on the evidence, if the jury entertain any reasonable doubt, they must acquit.

18. That as the evidence shows that the claims purported to have been passed by the Board of Supervisors as valid and audited before reaching the Mayor, and that he had evidence that they were County claims, incurred prior to the Audit act, the jury must acquit, if they find he acted without evil intent or knowledge of the fraud.

19. That if the jury believe from the testimony of Garvey that he is guilty of moral turpitude or crime he stands legally impeached, and his whole testimony should be rejected by the jury.

20. That in considering the guilt or innocence of the defendant on any of the charges, the jury must exclude all evidence relative to the warrant for work done by Garvey on the reservoir in 1871, and the expressions relative thereto in that year testified to by Garvey.

21. That any act, conversation, or declaration of the defendant in reference to the alleged present of silver, or the warrant for the reservoir work to Garvey, are irrelevant, and must be disregarded by the jury.

22. That there can be no conviction under any of the statutory counts, because special provision has been made by the law creating the office of Mayor for the punishment of each and every official delinquency of the Mayor by impeachment, and that the charges in the indictment are proper subjects for impeachment.

Mr. Buckley then addressed the Court on the questions at law involved in the case, and stated the purport of the Misdemeanor act under which a conviction was sought to be obtained. He referred to the power exercised by the Controller over the actions of the Board of Supervisors, and, alluding to the resolution passed empowering the County Auditor to collect bills from the various Committees of the Board of Supervisors and to audit them, maintained that the Mayor had nothing to do with those bills, except in accordance with that resolution. It was conceded by the prosecution at the commencement of the trial that they would not attempt to prove that any money claimed to have been stolen got into the pockets of Mayor Hall, and asserted that nothing was proven to show knowledge on his part of the fraudulent characters of the bills. He claimed that persons in positions similar to that occupied by the Mayor, with the innumerable responsibilities attached to it, could not possibly attend personally to everything connected with the details of duty, and as no man was infallible, errors of judgment were inevitable. To avoid them would require functions of omnipotence, and nothing can be expected from human nature in a case of this kind except attention and ability, such as were evinced by Mayor Hall.

On the part of the prosecution Mr. Peckham said:

I will submit in the first place, following the example of the counsel for the defendant, requests on the part of the prosecution to the Court to charge in this case. We first request your Honor to charge that if the jury believe from the evidence that the defendant was Mayor of the City of New-York in April, 1870, and thereafter, and that he accepted the office, or charge committed to him, with the Controller and then President of the Board of Supervisors, that then the defendant was bound to give his personal attention to the duties thereof, and could not delegate them either to the County Auditor or to any other person. Second, that the functions imposed by section 4 of the tax levy of 1870 were judicial in their character—that to perform them, all the persons named must have met. That if the defendant willfully neglected so to meet and audit the liabilities against the county embraced in the indictment the offense charged would be complete. Third, that the auditing under the act required a personal examination of the accounts or claims presented, and required the personal judgment of the defendant upon evidence presented the auditors, and that the defendant willfully neglected to give such personal attention, and to form such personal judgment, it was a neglect of official duty, and he must be convicted. Fourth, that delegating such examination to another and acting on his report that he had audited the claim at a certain sum was not a performance of the duty imposed by the statute, and that the certifying of claims in order that they might be paid on such a report, and without other examination or investigation, would be a neglect of duty. Fifth, that to authorize a conviction on the first three counts, on any Keyser, Garvey, or Davidson item, it is not necessary that the prosecution should show the defendant to have acted corruptly or to have known that either or both of his co-auditors were acting corruptly. It is sufficient if the prosecution show a willful neglect to perform the duties required by the act. Sixth, that if the defendant intentionally neglected to perform the duties imposed by the act with reference to the items charged in the indictment, he must be convicted, notwithstanding he acted in the belief that he could delegate to others the duties imposed on him by the act; that ignorance of the law is no excuse. Seventh, that if the jury believe from the evidence that the defendant certified to the claims mentioned in the indictment without having honestly made up his mind that they were just and honest claims, and with a belief that such claims were unjust, extravagant, false, and fictitious, so that by means of such certificate the claims were paid, that then the defendant may be convicted on the fourth count on each item as to which the jury believe from the evidence the defendant so acted. Eighth—If the defendant certified that the bills were audited, and the bills were paid by means of such certificate, when, in fact, they were false and fraudulent, and had not been audited, this would be such misconduct in office as to constitute an indictable offense at common law.

Mr. Peckham addressed the Court, enlarging on the requests, and citing numerous authorities in their support. He maintained that the evidence showed that the Board of Audit had not met together, but had delegated their powers and duties to others, over whom they exercised no proper supervision. The Mayor had clearly neglected his duty to audit the accounts and certify to their correctness, and such, he maintained, was established by the trial.

Mr. Tremain will sum up for the prosecution this morning, and Mr. Stoughton will reply, so that it is probable the trial will terminate this afternoon.

THE CITY TAX.

The Days of Prepayment—Scenes in the Bill-Room and the Receiving Office.

The taxes levied by the City of New-York upon personal property and real estate for the coming fiscal year, become due on the first day of December next. To insure prompt payment the Receiver has been empowered by Municipal authority to receive taxes as early as the 21st day of October, and to allow to all who pay between that date and the 1st of November a bonus of seven per cent., to be computed from the date of payment until the 1st day of December. During the month of November, persons paying their taxes receive no bonus, but after the last day of that month one per cent. is added, and from the 15th of December until the last day of the year, two per cent. is the amount of the fine. From the 1st day of January, 1873, the Receiver charges twelve per cent. per annum interest, with the power of distraining on goods by the issuing of his own warrant after the 15th day of that month. After June the papers of recalcitrant citizens are turned over to the Bureau of Arrears.

The inducement held out for prompt payment of seven per cent. per annum discount is by no means so large as it seems. Yesterday, for example, the discount would only have been for thirty-two days; today for thirty-one days. The discount for taxes amounting to $1,000 yesterday would only have been $6 13. But, in spite of this, the anxiety to profit by the offer of the authorities is extremely great, and the Receiver's offices in the old brown-stone Court-house are crowded from early in the morning until closing up time. The offices consist of two—the ground floor, where the payers get their bills, and the first floor where they pay in the amounts and get the bills receipted. Business commences at 8 o'clock, but long before 7 o'clock there is a throng of men outside waiting to be admitted when the doors are opened. This occurs at 7½, and then they wait patiently until 8 o'clock when the clerks in the bill department are ready to attend to them. The room is large, but insufficient to meet the demands of a very great crowd. The desks occupy three sides; on the fourth is a winding iron stairway leading up to the Receiving Department. There are conspicuous placards placed around the desks, assigning them to the tax-payers of the different wards, and each clerk has before him the books of assessment. The applicant, man or woman, goes up, gives the name and address, and the specifications of the property on which taxes are to be paid, and receives a bill with the amount due written on it. The next move is up the spiral staircase, and here the great crush comes. For while the obtaining of bills is a simple operation for which many clerks are provided, and which, so to speak, rolls on wheels, the payment and the obtaining of the receipt are complex matters which consume much time. The genuine gallantry of the Americans has arranged some accommodation for the ladies, but it is really inadequate, and it is painful to go there toward middle of the day, when the crowd is at its height, and watch the unfortunates standing there in the long queue waiting their turn to be admitted into the little side room, which has been provided for the ladies, and which is provided with seats. The great room is densely crowded with two long lines, one of men extending far out into the hall, and meandering round the Grand Jury Rooms, the other composed of ladies, winds round the head of the circular stairway, and then gets all in a heap in the other end of the room, which is occupied by the Commissioner of Taxation. The physiognomy of the members of either line is worth studying. Among the males, for example, is a boy not more than fourteen, evidently sent by his father. It is now noon, and he has been here ever since 8 o'clock this morning, but having been seduced out by some of his comrades to play at tag, he has lost his place in the line, and has had to commence again. This time he is determined to persevere, being perfectly conscious that if he gets home without a receipt he will receive from his father a thrashing. He is an object of the sincerest pity to all the ladies present, for he has the fidgets in every limb, and is evidently undergoing agonies of restlessness. The man next to him is a pleasant-faced individual. Ever since he got into the line he has been talking incessantly to everbody—to the Cerberus of an official who prevents any cheating along the line by impatient individuals, to the good-looking policeman, who walks up and down, a model of neatness and of patience to the people in front of him. He has shown to everybody his taxes, and has commented upon the wonderful fact that he has to pay precisely the same tax on some property in one Ward which is only worth half as much as his property in the other Ward. The man next to him evidently regards him with great contempt. He has not spoken to a soul except the clerk who gave him his paper, and this he has folded so that no chance eye should catch sight of the sum. There are incautious individuals who carry their money in their hands ready to hand over to the cashier, Mr. Van Buren, but he is not one of them. His coat is buttoned closely up to his throat, and there is not even a sign of anything bulging in his inner coat-pocket. One may be sure that he has his money in a check, inclosed in an envelope, and that as soon as he has handed it in, he will hasten off. There is a man in the immediate neighborhood of the receiver's desk. He has come for the first time to pay his tax, and he understood that a full discount of seven per cent. would be made from the amount. He has been undeceived by a neighbor, and the most sombre discontent is depicted on his features. He is evidently an Irishman—a good, honest, temperate citizen, forward with the world and with a fine future before him. But all these things are nothing to his disappointed soul, and he has evidently formed the idea that he has lost or been cheated out of quite a large amount. The ladies are miserable, but patient. They lean, with an air of resignation and martyrdom, against the balustrade of the stairway and against the desks. They are of all classes, apparently, and all nations. Some are quite good-looking, young wives, evidently, who have been told of the City's beneficence by their husbands, and have been promised the money if they will go and pay it. In an evil hour they have determined to earn the money, and are now suffering untold agonies about what Bridget will do without them, and wishing a thousand times that they had never attempted it. The saving that seemed so large in the comfortable parlor becomes despicably small after three hours of waiting and standing. Some ladies are evidently widows with a little property, and the saving to them is of real importance. Of these widows some are round-faced, rosy, and jolly, and do not seem much the worse for the ordeal; others are pale-faced creatures, who look as if they have wept their lives away, and are indifferent where they go or what they do. Old ladies, very old creatures, come here sometimes, having fits of distrust against everybody. Yesterday there was a lady of more than eighty, who owned property on Sixth-avenue, and would not trust any one save herself. The Tax Receiver took her papers and her money, paid it himself and handed the receipt. "Now, old lady," said he, "let me give you my arm and take you down-stairs out of this place, which has no accommodations for people so helpless as you." He took her down-stairs, and she commenced to toddle off, but before she had gone five steps she fainted from exhaustion. She was carried into the little hospital close at hand, and revived with stimulants. A carriage was then called, much against her will, and she went home in triumph.

After 2 o'clock no one is allowed to join the lines, and the Cerberus of the place stations himself at the end and drives off all the unfortunates. It is laughable to listen to the excuses the men make, and their pleadings to induce the official to allow them to join the queue. They all have come from a distance and were detained down stairs by the clerks, or had a sudden dizziness. But he is deaf to all of them, as he would most assuredly be dismissed if he was not. For even as it is the clerks are detained till 3 and 4 o'clock in the morning, and if the rule were not most stringently maintained their work would never cease. But the ladies who come late are not amenable to this reasoning. Some blame the man for not permitting them to join the crowd of waiters, others bewail their unhappy destinies, and not a few burst into tears, to the great dismay of the gentlemen near them. The ladies all join, then, in a chorus: "Poor thing; I do think that officer might admit her," and some call him a brute and other epithets dear to the female tongue, but he knows his duty and is as unmoved as the depths of the ocean. It is unnecessary to speak of the scorn with which he regards their feeble attempts to bribe him with fifty cents, and occasionally with quarters. But he is a much-enduring man and foregoes the opportunity for indignant eloquence, contenting himself by curtly refusing; then the unfortunates have to renew their task on the morrow.

The Scott Monument.

The unvailing of the monument erected to Sir Walter Scott, in Central Park, on the Mall, near Shakespeare's statue, will take place, rain or shine, on Saturday next, at 2 o'clock. If the weather be favorable, the ceremony will commence with music by Dodworth's Band. Shortly before 3, the Seventy-ninth Highland Regiment, and those members of the Caledonian clubs of New-York and its vicinity who are in the Highland garb, will march from the Casino to the monument, followed by the Executive Committee, the Park Commissioners, and William Cullen Bryant, Esq. On their arrival, Mr. Richard Irvin, Chairman of the Monument Executive Committee, will make an address, and formally deliver the monument to the Park Commissioners. While it is being unvailed the Scotch pipers are to play appropriate airs, and then Mr. A. H. Green will receive it on behalf of the Commissioners. The orator of the day, Mr. Bryant, will then speak, and "Hail Columbia," and "God Save the Queen," by the united bands will be the finale. In case of stormy weather, there will be a slight change in this programme. In the evening, at 6 o'clock, a Scott monument dinner will be given at Delmonico's.

GOULD AND GLENCAIRN.

Testimony Against Lord Gordon—An Edinburgh Witness—Heavy Purchases of Jewelry.

The litigation between Jay Gould and Gordon Gordon was revived yesterday, in Supreme Court, Chambers, before Judge Fancher, by taking the testimony *de bene esse* of Mr. Thomas Smith, of the firm of Marshall & Co., Jewelers, of Edinburgh, Scotland. Witness stated that, during the year 1869, a person whom he identifies as Gordon Gordon, was introduced to his firm by a clergyman named Simpson, of Glenisla, Forfarshire, Scotland, as Lord Glencairn, a land-owner of great wealth; that Glencairn then opened an account with the jewelers, and by January, 1870, had run up a bill of over £300; during the accumulation of this bill he represented to the firm that he was possessed of immense wealth, owning estates in Scotland, England, and Ireland, in Ayrshire and Northamptonshire; that his solicitor, Mr. Howard Patterson, of No. 57 Lincoln's Inn, London, attended to all his business; subsequently it turned out that "Lord" Glencairn sought to make purchases of a Mr. Keller, a diamond-dealer in London, at the same time representing that he had been dealing for years with the firm of witness in Edinburgh; Keller wrote to the firm to make the ordinary business inquiries, which excited the suspicions of the latter, as instead of having dealt with them years, Glencairn had not been dealing months; witness therefore went to London by the next train, called at the chambers of Mr. Patterson, the solicitor referred to, from whom he learned that Glencairn was worth £100,000, and recommended the witness not to displease him, as he would be a good customer; finally Patterson said such articles as were on hand, Lord Glencairn would return and give a check for the balance, but if witness would accept it he (Patterson) would give his guarranty that the amount would be paid by the 25th of March, 1870; this was accepted, but payment was not made; about the same time a clerk from Patterson came to the store of witness at Edinburgh, saying he was sent to inquire if "Lord" Glencairn had been there, that he had left London, saying he was going to Scotland for a few days, but had not returned; witness went immediately to London, and found Patterson frantic, who said Glencairn had "got into him" to the extent of £5,000, £800 of which he had got the previous day; Patterson said he had ruined him, and at the same time offered to return some of the goods which Glencairn had presented to his family if he would be released from his guarantee; this was accepted, leaving a balance due on the account amounting to £131. The witness further testified that in Edinburgh and London, as far as he had ascertained, Glencairn had got property and money to the amount of £10,000; that he had referred to the Duke of Hamilton and Marquis of Hastings as being nearly allied to him, but those parties, on inquiry, denounced him as an impostor; Glencairn was known in Scotland, in 1868, as Hubert Hamilton; he has never been in England, Scotland or Ireland since he fled from London in March, 1870.

Among the parties named by the witness as having been swindled by Lord Glencairn, alias Gordon Gordon, in addition to his own firm, were Cruikshank & Son, Remene & Patteson, and McCrea & Shand, of Edinburgh; Howard Patterson, Mr. Keller, and Gand & Peake, of London.

The further examination was adjourned until today.

OUTRAGE BY A POLICEMAN.

A Tow-Boat Captain Fatally Beaten Without Cause by Officer Sullivan—The Policeman Stripped of His Uniform.

Patrolman Denis Sullivan, of the First Precinct Police, has been placed under arrest by Capt. Van Dusen, his commanding officer, charged with having, without due cause, clubbed and beaten Patrick Devine, of No. 66 Degraw-street, Brooklyn, to such an extent as to endanger his life. Devine is the Captain of a tug lying at one of the East River piers, and at about 11½ o'clock on last Saturday night, while he was passing through Coenties-slip, making for the ferry, en route to his home, he was accosted by Patrolman Sullivan, who was on duty along the slip. Without the least cause or provocation, it is alleged that the officer made a savage assault upon Devine, knocking him down with his club, and while his victim was lying prostrate on the ground, beat and kicked him about the head and face until he became insensible. The officer then walked away, leaving his victim lying insensible in the gutter. Some time after Devine was found there unconscious by some passers by, who removed him to the Eastern Hotel. Dr. McEwen was summoned to attend him, and on making an examination found the patient to be suffering from a fracture of the base of the skull. His left jaw was also fractured, and his face and head were completely covered with bruises and contusions. After being restored to consciousness, Devine was taken to his home. Sullivan made no report of the conflict to the Captain, and nothing was known about the affair at the station house until Monday afternoon, when Dr. McEwen, fearing that his patient would die, called on Capt. Van Dusen and related the story of the assault as narrated to him by him by Capt. Devine. Sullivan was at once ordered under arrest, and Capt. Van Dusen with Police Surgeon Hutchinson went to the residence of the injured man to verify the information he had received. Devine, who was very weak, informed Capt. Van Dusen that the assault was entirely unprovoked and wholly unexpected by him, that scarcely a word passed between them when the officer struck him on the head with his club and felled him to the pavement, and then beat him until he lost consciousness. Capt. Van Dusen was so convinced of the truth of the wounded man's story that when he returned to the station-house he took Sullivan's shield from him, stripped off his uniform, and ordered him to be locked up in a cell. Yesterday morning he was arraigned before Justice Dowling, at the Tombs, and remanded to await the result of the injuries. Sullivan is thirty years of age, and was appointed on the force on June 22, 1870.

The Board of Missions—The Labors of the P. E. Church During the Past Year.

The Board of Missions of the Protestant Episcopal Church reassembled yesterday, at the Church of the Holy Savior. Bishop McCoskrey presided. The reports of the missionary Bishops of Dakota, Colorado, China and Japan, Montana, Oregon, Nevada and Arkansas were presented and referred for consideration. Special reports on a plan to increase contributions to the Board, on Diocesan organizations, on the title of Church property, and of a Committee to confer with the American Church Missionary Society, were also received and discussed.

The Bishop of Pittsburg presented a resolution on prayer for foreign missionaries. It was adopted.

Dr. A. J. Twing announced that a missionary meeting, for the benefit of the Indian Mission, would be held on Thursday evening, and after the transaction of some further miscellaneous business the meeting adjourned.

At the evening session the annual reports of the Domestic, Foreign and Colored Missions' Committees were discussed. The receipts of the Domestic Committee amounted to $168,252 67, and the disbursements to $158,821 41. The expenditure of the Foreign Committee amounted to $115,270 62, and its receipts only to $110,732 81, thus leaving a balance due to the treasury of $4,537 81. On adjournment a reception and reunion of the members of the Board took place at the residence of Dr. Haight, in West Twenty-sixth-street.

The House of Bishops will convene on Thursday evening in secret session, for the election of a Bishop for Africa.

Payments by the Controller.

Controller Green yesterday made the following payments: Department of Police—For pay of the force, and expenses of Department for October, $230,000. Laborers—Repairing cobble and stone block pavements to Oct. 15, $12,634 12; small pipes, to Oct. 15, $2,326 48; laying thirty-six inch Croton mains, Mott and Canal streets, to Oct. 15, $6,497 73. The balance of rolls of small-pipe men will be paid to-morrow, to King's Bridge.

Department of Public Works—Additional Contracts Awarded.

Commissioner Van Nort, of the Department of Public Works, reports that the following additional awards of contracts for public works have been made, proposals for which were opened on the 23d and 24th inst.: Building sewers in Eleventh-avenue, between Fifty-second and Fifty-fourth streets, to M. H. Grossmeyer, for $2,955 50; building sewer in Fifty-fifth-street, between Avenue A and First-avenue, to M. H. Grossmeyer, for $3,437; regulating, grading, &c., One Hundred and Twenty-seventh-street, from Sixth to Eighth-avenue, to John B. Nichol, for $7,804 77; regulating, grading, &c., One Hundred and Twenty-eighth-street, from Sixth to Eighth-avenue, to John B. Nichol, for $7,641 57.

Sudden Ending of a Misspent Life.

Coroner Young held an inquest yesterday in the case of Nellie Hearn, aged nineteen, of No. 53 West Thirteenth-street, whose sudden death on Monday night resulted from an overdose of morphine, taken by her to allay pain. The deceased was the daughter of very respectable parents residing in Boston. She was beautiful and accomplished, and was the idol of her parents and friends. She became the victim of intemperance, and being threatened with delirium tremens, she took small doses of morphine to quiet her nerves, and also to allay the pain from neuralgia, from which she frequently suffered. On Monday night, while in a paroxysm of delirium, she took a dose of morphine much larger than she was in the habit of taking. Soon after she relapsed into unconsciousness, and died in a few hours. A verdict of accidental poisoning was rendered.

A COWARDLY OUTRAGE.

Brutal Hanging of a Negro, Merely Suspected of Incendiarism, by a Band of Armed Ruffians in Kentucky.

From the Bath County (Ky.) News, Oct. 25.

On Sunday morning, about 2 o'clock, some twenty-five armed men on horseback entered Owingsville from the west, and proceeded at once to the jail, where a negro named Sam. Bascom was confined on a charge of house-burning. His bail had been fixed at $1,000 by the examining Court, and failing to give it he was committed to the custody of the jailer, Mr. C. H. Hoon, on Friday. The jail was forcibly entered from the rear by means of a crow-bar, and a hole two feet square made in the brick wall, which opened directly into the passage leading to the negro's cell, near ten feet from the outer wall. Three-quarters of an hour were consumed in getting the negro out of his iron cell. He was then taken a half mile out of town into Dr. Maury's pasture, where he was hung to an elm-tree, standing seventy-five yards from the public road and 250 yards from the residences of Messrs. B. D. Lacy, James P. Ficklin and Travis Leach, respectively. Here he was found afterward, hanging dead and stiff, his hands tied behind him and his feet almost flat on the ground. On his back was pinned a sheet of foolscap paper, on which the following words were written in pencil:

> "LOOK OUT.
>
> Penalty of house burners and horse-thieves. He who moves this body before 10 o'clock will meet the same fate.
>
> K. K. K."

The appalling spectacle was witnessed by nearly all the citizens of the town, old and young, after daylight; and the body remained hanging till Justice E. V. Brother, acting as coroner, assembled his jury, and took it down about 10 o'clock Sunday morning. A portion of the party came back through town and went out the Mount Sterling pike, while the balance must have gone in the direction of State Furnace or Slaty Point.

But few of our citizens were aroused by the noise at the jail, and those who saw the men taking the negro from his cell failed to recognize any of them, or even their horses, though none of them were disguised. The moon was shining almost as bright as daylight, but most of the party were muffled up with overcoats or some kind of wrapping, which made it difficult to distinguish their features. While at the jail Will Johnson, who remained in town intoxicated since the evening before, went up to them, and, failing to halt, was fired on by several of the party, after which he fled to a safe distance, where he stayed till morning.

When the negro was taken out he made many piteous cries for mercy, and protested his innocence in such pleading tones as to cause the stoutest heart to tremble. It is the first instance of the sort that has ever occurred in Bath County, and it has fixed a foul blot upon the fair reputation of our people. The negro's guilt was not beyond doubt, by any means. He proved, by negro testimony, an alibi, and the evidence against him was wholly circumstantial, and rather flimsy at that, barely sufficient to have authorized a jury in finding a verdict of guilty. The furniture-rooms of Mr. Hoon, the jailer, were set on fire, or caught fire accidentally, on Friday night, the 11th inst., and by some unaccountable means the fire went out after burning a small hole in the floor. Tracks of a crooked boot were found close by, and, on comparison, seemingly corresponded with tracks of a boot worn by Sam Bascom. No particular excitement prevailed in town over it during or after his trial in the examination Court; and the community had settled down in the belief that his bail was so high he could not give it, having no property, and he would be indicted and tried regularly in the Circuit Court, and, if found guilty, would be sentenced to the Penitentiary as the law directs. There was no pretense that he would escape or be aided out of jail by friends, the jailer himself being the prosecuting witness. A more unnecessary, inexcusable act of violence has never been committed in a civilized community.

THE COACHMAN AND HIS BRIDE.

The Lyndon and Lyndon Case in Chicago Comes Before a Judge—It is Settled for the Time Being.

From the Chicago Post, Oct. 25.

The great Lyndon against Lyndon divorce suit has been, for the present, terminated by the decision of Judge Gary, in the Superior Court, (Chancery,) yesterday afternoon. The romantic coachman, the aggrieved father and the attorneys on either side put in an appearance, and the affidavits of both parties, the substance of which has been already published, were duly read. The main point in Lyndon's affidavit was that he asserted repeated cohabitation with his wife, which assertion the father of Mrs. Lyndon, Col. Hancock, as vehemently denied. He also denied that his daughter cherished any wifely affection for Thomas Lyndon. An affidavit of one John F. Stafford set forth that Lyndon repeatedly told him (Stafford) that he would make money out of the transaction. Mr. Trude, for Lyndon, made an eloquent speech, in which he harrowed up the entire case. Mr. Dent, for Mrs. Lyndon, or her father, pitched into the defendant and his attorney. The Court heard both sides calmly, and then, interrupting himself now and then by a question, delivered his decision on the whole thing as follows:

"This case, the Court thinks, is not subject to the ordinary rules of Court. It is a matter of considerable public interest, and widely differs from ordinary cases in which parties may confess judgment, or enter decree, by consent, or neglect their rights, and nobody be injured but themselves. But in a case of divorce, if the Court shall become satisfied that a decree is likely to be obtained upon a partial view of the case, and not a complete knowledge of all the facts, the Court of itself ought to interfere and get all the facts before it. Now the only hesitation that I have about entering this default at all is this: If it were an ordinary litigation, merely concerning property, then the defendant has not presented any excuse which would warrant the Court in not entering default; but he says that he has called upon Mr. Wells to defend the suit, but then he does not say that he paid him anything, and here is a letter written over his own hand, and not denied in any affidavit, from which it appears that Wells was not his attorney to resist the divorce at all. Beyond that, another ground upon which a divorce is sought is that the defendant knowingly and corruptly made a false affidavit when procuring a license, swearing that the lady's age was eighteen, when it was much less, and he knew it. That charge is not set aside by the affidavit; he does not state that he believed her to be eighteen, and he does not deny that he made an affidavit on the license being issued. So that if it was an ordinary litigation about property, there would be no excuse for his neglect and no ground for the entering of the default.

But in divorce cases it is different. Public policy regards divorces as a necessary evil, only to be granted where a cause for it actually exists, and not where parties agree the cause exists when it don't, and thus, either by express or implied agreement, they cannot, by any arrangement, however it is carried out, procure a divorce unless the facts upon which it should be granted actually exist. Then, the only doubt I have whether the defendant in this case should be allowed to come in and present his whole story before me is whether there is any sort of a cause shown by the complainant for divorce, because if she has not shown one, then it is quite unnecessary that the defendant should come in and resist it. If she has no case, then there is no reason why the default should be entered, and it is for the defendant to consider whether I shall refuse the application for the default upon the grounds that this motion is unnecesary, as the complainant has no case, and dismiss the bill without any resistance on the part of the defendant, or whether the complainant will have the default entered for further examination of the case.

The counsel for the complainant are well aware of the views I entertain about the causes of divorce; that however much the statute may be violated, in procuring the marriage license, in marrying without license, or with bands, yet the marriage is not void, there being no words in the statute declaring that it shall be void; and if, under any circumstances, the complainant has been proved to be entitled to a divorce, the Court ought, on grounds of public policy, whatever may have been the negligence of the defendant, to see that all the real facts of the case are brought before it, and no divorce granted on a partial view of the facts.

I will take either course which the complainant's counsel prefer; either dismiss the bill here without entering default, and you may go to the Supreme Court, or I will enter the default and let the defendant answer, provided that he is ready to answer immediately—say to-morrow."

Mr. Dent, having heard the decision, said, on behalf of the complainant or complainants: "We will take a dismissal of the bill, and appeal to the Supreme Court." This disposes of the case for at least one year, as the Supreme Court can take no action until the September term of 1873.

Rapid Transit and Fourth-avenue Improvement.

The Harlem Railroad Company have awarded the contract for sinking the tracks, building bridges, and the viaduct portions of the Harlem Railroad, between Seventy-ninth-street and the Harlem River, to Messrs. Dillon, Clyde & Co. The section of improvement between Seventy-ninth and Fifty-seventh streets the engineers are preparing to let out, and almost ready to receive proposals for the section between Fifty-seventh and Forty-ninth streets, while work on the section between Forty-ninth and Forty-second streets has been commenced and is being rapidly pushed forward. The alterations of the sewers, gas-pipes, water-pipes, and house connections from Fifty-ninth-street to the Broadway side of City Hall Park will be made by Messrs. Fairchild & Ward, to whom the contract has been awarded, and who will commence their work forthwith.

COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, Oct. 29, 1872.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been as follows:

Ashes, pkgs.	44	Resin, bbls.	2,022
Bees-wax, pkgs.	4	Spirits Turp., bbls.	463
Cotton, bales	4,315	Tar, bbls.	75
Copper, bbls.	30	Oil, Lard, bbls.	95
Dried Fruit, pkgs.	12	Beef, pkgs.	48
Eggs, bbls.	682	Pork, pkgs.	80
Flour, bbls.	19,[illegible]66	Lard, pkgs.	1,754
Meal, bbls.	175	Lard, kegs	75
Meal, bags	525	Cut-meats, pkgs.	537
Wheat, bushels	138,447	Butter, pkgs.	4,717
Corn, bushels	86,379	Cheese, pkgs.	8,479
Oats, bushels	34,477	Tallow, pkgs.	69
Malt, bushels	2,000	Grease, pkgs.	45
Barley, bushels	32,192	Skins, bdls.	116
Peas, bushels	839	Starch, pkgs.	2,455
Beans, bbls.	13	Spelter, pieces	272
Flaxseed, bags	127	Rice, pkgs.	137
Hops, bales	434	Tobacco, hhds.	12
Hides, No.	970	Tobacco, pkgs.	83
Hides, bdls.	1,164	Wool, bales	275
Hemp, bales	72	Whisky, bbls	824
Leather, sides	18,447	Silver Ore, sacks	448

The export clearances hence, as reported at the Merchants' Exchange, Pine-street, were as follows:

By the bark Granen, for Queenstown and orders—28,287 bushels Corn.

By the bark Hanoen, for Antwerp—2,863 bbls. Crude Petroleum.

By the brig Saulle, for Gloucester—19,974 bushels Corn.

By the bark Hope, for Queenstown and orders—30,411 bushels Wheat.

And from Philadelphia, for Antwerp, by the ship British America—309,112 gallons Refined Petroleum. ....For Antwerp, by the bark Delta, 160,130 gallons Refined do.

COCOA—Has been quoted steady but inactive, Maracaibo ruling at 3½c.; Caracas, 16c.@17c.; Guayaquil, 13c.; San Domingo: 7¾c., gold, ₩ lb.

COFFEE—Rio has been quite firm, on a meagre offering of really desirable stock, and a good demand for distribution. Sales have been made since our last of 3,000 bags, by the May Queen at Baltimore, at about 17½c., gold; and (reported) 3,500 bags, by the Jane Goodyear, to arrive at New-Orleans, on private terms. The scarcity of suitable grades in the local market and the extreme views of holders checked dealings. There has been a considerable movement reported in Porto Rico, embracing sales of 3,884 bags by the Charles A. Hoard, 2,383 bags by the Sarah Crowell and 110 bags by the Tybee at firm prices, the current quotations for such invoices having been within the range of 16c.@16½c., gold. Maracaibo has been purchased to the extent of 1,157 bags by the Freya at full market rates. Other kinds quiet. Quotations as in our last. The jobbing trade was reported quite active, with values well maintained, sellers having had any existing advantage.

COTTON—A moderate business has been reported for early delivery at an advance of ⅛c. ₩ lb., closing steadily. Sales, 2,124 bales, (of which 837 bales were to arrive,) including 1,554 bales to shippers, 536 bales to spinners, and 34 bales to speculators. For forward delivery a fair demand prevailed, but at rather steadier rates on other than April and May contracts. Sales, 18,000 bales, (1,800 bales last evening, and 16,200 bales today,) basis Low Middling, with October contracts closing at 19 11-16c.; November, 18⅞c.; December, 18⅞c.; January, 19c.; February, 19⅜c.; March, 19 15-16c.; April, 20⅛c.; May, 20⅜c. The averages of yesterday's forward deliveries, as officially reported on the bulletin, were as follows, viz.: October, 19.70c.; November, 18.80c.; December, 18.69c.; January, 18.98c.; February, 19.41c.; March, 19.92c.; April, 20.40c. The receipts at this port today were 4,315 bales, including 1,897 bales from Charleston, 1,251 bales from Galveston, 141 bales from Baltimore, 13 bales from Georgetown, 1,023 bales per rail. The reported receipts at the shipping ports today were 24,332 bales, and thus far this week 61,098 bales, against 57,898 bales same time the preceding week, and since September 588,611 bales, against 416,387 bales same time last year. The following quotations are based on Cotton running in quality not more than half a grade above or below the grade quoted:

Closing Prices of Cotton in New-York Today.

	Uplands.	Alabama.	N.Orleans.	Texas.
Ordinary	16¾	16⅞	17⅛	17⅛
Good Ordinary	19⅛	19¼	19½	19½
Low Middling	19⅝	19¾	20	20⅛
Middling	19⅞	20⅛	20½	20⅝
Good Middling	20⅞	21⅛	21⅝	21⅝

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been in fair supply and quoted a shade cheaper. The demand has been somewhat brisker at the modified figures, partly for export. Sales have been reported of 8,300 bbls., including very inferior to fancy Superfine State and Western at $5 50@$6 25, chiefly at $5 85@$6 15; inferior to good Extra State, $6 70@$7 15, chiefly at $6 80@$7; good to extra choice do. at $7 15@$7 75; poor to good shipping Extra Western at $6 70@$7 10; poor to good shipping brands round-hoop Ohio at $6 85@$7 25, ₩ bbl.; and trade and family Extras at proportionate rates. Included in the sales were 500 bbls. ordinary Extra State, for export, at $6 80 ₩ bbl. Southern Flour has been in rather limited supply, but very dull and heavy, with sales confined to 575 bbls. at from $5 85@$8 for very inferior to very good, and $8@$12 50 for very good to very choice Extra, ₩ bbl. Rye Flour has been in meagre stock and wanted at from $3 75@$5 75 for inferior to fancy ₩ bbl.; sales, 200 bbls., chiefly at $5 20@$5 50. Corn-meal has been moderately inquired for at from $3 20@$3 50 for Yellow Western, and $3 80@$3 90 for Brandywine; the reported sales were 300 bbls., in lots. Buckwheat Flour has been in rather limited request, within the range of from $3 75@$4 25 for State, and $4 25@$4 45 for Pennsylvania ₩ 100 lbs. as the extremes.

FRUIT—A moderately active business has been reported in the leading kinds, with a further yielding in values in the instance of Layer Raisins, which have been offered more freely. Sales have been reported since our last of 5,000 boxes Layer Raisins at $2 30@$2 35, closing at $2 30; small lots of loose Muscatel do. at $2 75@$2 80; 1,000 bbls. Currants on private terms, quoted at 7¾c.@8c.; 500 bags Tarragona Almonds on private terms, quoted at 9½c.; 20 bales Languedoc do. on private terms, quoted at 21c.; 310 cases Figs at 14c.@17c.; 800 bags Brazil Nuts, part at 10c.; and small lots of Turkey Prunes at 9c. We quote: New Layer Raisins at $2 30 ₩ box; New Valencia Raisins, 9¾c.@10c.; New Crop Currants, 7¾c.@8c.; Almonds, 15½c.@20c.; New Figs, 14c.@17c. ₩ lb.; Canton Ginger, $8@$8 50 ₩ case.

GRAIN—Spring Wheat has been rather more sought after, mostly for shipment, and though opening heavily the later dealings indicated more firmness, particularly for desirable grades, which holders have been less eager to place. Winter Wheat has been dull and somewhat nominal, though quoted about steady. Sales have been reported since our last of 96,500 bushels at $1 61 for strictly prime No. 1 Milwaukee Spring; $1 52@$1 52½ for prime No. 2 North-western Spring; $1 47@$1 48½ for ordinary to good No. 2 Chicago do., chiefly at $1 48 for fair samples; $1 36@$1 38 for ordinary to fair No. 3 Spring; $1 60@$1 65 for Red Western; $1 65@$1 72½ (nominally) for Amber do.; $2 for choice Amber Michigan....Corn has been in rather better request, and quoted somewhat stronger in price. The demand has been mainly for export. The trade inquiry has been moderate. Sales have been reported since our last of 157,000 bushels at 64c.@64½c., chiefly at 64c. for sailing-vessel grades of Mixed Western, afloat; 65c. for choice do., from store, (part of a load;) 64½c. for High Mixed do.; 62½c.@63½c. for steamer grades new Mixed Western, afloat; 65c.@66c. for Yellow Western; 68c.@69c. for White Western, delivered. Some demand for stock for forward delivery was noted, but the bids were much under the views of sellers, and no important dealings were reported....Rye has been quiet, on the basis of 81c. for old Western, in store, at which the last sale was made. Old State quoted at 88c.@90c....Barley has been in demand, and held with more confidence. Sales have been reported of 9,500 bushels prime Canada West at $1 19; 9,000 bushels fair ordinary Western at 90c....Barley-malt has been in light request within the previous range....New Oats have been quite moderately sought after within the range of yesterday's figures, with the main call for stock from cars. Full boat-loads of new Mixed Western were held at 45c., but this price was fully 2c. a bushel above the views of purchasers, and no business of moment was reported in this line. Old stock was in some request at about steady rates. Sales have been reported since our last of 47,500 bushels at 41c.@45c. for ordinary to prime new Mixed Western, chiefly at 43c. for fair do.; 40c.@42½c. for ordinary to good Black and Dark Mixed; 44c.@48c. for White Western; and 47c. for prime old Mixed Western, in store.

GUNNY CLOTH—Has been in rather better request and quoted firmer; 100 bales at 11½c.

HEMP—Of Manila, 2,000 bales sold at 11c., gold; market steady, but quiet.

METALS—Copper has been quoted steady, but has been inactive; sales, 50,000 lbs. Ingot at 32c. cash.... Scotch Pig-iron has been more freely purchased at steadier prices, with sales reported, since our last, of 120 tons Glengarnock at $53@$54; 50 tons Gartsherrie at $54; 150 tons Carnbro on private terms; and 700 tons Monklin at $51@$52 here, and $48 at Philadelphia. Of American Pig, 200 tons No. 2 Crane sold at at $53; market firm. Wrought Scrap-iron has been active and quoted at $45; sales, 2,000 tons No. 1 (Philadelphia) on private terms. Of Russian Sheet-iron 200 pks. sold on private terms. Iron Rails have been quiet, but held with confidence on the basis of $73, gold, for English, and $85@$87 50, currency, for American....Lead and Spelter inactive at former figures. ....Pig-tin dull and heavy; sales, 5 tons English at 32½c., gold, with Straits quoted at 32½c.@33c., gold. Tin Plates have been in light demand at yielding prices; sales, 200 boxes assorted Charcoal at $12 37½, gold; 2,000 boxes Charcoal Terne on private terms.... Of Sheet Zinc 25 casks Musselman sold at 8¾c., gold.

MOLASSES—The dealings at private trade today were unimportant and quotations remained nominally as before. At auction, sales were made of 25 bbls. new crop New-Orleans at 90c.; 100 bbls. old crop do. at 41c.@65c., and 20 hhds. Porto Rico at 41c.@54c. ₩ gallon. We quote: New Crop Porto Rico at 28c.@55c.; Cuba, 18c.@30c.; English Islands, 28c.@38c., and New-Orleans, 40c.@90c. for old and new, ₩ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Resin has been dull and weak; Strained closing heavily at $4 30; sales, 250 bbls. Pale at $5 25 ₩ 280 lbs....Of Wilmington Tar, 25 bbls. sold at $4 37½c. ₩ bbl....Spirits Turpentine quiet and heavy, closing at 62c.@62½c.; sales, 150 bbls., in lots, at 62½c.@63c. ₩ gallon.

OILS—Crude Whale has been inactive at about former rates; sales, 230 bbls. Northern and 600 bbls. Humpback, and at New-Bedford, 228 bbls. South Sea, for manufacturing, on private terms. Crude Sperm has been lightly dealt in at essentially unaltered prices; sales, 760 bbls. on private terms; Manufactured Whale and Sperm have been quoted steady, but has been without activity. Linseed dull at old figures. Of Lard-oil, 4,000 gallons Weather sold at 67c. Other kinds inactive at about previous quotations. We quote: Crude Whale at 62c.@72c.; Bleached Whale at 74c.@75c.; Crude Sperm at $1 37½ @$1 40; Unbleached Sperm at $1 52½@$1 55: Bleached at $1 57½@$1 60; Lard-oil at 75c.@90c.; Red Oil, 48c.; Saponified, 50c.@51c.; Linseed-oil, 80c.@81c., in casks; Olive-oil at $1 20@$1 30, in casks; Menhaden at 46c.@50c., as extremes; Crude Cotton-seed Oil, 45c.@48c.; Yellow, 53c.@54c.; White, 60c.@68c. ₩ gallon; Palm-oil, 8½c.

OIL-CAKE—Sales have been reported of 100 tons City, from English Island Seed, at $37, gold, and 50 tons Western at $38 50, currency. Market firm.

PETROLEUM—Crude, in bulk, very dull at 14¾c.; sales, 200 bbls....Refined quiet, with 26¾c.@27c. given as the regular quotations for early deliveries; 2,000 bbls. November and 1,000 bbls. December (old contracts) changed hands at 26¾c. At Philadelphia, market dull at 26¾c....Refined, in cases, held firmly, but inactive....Naphtha dull, but steady.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been less active, but quoted firm. The offerings have been on a limited scale. Sales have been reported of 610 bbls., in lots, at $15 37½@$15 95 for new Western Mess, chiefly at $15 87½@$15 90; $15 25 for old Western Mess; $15 for Prime Mess, and $12 for Extra Prime; and for forward delivery sales were reported of 1,500 bbls. Western Mess, seller November, at $15 30@$15 35....City-dressed Hogs and Pigs have been in quite moderate request and quoted heavy at 6¼c.@7¼c., as the extremes. Cut-meats have been quiet and rather weak, with Dry-salted and Pickled Hams ranging from 12c.@14½c.; Shoulders at 5¾c.@6¼c.; and Bellies at 7¼c.@8¾c.; Smoked Hams at 15c.@15½c.; Smoked Shoulders at 7¾c.@8¼c. ₩ lb.; sales equal to 150 pkgs. Also 1,200 Smoked Hams, in bulk, at 15c.@16½c., chiefly at 16c.; 1,600 Smoked Shoulders, in bulk, at 8c.@8¼c.; 1,850 Picked Hams, in bulk, at 13½c.@14c.; 11,000 lbs. Bellies, in bulk, at 8½c.; 275 boxes Dry-salted Hams, January and February, on private terms; 50 boxes Dry-salted Shoulders, December delivery, at 6c., and 50 boxes Short Cut Hams, same delivery, at 9½c....Bacon has been moderately active, but at rather easier and irregular prices, with sales reported of 310 boxes Long Clear, in lots, at 8¼c.; 800 boxes Long Clear, deliverable by the middle of November, at 8⅜c.@8⅝c.; 250 boxes do., all November, at 8⅜c.; 325 boxes do., early January delivery, at 7¾c.; 3,000 boxes Long and Short Clear, December to February deliveries, (at Chicago,) on private terms, and 800 boxes Short Clear, January to March, delivery, (200 boxes each month,) at 8¼c. ₩ lb.... Lard has attracted less attention and has been quoted rather less firm, as to price, though the offerings of desirable samples have been moderate. The main call has been for City for refining purposes. Sales have been reported since our last of 1,650 tcs. and bbls., for early delivery, at 8⅝c. for prime old Western Steam; 8¾c.@8⅞c. for new do.; 8¾c.@9c. for Western Kettle-rendered; 8½c.@9¼c., chiefly at 8⅝c., for City: 8⅜c. for No. 1, and 9½c.@9⅞c. for Refined. For forward delivery sales were reported of 250 tcs. prime Western Steam, October delivery, at 8⅜c., and 100 tcs. City, first half of November delivery, at 8½c. ₩ lb....Barreled Beef has been quiet since our last, within the range of from $3 75@$7 75 for inferior to prime brands Old Mess, and $8@$11 for Old Extra Mess, and $13 25@$13 50 for New do. do.; sales, 126 bbls. Tierce Beef has been in more demand, chiefly new stock, for export at full rates. We quote at from $12@$15 for Old Prime Mess; $16@$20 for Ordinary to Prime Old India Mess; $22@$23 for New Prime Mess; $24@$25 for New India Mess. Sales, 500 tcs. New on private terms. New Beef Hams have been quoted higher, with sales reported of 150 bbls. at $28 50.

SEEDS—Further sales of 1,400 bags Calcutta Linseed were made at $2 32½, gold. Market unchanged.

SUGARS—Holders have been very reserved in their offerings of Raw, and have been claiming a further advance of ⅛c. ₩ lb. on the better grades of Refining stock, which have been most inquired for. Refiners, however, have been unwilling to pay over previous figures, and business has consequently been restricted. Sales have been reported since our last, of 1,130 hhds. and 1,000 boxes, including 330 hhds. fully fair refining Cuba, at 9⅜c.; 231 hhds. very common do. at 9c.; 74 hhds. Molasses Sugar at 9⅛c.; 15 hhds do. at 8¾c.; 30 hhds. Demarara, to the trade, at 10¾c.; 450 hhds. Melado on private terms, and 1,000 boxes Molasses Sugar (placed some days since but now first reported) at 9c. ₩ lb. A bid of 10c. was said to have been refused for an invoice of strictly prime refining stock. The market closed decidedly strong. Refined in good demand at very firm rates. Quotations as in our last.

TALLOW—Has been in fairly active demand and held with confidence. Sales, 181,000 lbs., at 8¾c.@9⅜c. for ordinary to choice, chiefly at 9⅛c.@9⅜c. Sales were also made of 150,000 lbs. to 200,000 lbs. Texas stock, deliverable at Galveston in December, at equal to about 8c., gold, ₩ lb. Stearine steady, but inactive.

TEAS—Have been in fair demand and firm; sales, 2,500 half chests Green; and 800 half chests Oolong on private terms. We quote: Green, common to fair Hyson, in job lots, at 39c.@49c.; good to fine Hyson, 55c.@74c.; extra fine to finest Hyson, 79c.@84c.; common to fair Young Hyson, 35c.@45c.; good to fine Young Hyson, 55c.@79c.; extra fine to finest do., 82c.@$1 12; common to fair Gunpowder, 48c.@67c., and Imperial, 37c.@47c.; good to fine Gunpowder, 77c.@87c.; and Imperial, 57c.@72c.; extra fine to finest Gunpowder, $1 02@$1 27, and Imperial, 77c.@92c.; common to fine Twankay, 21c.@21c.; common to fair Uncolored Japan, 37c.@42c.; good to fine Uncolored Japan, 47c.@57c.; extra fine to finest, 77c.@$1 07; common to fair Oolong, 32c.@38c.; good to finest Oolong, 41c.@$1 06; common to fair Souchong, 27c.@33c.; good to fine Souchong, 42c.@55c.

TOBACCO—There has been less inquiry noted for Kentucky, which, however, has been held firmly; 100 hhds. sold at 9½c.@15c. ₩ lb. Seed-leaf has also been in less demand, but quoted steady; sales 50 cases new Connecticut at 48c.@65c.; 2.9 cases Ohio Wrappers, part at about 25c.; 150 cases Wisconsin at 9½c., and 50 cases old crop Sundries at 12c.@25c. ₩ lb. Havana sold to the extent of 200 bales at $1@$1 10 ₩ lb. Manufactured Tobacco quiet; Black Work, common and medium, 19c.@20c.; good and fine, 21c.@25c.; Bright Work, common and medium, 25c.@30c.; good and fine, 35c.@55c., in bond.

WHISKY—Has been purchased to the extent of 425 bbls. in lots, at 93½c.@94c. for wood and iron-bound pks., closing firmly.

FREIGHTS—Grain shipments, in the way of berth freights, were to a fair extent and at stronger rates, especially by steam. The offerings of other kinds of produce continued moderate at about former quotations. The chartering movement has been fairly active in the way of Petroleum vessels, which were in most urgent demand. Vessels for the Grain trade, as also for Cotton and general cargo, were moderately sought after at the ruling figures....For Liverpool, the reported engagements, since our last, have been, by sail, 15,500 bushels Corn at 8¼d.@8⅜d.; 48,000 bushels Grain, from store, at 8½d. ₩ bushel; 5 tons Lignum Vitæ at 30s. ₩ per bushel; and, by steam, 54,000 bushels Grain at 8¾d.@9d., closing at 9d. ₩ bushel; 1,880 boxes Bacon at 40s.; 6,000 boxes Cheese at 45s.; 25 tons Leather at 60s. ₩ ton; 300 tcs. Beef at 5s. 9d. ₩ tierce; 400 bbls. Apples at 4s. ₩ bbl.; 1,000 bales Cotton at ⅜d. ₩ lb. Also a British ship, 1,364 tons, placed on the berth for general cargo. Also, two ships, 1,498 and 999 tons, two barks, 472 and 460 tons, and a brig, 528 tons, with Wheat, reported from San Francisco, at full market rates....For London, by sail, 15,500 bushels Wheat on private terms....Also, a British ship, 888 tons, and another, 644 tons, placed on the berth for general cargo....For Cardiff, by steam, 400 boxes Cheese, at 45s. ₩ ton; 15,500 bushels Wheat, at 9½d., option of Bristol, at 10½d. to Gloucester.... For Cork and orders, a Norwegian bark, 558 tons, hence, with about 3,400 quarters Grain, a (re-charter,) at 7s. 9d., or, if direct, at 7s. 6d.; an Austrian bark, 672 tons, with about 3,800 quarters do., (also a recharter,) at the same rates, and a French bark, 260 tons, with about 1,800 quarters Grain, from Philadelphia, on private terms....For Jersey, direct, a British brig, 221 tons, hence, with about 1,800 quarters Grain at 7s. 9d. ₩ quarter....For Antwerp, by sail, 400 tons Lard, &c., at 42s. 6d.; a small quantity of Merchandise at 42s. 6d., and, by steam, 700 tcs. Lard at 50s.; also, a British bark, 599 tons, with about 4,000 bbls. Petroleum, at 6s. 6d., option of Bremen, or 6s. 9d. to Rotterdam; a British bark, 740 tons, with about 4,500 bbls. do. from Philadelphia, at 7s., option of Rotterdam. Also a British bark, 699 tons, and another, 620 tons, placed on the berth for general Cargo....For Bremen, by sail, a small quantity of Seneka Root, at 30s....For the Continent, a British bark, 561 tons, (to arrive,) with about 3,200 bbls. Petroleum, from Philadelphia, at 7s. ₩ bbl.... For Marseilles, an American bark, 287 tons, with about 2,000 bbls. Crude Petroleum at 7s. ₩ bbl....For Gibraltar and orders, a German bark, 517 tons, with about 3,500 bbls. Petroleum, from Philadelphia, at 6s. 9d.; an Italian bark, 506 tons, hence, with about 3,300 bbls. do., (a re-charter,) at 6s. 8d.; an Italian brig, 220 tons, with 1,600 bbls. do., on private terms; a Norwegian bark, 769 tons, with about 22,000 cases do. at 32½c. to the Mediterranean and 40c. to the Adriatic. The two British barks and Danish brig, from Philadelphia, for Gibraltar and orders, reported in our last, were on the basis of 7s. 3d., or, if direct, at 7s. ₩ bbl. And the Russian bark, from do., for do., was at 6s. 6d.@7s. 6d. ₩ bbl....For Genoa, a British bark, 456 tons, with a full cargo of Cotton, from Savannah, at 1⅛c. ₩ lb.... For Malaga, a British bark, 453 tons, with Staves, on private terms....For the River Platte, a British bark, 588 tons, and another 327 tons, with Lumber, from Southern ports, at $24, and primage.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—IN ADMIRALTY.—194. New-York Lighterage Company vs. Steam-tug Edmund Levy; 176, J. McGlenn vs. Steamer Argo; 24, E. R. Aumach vs. Steamer Creole; 130, C. Whiting et al. vs. Ferry-boat Sunswick; 234, A. Tompkins vs. Steam-boat Syracuse; 178, R. W. Wheeler vs. Steamboat City of Norwich; 84, Edmund Earle vs. Schooner Emeline; 133, J. P. Brown vs. S. E. Loud; 136, H. W. Benedict vs. Steam-tug Niagara; 195, R. A. Chapman et al. vs. E. Sanchez y Dolz; 156, B. Nickerson et al. vs. Steam-tug Echo.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—Held by Fancher, J. —Court opens at 10 A. M., Calendar called at 12 M.— 56. Peck vs. Filgurais; 99, Brooks et al. vs. White et al.; 100, Same vs. Same; 138, Crandall vs. De Wolf; 139, Wilkins vs. Kinne; 151, In the matter of Joseph Cudlip; 157, Webb vs. Bensel; 184½, Middleton vs. Manhattan Compost Pipe Company.; 212, Asmussen vs. Fransmann; 213, Pitts et al. vs. Pitts et al.; 214, Wilcox et al. vs. Robinson et al. Call 216, Spiller vs. The North American Life Insurance Company.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Held by Loew, J.—Adjourned for the term.

BROOKLYN COURTS.

CITY COURT—Neilson, J.—Nos. 312, 300, 85, 201, 303, 255, 334, 336, 523, 74, 94, 174, 181, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 354, 355, 356, 377.

COURT OF SESSIONS—Moore, J.—People vs. Joseph Hendrickson, burglary; People vs. Henry Darby, grand larceny; People vs. Jacob Knoop, carrying a slung-shot; People vs. T. Devine, Edward McMahon et al., burglary and grand larceny.

CIRCUIT COURT—Gilbert, J.—Nos. 6, 7, 227, 116, 198, 252, 91, 93, 100, 106, 159, 192, 237.

This is the last Calendar in this Court for the Term.

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—OCT. 29.

By Judge Barrett.

Thomas Hope *vs.* Charles E. Lawrence et al.; case and amendments settled.

Albert H. Gallop vs. Samuel M. Lederer; same decision.

By Judge Ingraham.

Davis et al. vs. Silsby, Jr.; motion granted.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM—OCT. 29.

By Judge Robinson.

Lup vs. Graham; motion to set aside default denied, with $10 costs.

Connolly *vs.* Read; motion to set aside order for defendant's examination on supplementary proceedings granted, with $10 costs.

Ernst *vs.* Ten Eyck; order of arrest denied.

Corbett *vs.* Hausenon; warrant denied.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

No. 175.—*Jenkins vs. McClallen.*—Error to the Circuit for the Northern District of Illinois.—This was an action by the plaintiff, as assignee in bankruptcy of Johnson & McClallen, a firm of Chicago merchants, to recover of the defendant (a brother of the junior member of the firm,) the value of certain goods conveyed to him as security for an advance made to the firm after it became embarrassed in circumstances. The claim is that the goods were not delivered to the defendant until after the insolvency of the firm, and that the conveyance was therefore fraudulent as to creditors, and void. The defense was that the bill of sale was made at the time of the advance for which the security was given, and that it was accompanied with such a delivery of the goods as rendered the proceedings void. The judgment was against the assignee, who here insists that the Court below erred in instructing the jury that the rights of no one had intervened before the defendant took possession of the goods, and in refusing to instruct that because the goods were not delivered at the time of making the bill of sale, the latter was void. Submitted on printed briefs for plaintiff in error by C. Bently, attorney, defendant not appearing.

No. 177.—Philpot et al. vs. Cyninger, Executor.—Error to the Circuit Court for the Northern District of Illinois. This was an action brought by the defendant in error as executrix of her deceased husband, on a promissory note made by the plaintiffs in error as copartners, doing business in Philadelphia. The defense was no consideration, and this was the only question presented to the Court and jury. The verdict sustained the validity of the note, and the plaintiffs in error here insist that there was a preponderance of evidence tending to show that there was a failure of consideration, at least as to one of the number. The defendant in error submits that as counsel when the case was on trial distinctly stated that there was no claim of failure of consideration as to any one of the parties, (which did not apply to all, that question should not now be gone into.

Gorkins & Roberts for plaintiffs in error; A. K. A. Hutchinsons for defendant.

No. 178.—*Lynde vs. County of Winnebago, Iowa.*—Error to the Circuit Court for the District of Iowa.—This was an action on bonds issued by the county for the building of a Court-house. The defense was that the bonds were issued without a vote of the people thereon, as required by law, and that they were, therefore, irregular and void. The judgment was for the defendant on the facts shown, and it is here contended that as the bonds on their face recited that they were issued in pursuance of a vote of the people, the county is estopped to deny the fact as against an innocent holder for value. The bonds being thrown upon the market by the county, so reciting, and falling into the hands of persons without knowledge that their recital was false, the judgment must be to bind the county.

Shiros, Van Dazee and Herson for plaintiffs in error; Withrow and Wright for defendant.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

Disgraceful State of Fifteenth-Street.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Allow me through your columns to call attention to the roadway of this street between Union-square and Third-avenue. It may be described as consisting of boulders, deep puddles and heaps of rubbish. Every opera night it is lined with the best carriages and horses in the City for a couple of hours. They might be much improved by their sojourn here twice a week.

Yours, truly, FIFTEENTH STREET.

Sickness and Destitution in the Fourteenth Ward.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

In crowded districts, where masses of people are herded together in narrow tenements and damp cellars, the amount of sickness and poverty constantly prevailing is really appalling. Individual cases of severe distress and suffering have within a few days been brought to the attention of the Children's Aid Society, through the teachers of the Fourteenth Ward Industrial School, No. 93 Crosby-street. The devoted Principal of the school, Miss H. E. Stevens, by personal visitation, or by knowledge gained through her assistants, vouches for the accuracy of the facts stated below. Mrs. B., residing on Elizabeth-street, is a widow, and is now prostrated by sickness. She has a family of several small children; her room is entirely bare of furniture, an old bed-tick, partially filled with straw, lies in one corner of the room, on which the poor woman was trying to obtain some rest when she was last visited by the teacher. Her little boy, eight years of age, was upon the street begging pennies to buy bread for his mother and the other children. The visitor, not having means to grant any relief, could only mingle her tears with those of the broken-hearted mother. One other case of peculiar sadness is that of Mrs. B., who also lives in a tenement on Elizabeth-street. Her husband, a short time since, lost his reason, and has been placed in an asylum. His wife is thus left entirely destitute, with two small children to care for, one a babe but a few months old. Three other instances of suffering equally sad, but which we have not space to particularize, are also related. The names and residences of each may be obtained from the Principal of the school No. 93 Crosby-street, where contributions in clothing or money may also be sent. Contributions may also be sent to the office of the Children's Aid Society, No. 19 East Fourth-street, stating the object for which they are intended. We hope that this appeal will not be in vain, and that a truly hearty response will be given.

One Hundred and Fifty Women Searched for Smuggled Goods.

From the Detroit Free Press, Oct. 22.

It is a fact probably better known to the Custom-house officials than to outsiders that at least every tenth woman who crosses the Detroit River carries smuggled goods. The goods may be tea, coffee, socks, thread, ribbons, or something else of great value, but the intent to smuggle is there, and the success in bringing over a small lot is nearly always an inducement for the smuggler to try the game on a larger scale. Men may and do smuggle clothing now and then, but it is the female sex which carries the burden of guilt. The Custom-house officials at the ferry dock in this city are as vigilant as officers can be, but what chances have they against monster hoop-skirts and gigantic bustles? Only one grand and certain haul of their nets can trap the guilty and frighten the innocent so that they shall never dare repeat the business. The net was drawn yesterday. The officers commenced about 2 o'clock, walking fifteen or twenty women upstairs into the custom rooms, and handing them over to a woman to be searched. Every boat-load which landed, for about three hours, was treated in the same manner—that is, all the female portion. Some were indignant, and appealed to their husbands, who vainly appealed to the Customs officers. Others wanted to faint away, but, after looking at the planks and the dust, concluded not to. Others wept, laughed or turned pale, but none of them were permitted to escape. During the afternoon about one hundred and fifty women were confronted by Uncle Sam, and some wonderful discoveries were made. For instance, a modest little woman, who was in a great hurry to go home to her sick child, pulled out a few pins, and ten yards of English flannel fell to the floor. A tall woman, with tears in her eyes, who asserted that she would sooner chop her head off than think of smuggling, unfastened a pound of tea from her skeleton and asserted that it must have been placed there by some designing person. Another one indignantly denied "the right of search," but after remaining a prisoner for an hour or two, told the searcher to "take it and go to grass," throwing a package of ribbons and laces on the floor. A lot of calico was found on another, some velvet on another, and at least ten per cent. of the whole number were found to be engaged in smuggling. The officials were satisfied with confiscating the goods.

The South Carolina Election—Greeley Slanders Disproved.

From the Columbia (S. C.) Union, Oct. 25.

The late election in this State furnishes the Greeley papers of the country a fresh opportunity to revamp old falsehoods and invent new calumnies against our Republican leaders. For example, the New-York *Tribune* copies, with manifest relish and approval, a scurrilous paragraph from the New-York *Evening Express*, which contains about a dozen statements, most of them relating to Gen. Moses, the Governor elect of South Carolina, all of which are about as near the truth as any of the statements made by the Democratic and "Liberal Republican" Press. The first statement is that "South Carolina has elected the man for Governor who hauled down the American flag at New-Orleans," which is correct except in two particulars. First, that Gen. Moses never was at New-Orleans; and second, that he never "hauled down the American flag at New-Orleans," or at any other place.

The next statement is, that "This Governor elect of South Carolina is one of the worst afflictions heaped upon the Southern States." Doubtless the good people of this State will be greatly astonished and deeply pained at this news, for from 15,000 to 20,000 of those same afflicted Democrats, contrary to the desire of the Democratic State Committee, voted for Moses. And no doubt the plurality for him [illegible] tion was quite as large as that given [illegible] held in any State in the Union.

The next statement, that Moses issued $1,000,000 of pay-certificates, is enough to need a denial; and the twin falsehood, that he belonged to a Greenville railroad Ring, is known to be manufactured out of whole cloth, by every one acquainted with the politics of this State. Moses never belonged to any railroad Ring—if he did, his intimate friends never knew it.

That he will make a good Governor, is confidently believed by 90,000 voters who gave him their suffrages on the 16th instant. What new slander will these Greeley advocates of "local self-government," these apostles of "truth and reform," hatch up next?

The Indiana Senatorship.

From the Indianapolis Journal, Oct. 26.

As a last resort for defeating Senator Morton for re-election, the Copperhead Press has been engaged for the past ten days in manufacturing reports concerning the organization of formidable opposition in the Republican ranks. Among the candidates to be put forward are the names of Hon. Richard W. Thompson, Vice-President Colfax, and [illegible] that under [illegible] Mr. Colfax place himself in opposition to Senator Morton, and accept an election at the hands of life-long opponents, while a manly and straightforward letter of Col. Thompson effectually sets at rest all doubts concerning his position. The Madison *Courier* is authority for the statement that Mr. Branham, who is a candidate for speaker, is in favor of unity and harmony in the Republican ranks, and it is painfully evident that in concocting the stories of anticipated trouble, the Democratic editors have allowed the wish to become father to the hope.

Slow Poisoning from Green Wall-Paper.

From the Hartford Courant.

A physician in Western Massachusetts recently had a lady patient who, for several weeks, had been suffering from nausea, general prostration, and other symptoms of slow poisoning. Failing to discover the cause of the symptoms, as a last resort the doctor requested her to move from her chamber, the walls of which were covered with paper of a very light shade of green, so light, indeed, that in the evening it could scarcely be distinguished from white. After leaving the room the symptoms immediately disappeared, and the patient rapidly recovered. A sample of the paper was forwarded for analysis to the State chemist at Hartford, (Mr. Joseph Hall, of the High School,) and it was found to contain a large quantity of arsenic. Mr. Hall obtained the poison in the various forms of metallic arsenic, yellow tersulphite, silver arsenite and arsenious acid or common white arsenic. He estimates that every square foot of this innocent looking paper contained an amount of poison equivalent to five grains of arsenious acid, or double the fatal dose for an adult person. This in the moist warm weather of last July and August, was easily conveyed through the air of a room constantly impregnated with the poison, and any person sleeping in the room would be almost as certainly poisoned as though the arsenic had been taken into the stomach.

FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—Oct. 29.

SALES BEFORE THE CALL—10 A. M.

500	Pacific Mail	93⅛	500	Lake Shore	92⅜
500	do.	93	1000	do.	92⅜
200	do.	93⅛	600	do......c.	92⅜
500	do.	93⅛	200	do.....s3.	92⅜
100	do.	94	200	do.	92⅜
400	do.	93⅞	100	do.....s3.	92⅜
400	do.	93⅞	700	do.	92⅜
200	do.	93⅞	1000	do......c.	92⅜
200	do.	93⅞	400	do.....b3.	92⅜
100	do.	93⅞	100	Union Pacific..b3.	39⅜
700	do.....s3.	93	100	do......c.	39⅜
200	do.	93⅞	200	do.	39⅜
300	do.	94	100	do.	39⅜
400	do.	94⅛	500	do.	39⅜
200	do.	94	100	Rock Island	110
300	do.	93⅞	100	do.	109⅞
100	do.	94	100	do.	110
100	do.	94⅛	600	do.	110⅛
100	do.	94⅛	100	do......c.	110⅛
100	do.	94⅛	200	do.	110⅛
100	do......c.	94⅛	100	do......c.	110⅛
100	do.	94⅛	100	do.	110⅛
300	do.	95	100	do.....s3.	110⅛
200	do.	94⅞	100	do.....b3.	110⅛
1100	do.	95	100	do.	110⅛
300	do.	95⅛	300	do.	110
500	do.	95	200	Tol. & Wabash	70⅞
100	do......c.	95⅛	500	do.	71
200	do.....b3.	95⅛	400	do.....b3.	71
400	do.	95⅛	500	North western	80⅞
700	do.	95⅜	100	do.	81⅛
100	do......c.	95⅛	400	do.	81⅛
400	do.	95⅛	100	do.	81⅛
100	do.	95⅛	300	do.	81⅛
100	do......c.	95⅞	200	do.....s3.	81⅛
500	do.	96	200	do.	81⅛
200	do.	96⅛	800	do.	81⅛
400	do.	96	200	do.....s10.	80
100	do.	95⅞	300	do.	81⅛
1300	Western Union	78⅛	200	do.....s15.	80
800	do.	78⅛	200	do.	81⅛
1100	do.	78⅛	400	do.	81⅛
100	Atlantic Mail	18⅛	100	do......c.	81⅛
100	Boston, H. & Erie	8⅛	200	North-western Pf.	88⅛
400	do.	8⅛	500	Ohio & Miss.	47
1500	N.Y.C. & Hud.s3.	95	300	do.....s3.	47⅛
1600	do.	95⅛	100	do.	47⅛
800	do.	95⅛	200	do.	47⅛
500	Erie Railroad	53	200	do.	47⅛
300	do.	53⅛	300	do.	47⅛
500	do.	53⅛	100	do......c.	47⅛
4000	do.	53⅛	200	do.	47⅛
100	do.	53⅛	300	C., C. & I. C.	35⅞
200	do.....s3.	53⅛	100	do.	35⅞
600	do.	53⅛	400	do.	35⅞
200	do.....b3.	53⅛	400	do......c.	36
500	do.....b3.	53⅛	500	do.	36⅛
600	do.	53⅛	800	do.	36
100	Panama	144	200	do.....b3.	36

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—10½ A. M.

$500 U. S. 5-20 Coup., 1867.....115

FIRST BOARD—10½ A. M.

$9,000	N. C. 6s, old	33	200	Erie Rail. b.c..b3.	53⅛
4,000	S. C. 6s. n. J.&J.	26	700	do.	53⅛
5,000	Missouri 6s	92⅛	300	do.	53⅛
5,000	do.	92⅛	300	do.	53⅛
5,000	do.	93	200	do.	53⅛
3,000	Mo. 6s, H. & St. Jo. issue	91⅛	1100	do.	54
1,000	Alabama 8s	85	200	do.....b3.	54
1,000	N.Y.Cen. 7s, '76	101	200	do.	53⅞
1,000	Erie, 3d M.	95	400	do.	54
6,000	L. Sh.Div. bds.	93⅛	500	do.	54
3,000	Pac. 7s, guar. by St. of Mo.	97⅛	100	do.	53⅞
2,000	Un. Pac. 1st	88⅛	1500	do.	54⅛
1,000	do.	88⅛	1700	do.	54
15,000	U. P. 7s, L. Gt.	77⅛	200	do.	54
10,000	do.	77⅛	100	do.	54
4,000	U. P. 10s, Inc.	80⅛	100	do.....b3.	54⅛
2,000	do.	80⅛	100	do.	54⅛
1,000	T. & W. 1st, St. Louis Div.	89⅛	900	do.	54⅛
1,500	Tol. & W. 2d	96	100	do.....s3.	54⅛
1,000	N. J. So. 1st	80	100	do.	54⅛
5,000	do.	78	100	do.	54⅛
1,000	Gt. West. 2d	90⅛	100	do.	54⅛
2,000	C.& R.I.& P.7s.	101⅛	17	Mich. Cen. R. R.	116⅛
2,000	S. L. & I. M. 1st.	94⅛	20	L. S. & M. So.b.c.	92⅛
5,500	Clev. & P. 4th	83½	25	do.	92⅛
1,000	M.& S.P.,I.Div.	88	100	do.	92⅛
1,000	C.,C. & I. C. 1st.	87⅛	100	do.....b3.	95⅛
8,000	C, C. & I. C. 2d.	73⅛	100	do......c.	92⅛
1,000	North Mo. 1st	90⅛	800	do.	92⅛
2,000	B. C.R.& M. 1st.	90⅛	50	do.	92⅛
21	Am. Ex. B. ex div.	111	100	do.....s3.	92⅛
30	Park Bank	150	100	do.....b3.	92⅛
16	Fulton Bank	154	100	do.	92⅛
102	Fourth Nat. B'k.	110	100	do.	92⅛
10	Central Nat. B'k.	99	500	do.	92⅛
100	Canton Co.	104	200	do......c.	92⅛
100	Quick. M. Co.b.c.	47	200	do.....b3.	92⅛
100	Quick. Pf.b.c.b60.	58	800	do.	92⅛
100	Md. Coal Co.b.c.c.	21⅛	100	do.	92⅛
200	Mar. M. Co.	2	200	do.	92⅛
200	Mariposa Pref.	3⅛	600	do.	92⅛
12	Am. M. U. Ex.	70⅛	500	do.	92⅛
100	Wells-F. Ex...b.c.	87	100	do.	92⅛
300	Pac. M. S. S. Co.	95⅛	1100	do.	93
1300	do.	95⅛	300	do......c.	93
100	do....b.c..s3.	96⅛	200	do.	93
100	do.	95⅛	500	do.	93⅛
100	do.....s3.	95⅛	1100	do.	93⅛
100	do.	95⅛	600	do.	93⅛
800	do.	95⅛	1000	do.	93⅛
200	do......s3.	95⅛	100	do.....b3.	93⅛
300	do.	95⅛	1700	do.	93⅛
100	do.	95⅛	100	do.	93⅛
100	do.	95⅛	100	do......c.	93⅛
400	do.	95⅛	2500	do.	93⅛
1500	do.	95	400	do.....b3.	93⅛
1000	do.	94⅞	1100	do.	93⅛
500	do.	94⅞	400	do......c.	93⅛
100	do.	94⅞	200	Panama R.R...b.c.	145
100	do.	94⅞	100	Union Pacific.b.c.	39⅛
100	do.	94⅞	700	do.	39
400	do.	94⅞	500	do......c.	38⅞
400	do.	94⅞	200	do.	39
1400	do.	94⅞	400	do.	39⅛
100	do.	94⅞	100	Clev. & Pitts. Gd.	89⅛
500	W. Un. Tel..b. c.	78⅛	192	C.. C. C. & I....s3.	90
1500	do.	78⅛	300	Chi. & R. I...b. c.	109⅞
600	do.	78⅛	100	do......c.	109⅞
100	do......c.	78⅛	1800	do.	109⅞
100	do.....s3.	78⅛	200	do.....b3.	109⅞
200	do.	78⅛	100	do.....s3.	109⅞
300	do.	78⅛	200	do.....s3.	109⅞
15	Del. & H. Canal	117	100	do.....s3.	109⅞
100	Consol. Coal...b.c.	45	200	do.....b3.	109⅞
600	American Coal	51⅛	200	do.	109⅞
100	N. Y. C. & H.....b3.	95⅛	200	Mil. & St. Paul	57⅛
100	do..bet. call.	95⅛	100	do....b.c..b3.	57⅛
500	do......c.	95⅛	100	do.....s3.	57⅛
500	do.	95⅛	300	do.	57⅛
100	do.	95⅛	100	do.	57⅛
100	do......c.	95⅛	100	do.	57⅛
200	do.	95⅛	200	M.& S.P.Pf.b.c.s3.	76⅛
2000	do.	95⅛	400	T.,W.& W..b.c.b3.	71
200	Harlem Railroad	113⅛	200	do.	71
200	Chi. & N. W.	81	500	Bos., H. & E..b. c.	8
33	do.....b3.	81	100	do.	8⅛
100	do..bet. call.	81	500	do.	8
100	do.	80⅞	100	P., F.W. & C., Gd.	94⅛
100	do.	81	200	Del., L. & West.	97⅛
100	do.	81⅛	100	do.....b3.	97⅛
300	do.	81⅛	50	Chi. & Alton	113
100	do.	81⅛	400	Mar. & C. 1st Pf.	27
400	do.	81⅛	500	Ohio & Miss...b.c.	47⅛
200	do.	81⅛	900	do.	47⅛
200	Chi. & N.W. Pf.	88⅛	1800	do.	47⅛
100	do..bet. call.	88⅛	500	do.....b3.	47⅛
400	do.	88⅛	100	C., C. & I. C...b.c.	36
			100	do.	36⅛
			100	do......c.	36⅛

GOVERNMENT STOCKS—12½ AND 2½ P. M.

$500 U. S. 5-20 C., '65...116⅛ | 4000 U S 5-20 C., '67...115

SALES BEFORE THE CALL—12½ P. M.

100	Canton.....b3.	105	600	Lake Shore	93⅛
100	do.	105	400	do.....b3.	93⅛
300	Western Union	78⅛	900	do.	93⅛
500	do.	78⅛	300	do......c.	93⅛
100	do.	78⅛	300	do.....s3.	93⅛
100	do.	78⅛	100	do.	93⅛
100	do......c.	78⅛	500	do.....s3.	93⅛
1000	do.	78⅛	100	do.....b3.	93⅛
500	do.....b60.	79⅛	1000	do.	93⅛
100	do......c.	78⅛	1600	do.	93⅛
1900	do.	78⅛	100	do.	93⅛
100	Atlantic Mail	18⅛	100	do......c.	93⅛
300	Pacific Mail	94⅛	200	do.	93⅛
100	do.....s3.	94⅛	1200	do.	93⅛
500	do.	94⅛	200	do.....b3.	93⅛
200	do.	94⅛	100	do.	93
500	do.	94⅛	400	Rock Island	110
500	do.	94⅛	100	do.....s3.	110⅛
500	do.	94⅛	1600	do.	110⅛
1500	do.	94	100	do.....b3.	110⅛
1000	do.	93⅞	100	do.	110
200	do.	94	200	do.	109⅞
100	do......c.	94⅛	600	do.	109⅞
900	do.	94⅛	400	North-western	81⅛
100	do......c.	94⅛	100	do.	81⅛
100	do.	94⅛	100	do.....b3.	81⅛
300	do.	94⅛	200	do.	81⅛
100	do.	93⅞	100	do.	81⅛
400	Union Pacific....c.	39⅛	400	do.	81⅛
500	do.	39⅛	1600	do.	82
100	N. Y. C. & H......c.	95⅛	200	do.	82⅛
300	do.	95⅛	100	do.....s3.	82⅛
100	do.	95⅛	100	do.	81⅛
300	Tol. & Wabash	71⅛	100	do.	81⅛
100	do.....s3.	71	100	do.	81⅛
200	do.	71⅛	300	do.....s60.	77⅛
100	do.....b3.	71⅛	200	do.	81⅛
300	Erie Railroad	54⅛	100	do.	81⅛
400	do.	54⅛	100	Ohio & Miss.	47⅛
400	do.	54⅛	600	do.	47⅛
800	do.....b3.	54⅛	500	do.....b30.	47⅛
1200	do.	54⅛	1000	do.	47⅛
800	do.	54⅛	200	do......c.	47⅛
800	do.	54⅛	100	do.	47⅛
500	do.....s3.	54⅛	100	do.	47⅛
700	do.	54⅛	400	C., C. & I. C....b3.	36
300	do.	54⅛	100	do.	36
300	do.	54⅛	200	do.	35⅞
300	do.....b3.	54⅛	200	do.	35⅞
200	do.	54⅛	300	do.	35⅞
200	North-western Pf.	88⅛			
300	St. Paul	57⅛			

SECOND BOARD—1 P. M.

$2,000	U. Pacific, 1st.	88⅛	100	L.M.S.S.Co. b.c.s3.	18
14,000	B.,H. &Erie,1st.	42	100	Clev. & Pitts.G.bs.	89⅛
1,000	C. Pacific G.bs.	101	100	N. Y. C. & H. b.c.	95⅛
5,000	Mich. So. 2d	100	200	do.....b3.	96
2,000	O. & M. Con.	94⅛	100	do......c.	95⅛
6,000	C., C. & I.C. 2d.	73⅛	300	do.	95⅛
100	Western U. Tel.	78⅛	500	do.	95⅛
51	do.	78⅛	100	do.....s3.	95⅛
1100	do.....b.c.	78⅛	100	do......c.	95⅛
500	do.....s3.	78⅛	100	do.....b3.	95⅛
100	do.	78⅛	100	Chic. & N. W.	81⅛
400	do.	78⅛	100	do.....b3.	81⅛
100	do.	78⅛	100	do.....b.c.	81⅛
500	do.	78⅛	100	do.	81
100	do.	78⅛	100	do.	80⅛
100	do.	78⅛	100	do.	81⅛
100	do.....s3.	78⅛	200	do.	81⅛
200	Pac. Mail S. S. Co.	93⅛	100	Chi. & N.W. Pref.	88⅛
600	do.	93⅛	200	Lake Shore &M.S.	93
500	do.....b60.	95	200	do......b.c.	92⅛
900	do.....b.c.	93⅛	100	do.	92⅛
300	do.	93⅛	200	do.....b3.	92⅛
200	do.	93⅛	100	do.	92⅛
300	do.	93⅛	300	do.	92⅛
100	do......c.	93⅛	200	do.	92⅛
100	do.	93⅛	200	do.....b3.	93
100	do......c.	93⅛	100	do.....b5.	93
300	do.	93⅛	300	do.	92⅛
200	do.	93⅛	100	do.....b3.	93
100	Ohio & Miss...b.c.	47	300	do.	93
1000	do.	47⅛	100	do.	93⅛
100	do.	47	1000	do.	93
800	Erie Railway..b.c.	54⅛	59	Panama.....b3.	143⅛
2100	do.	54⅛	100	Chi. & R. I.	109⅞
600	do.....s3.	54⅛	200	do.....b.c.	109⅞
100	do.	54⅛	300	do.	109⅞
100	do.	54⅛	100	do.	109⅞
100	do.	54⅛	200	do.	110
2000	do.	54⅛	100	Mil. & St. Paul	57⅛
1000	do.	54⅛	100	H. & St. Joseph	34
100	do.	54⅛	100	C., C. & I. C..b.c.	35⅛
100	do.	54⅛	200	do.	35⅛
409	do.	54⅛	100	do.	35⅛
500	do.	54⅛	200	do.	36
100	do.	54⅛	100	Con. Coal	45⅛
100	Quick. M. C...b.c.	57	100	do.....b.c.	45⅛
100	Maryland Coal Co.	21⅛	100	do.	45⅛

SALES FROM 2½ TO 4 P. M.

100	Consol. Coal	45⅛	100	C.,C., C. & Ind.	90
100	do.....b3.	45⅛	400	Lake Shore	93⅛
100	Western Union	78⅛	100	do.....s3.	93⅛
1200	do.	78⅛	100	do.....b3.	93⅛
100	do.	78⅛	100	do.	93
700	do.	78⅛	100	do.	93
100	Quicksilver Pf.	58	500	do.....b30.	93⅛
100	do.	58⅛	300	do.	93
200	Quicksilver Pf.	58⅛	500	Lake Shore	93⅛
100	do.	58⅛	800	do.....b3.	93⅛
200	United States Ex.	77⅛	100	do.....b2.	93⅛
400	Harlem	113⅛	1400	do.	93⅛
1200	Pacific Mail	94	100	do.....b3.	93⅛
200	do.....b3.	93⅛	200	do.....s3.	93⅛
200	do.....b3.	93⅛	600	do.	93⅛
500	do.	93⅛	800	do.	93⅛
200	do.	93⅛	400	do.	93⅛
2200	do.	93⅛	400	North-western	81⅛
300	do.	93⅛	100	do.....s3.	81⅛
500	do.	93⅛	100	do.	81⅛
2300	do.	93⅛	100	do.	81⅛
500	do.....s3.	93	100	do.	82
1400	do.	93⅛	100	do.	82⅛
1000	do.....s3.	93	100	do.	82⅛
200	do.	93⅛	400	do.	82⅛
100	do.	93⅛	500	do.	82⅛
200	do.	93⅛	1500	do.	82⅛
300	do.	93⅛	200	do.....s3.	82⅛
200	do.	93⅛	500	do.	82⅛
300	do.	93⅛	600	do.	82⅛
300	do.	94	100	do.	82⅛
300	do.....b3.	94	700	do.	82⅛
400	do.	93⅛	1100	do.	82⅛
800	do.	93⅛	100	do.	82⅛
100	do.	94	100	Rock Island	109⅞
100	do.....s3.	94	100	do.	110
100	do.	94⅛	100	do.	110⅛
100	do.	94⅛	100	do.....b3.	110⅛
300	do.	94⅛	200	do.	110⅛
200	do.	94⅛	200	do.	110⅛
200	Panama	144	200	St. Paul Pf.	76⅛
800	Union Pacific	39	700	Toledo & Wab.	71⅛
100	do.	39⅛	300	do.	71⅛
100	do.....b3.	39⅛	300	do.....b3.	71⅛
100	N. Y. Cen. & H.	95⅛	100	do.....b30.	71⅛
500	do.	95⅛	100	do.....b30.	71
700	do.	95⅛	200	do.	71⅛
100	do.....s3.	95⅛	700	Boston, H. & E.	8⅛
500	do.	95⅛	900	do.	8⅛
100	do.	95⅛	1100	Ohio & Miss.	47⅛
1700	Erie Railway	54⅛	100	do.	47⅛
500	do.....b3.	54⅛	1000	do.	47⅛
300	do.	54⅛	100	do.	47⅛
100	do.	54⅛	1100	C., C. & I. C.	36
100	do.....b3.	54⅛	100	do.....b3.	36⅛
100	do.	54⅛	100	do.	36⅛
100	do.	54⅛	200	Albany & Susq.	94

TUESDAY, Oct. 29—P. M.

The Cable advices from London for the last day or two show a decided improvement in the British Funds and an easier Discount market outside the Bank of England, where the rate (so confidently predicted here as likely to go up higher) remains at 6 ₩ cent. The actual prospect seems to be that the rate is much nearer a downward than an upward turn from this figure, which, it will be borne in mind, is an exceptionally high one for London. The American Funds in that market also show firmness, but here they are met today by weaker rates for both Gold and Exchange, and leave off barely steady. The sales of Gold through the day are 112¾@112⅝@113@112⅞ ₩ cent. The Cash Gold is easy, and the probability is that no further considerable shipments of Gold will be made at present, while bills are at 108⅛@108⅜ ₩ cent., as today, for 60 days, and 110⅛@110⅜ for Sight and Short Sight. Even on these terms the business for Wednesday's mail is reported moderate.

In the Money Market the changes are not important, and the appearances of enhanced terms to the Stock Brokers early in the day gave place to an easy supply at the close of Bank hours at 7 ₩ cent., with exceptions below that figure. The disturbance noticed yesterday and this morning no doubt resulted from the heavy reaction against Pacific Mail, and the sympathetic weakness of other active Stocks, the speculation being much steadier today, with an inclination at the close to higher prices, the talk of dearer Money to the Brokers is no longer indulged. We discover nothing, however, to mitigate the pressure for accommodation at Bank from the Southern and Western Banks. The demand is also active from Bank dealers at 7 ₩ cent. There is much political confidence felt on the Street that the Presidential Election next Tuesday will not only result favorably to the Administration, but inspire new spirit into trade and financial affairs throughout the country. It is a great point gained to settle a question of such moment to all departments of business as that of Treasury Administration for four years to come.

The amount of business on the Stock Exchange was to a pretty full average. The fluctuations in Pacific Mail were less violent than yesterday, although still over 3 ₩ cent. apart. Sales, 92⅞@96⅛@94⅛ ₩ cent. There was a further advance in Erie Stock, which was an exception yesterday to the prevailing weakness. In Western Telegraph, North-west, and Lake Shore there was a firmer demand late in the day, while Ohios and C. C. and Indiana Central were active, and New-York Central steady. The rumor is revived of some new financial move by Mr. Vanderbilt in regard to the Capital or Loans of the Central; of what nature the Street reports on the subject are not agreed.

At 4 o'clock the following quotations were made on the general market as compared with Monday night. The Railroads, Telegraph, and Pacific Mail Stocks, closing firm.

Closing Quotations—Oct. 29.

	Monday.	Tuesday.
United States New 5s	111⅞	111⅞
U. S. 5-20s, May and Nov	116⅜	116⅜
U. S. 5-20s, Jan. and July	115⅜	115⅜
American Gold	113	112⅞
Bills on London, 60 days	108⅜	108⅜
N. Y. Central and Hudson	95⅛	95⅝
Chicago and Rock Island	109⅞	110⅛
North-west Common	80⅛	82⅛
Pacific Mail	93⅛	94⅛
St. Paul Preferred	76⅛	76⅛
St. Paul Common	57⅞	57⅛
Ohio and Mississippi	47	47⅞
Western Union Telegraph	78⅛	78⅞
Erie	53	54⅜
Union Pacific	39⅛	39
Lake Shore	92⅛	93⅛
C., Chicago and Ind. Central	35⅛	36⅛

The following are the last prices for the various Public Funds of the United States:

6 ₩ ct., reg., '81	115⅛	5-20 coup., n. i., '65	114⅛
6 ₩ ct., coup., '81	116⅛	5-20 coup., '67	114⅛
5-20 reg., '62	112⅛	5-20 coup., '67	115⅛
5-20 coup., '62	116⅛	5-20 reg., '68	115
5-20 reg., '64	112⅛	5-20 coup., '68	115
5-20 coup., '64	116⅛	10-40 reg.	108⅛
5-20 reg., '65	112⅛	10-40 coup.	108⅛
5-20 coup., '65	116⅛	5s coup., '81	111⅛
5-20 reg., n. i., '65	114⅛	6s currency	114

The following bids were made at the Exchange Board today for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y Cen. 6s, '83	93	Del., L. & W. 7s,conv.	100⅛
N. Y. Cen. 6s, R. E.	90	Tol. & Wab 1st Ex.	95
N. Y. Cen. 6s, Sub.	90	T. & W. 1st. St L.div.	89
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76	100	T. & W. cons conv.	85
Erie 1st Extended	103⅛	Han. & Naples 1st.	88
Erie 2d 7s, '79	96	Gt. West. 1st, '88	95
Erie 3d 7s, '83	96	Gt. West. 2d, 93	90⅛
Long Dock Bonds	94	Gal. & Chi. 2d	97
Buf.,N.Y.& E. 1st,'77.	97	Chi., R. I. & Pac.	101⅛
Harlem 1st 7s	102⅛	Mor. & Essex 1st.	103⅛
Chi., B. & Q. 8s, 1st	109⅛	N. J. Cen. 2d.	100
Mich. So. 7s, 2d	99⅛	N. J. So. 1st 7s	78
M. S. & N. I. S. F. 7s.	103⅛	Pitts., Ft. W. & C. 3d.	95
Clev. & Tol. S. F.	102⅛	Clev. & Pitts 2d.	98
Clev. & Tol. new bds.	93⅛	Clev. & Pitts. 3d.	98
Clev., P. & A. o. bds.	97	Clev. & Pitts. 4th	83⅛
Clev., P. & A. n. bds.	98⅛	Chi. & Alt. S. F.	100⅛
Det., Mon. & Tol. bds.	97	Ohio & Mi s. con.	94⅛
Buf. & Erie new bds.	98	Ohio & Miss. 2d.	85
Lake Shore Div. bds.	93⅛	St. L. & Iron M. 1st.	94⅛
P. R. 7s, guar. by Mo.	97⅛	Mil. & St. P. 1st 8s.	106⅛
Cen. Pac. Gold bds.	100	Mil. & St. P. 7s, gold.	97⅛
Un. Pac. 1st bds.	88⅛	Mil. & St. P. 1st.	91⅛
Un. Pac. L. Gt. 7s.	77⅛	M. & St. P., Iowa div.	88
Un. Pac. Inc. 10s.	80⅛	Chi. & Mil. 1st.	92
Alt. & T. H. 1st.	100	Jol. & Chi. 1st.	100
Alt. & T. H. 2d. Pref.	89⅛	C., C. & I. C. 1st.	87
Chi. & N. W. S. F.	98	C., C. & I. C. 2d.	73⅛
Chi. & N. W. Int. bds.	100⅛	T., P. & W. Bur. div.	81
Chi. & N. W. 1st	91	Bos., H. & E. 1st 7s.	41⅛
Han. & St. Jos. Conv.	89	Bos., H. & E. guar.	53
Del., Lack. & W. 1st.	100⅛	Cedar F. & Minn. 1st.	82
Del., Lack. & W. 2d.	95		

UNITED STATES TREASURY,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 29, 1872.

Gold receipts	$1,039,425 14
Gold payments	870,259 18
Gold balance	50,061,075 01
Currency receipts	314,735 10
Currency payments	338,709 53
Currency balance	28,688,717 70
Customs	423,000 00

PHILADELPHIA STOCKS—OCT. 29.

Telegraphed to Messrs. E. D. Randolph & Co.

	Bid.	Asked.
City 6s, old	98½	
City 6s, new	102⅛	102⅛
Camden and Amboy	125	125⅛
Pennsylvania Central	59⅛	59⅛
Reading	116	116⅛
Lehigh Valley		59⅛
Catawissa Preferred	56⅛	57⅛
Philadelphia and Erie	27	27⅛
Northern Central	39	39⅛
Lehigh Navigation	39⅛	39⅛
Lehigh Gold Loan	92⅛	About.

The Lake Shore Road earned in third week of October $398,000, as against $324,000 same week last year. The three weeks in October show the large gain of $215,000 over same weeks in October, 1871.

The earnings of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Minnesota Railroad Company for the week ending Oct. 21 were: 1872, $28,980 46; 1871, $15,907 78; increase, $13,072 68.

The week's exports of Domestic Produce have been to the currency value of $5,470,104.

The Nov. 1 Coupons of the Central Division First and Second Mortgage Railroad and Land Grant Bonds of the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad Company will be paid in gold coin at the National Shoe and Leather Bank.

The Nov. 1 Coupons on Real Estate Bonds of the Pacific Railroad Company (Missouri) will be paid at the National Bank of Commerce.

The Chicago and North-Western Railroad.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

During the past few days grave reports have been circulated in Wall-street of an intended and clandestine issue of the stock of the Chicago and North-western Railway Company.

A committee of the stockholders called on Mr. Horace F. Clark, President of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway Company, and, at their request, he telegraphed Hon. Jesse O. Norton, one of the legal advisers of the Lake Shore Road, at Chicago, for information as to the powers of railroad corporations of that State to issue new stock. In reply the following message was received. We hardly think, in face of the plain provisions of the Constitution and laws of Illinois, that any respectable Board of Directors will commit the fraud which has been threatened:

CHICAGO, Oct. 29, 1872.

Hon. Horace F. Clark, President Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railroad Company, New-York:

The following is the only constitutional provision as to the issue of stock or bonds by railroad corporations, or of the increase of stock:

"No railroad corporation shall issue stock or bonds, except for money, labor or property actually received and applied to the purposes for which such corporation was created, and all stock dividends and other fictitious increase of the capital stock or indebtedness of any such corporation shall be void.

The capital stock of no railroad corporation shall be increased for any purpose, except upon giving sixty days' public notice in such manner as may be provided by law."

Statute provides "whenever the Board of Directors of any corporation existing by virtue of any general or special law of this State, or any corporation that may hereafter be formed under the laws of this State, may desire to increase or decrease the capital stock, they may call a special meeting of the stockholders of such corporation for the purpose of submitting to a vote of such stockholders the question of such change. Such special meeting shall be called by delivering personally or depositing in the post-office, at least thirty days before the day fixed for such meeting, a notice, properly addressed to each stockholder, signed by a majority of said directors, managers or trustees, stating the time, place and object of such meeting. A general notice of the time, place and object of such meeting shall also be published for three successive weeks in some newspaper printed in or nearest the county in which the principal business office of such corporation is located.

At any such meeting stockholders may vote in person or by proxy, each stockholder being entitled to one vote for each share of stock held by him, and votes representing two-thirds of all the stock of the corporation shall be necessary for the adoption of the proposed change.

If at any regular annual meeting, or at the time and place specified in said notice of a special meeting called for that purpose, said proposition be submitted to a vote, and if it shall appear that two-thirds of all the votes represented by the whole stock of such corporation are in favor of the proposition so submitted, a certificate thereof, verified by the affidavit of the President, and under seal of said corporation, shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of State, and a like certificate filed for record in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the county where the principal business office of such corporation is located; and upon the filing of said certificate, the change proposed and voted for at such meeting shall be and is hereby declared accomplished, in accordance with said vote of the stockholders.

Such corporation shall, upon the filing of said certificate, cause to be published, in some newspaper in or nearest the county in which the principal office is located, a notice of such change of organization for three successive weeks. Any corporation availing itself of, or accepting the benefits of, or formed under this act, shall be subject to the general laws of this State now in force, or which may hereafter be passed, regulating corporations of like character."

These provisions apply equally to existing corporations; no reservations as to them. The sixty days' provision in the Constitution of course overrules the thirty days' provision in the statute.

The General Railroad act of 1872 has similar provisions to be observed by corporations formed under it, but applies only to such.

JESSE O. NORTON.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ BANKING-HOUSE OF
FISK & HATCH,
No. 5 NASSAU-ST., NEW-YORK.

DEPOSITS received, on which we allow interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum. Special arrangements made with savings banks and others depositing large amounts.

We issue CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT, available in all parts of the country, and bearing interest in case of special deposit.

We make COLLECTIONS for merchants and others in all parts of the country.

Orders for INVESTMENT STOCKS and BONDS executed at the Stock Exchange, on commission, for cash.

We deal in GOVERNMENT BONDS, and in the following FIRST-CLASS RAILROAD SECURITIES, which we can recommend with confidence, from a thorough knowledge of their character and value, viz.:

CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO BONDS, six per cent., gold. Denominations $100, $500 and $1,000. Interest May and November.

CENTRAL PACIFIC BONDS, six per cent., gold. Denomination $1,000 each. Interest January and July.

WESTERN PACIFIC BONDS, six per cent., gold, Denomination $1,000 each. Interest January and July.

Owing to the present high rate of interest, and consequent dullness in American Securities in Europe, and the demand for money here to move the crops, the present is a favorable time to make investments in these favorite Securities, as they can just now, for the above reasons, be purchased at less than their usual market prices, and a considerable advance is reasonably certain.

Full information furnished upon application at our office, in person or by mail.

FISK & HATCH.

☞ NEW-YORK MIDLAND.

Of the First Mortgage SEVEN PER CENT. GOLD LOAN of this Company there remains but a small amount unmarketed. When it is considered that this new Great Trunk line is now so nearly completed, we cannot avoid the conviction that these bonds, at $20,000 a mile, secured by a First Mortgage, are particularly desirable and safe. For sale or exchange for marketable securities by

GEO. OPDYKE & CO., Bankers,
No. 25 Nassau st.

HENRY CLEWS & CO.,
No. 32 Wall-st., New-York.

Bills of Exchange, circular notes, travelers' and commercial credits issued, available in all parts of the world.

Deposits received, subject to check at sight. Interest allowed on all daily balances.

Collections made. Investment orders executed.

☞ "HATCH & FOOTE," No. 12 Wall-st., pay the "Bidding Price" for Gold, and sell at the "Offering Price," as quoted at the Gold Exchange, in sums to suit.

☞ **CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINCY R. R. CO. 7 PER CENT. CURRENCY BONDS, COUPON OR REGISTERED. FOR SALE BY KIDDER, PEABODY & CO., NO. 45 WALL-ST.**

The New Ontario Cabinet.

The new Cabinet of Ontario will be composed as follows:

Attorney-General and Premier—Hon. OLIVER MOWAT.
Provincial Treasurer—Hon. ADAM CROOKS.
Commissioner of Public Works, Agriculture and Immigration—Hon. ARCHIBALD MCKELLAR.
Commissioner of Crown Lands—Hon. RICHARD W. SCOTT.
Provincial Secretary and Registrar—Hon. T. B. PARDEE.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

BUFFALO, Oct. 29.—Cattle—Receipts today 170 head, making the total supply for the week thus far 781 head, or 49 cars, against 85 cars for the same time last week; market not fairly opened; all stock-trains believed on time; the only transactions were 41 Michigan Steers, ranging from 960 to 1,028 lbs., at $3 85@$4 25; 56 Cherokee Cows and Heifers, ranging from 951 to 984 lbs., at $3 50@$4; 15 Illinois Cows, averaging 1,104 lbs., at $4 12½. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts today 2,200 head, making the total supply for the week thus far 3,800 head, against 5,400 head for the same time last week; market not opened yet. Hogs—Receipts today, including 69 cars to arrive, 7,100 head, making the total supply for the week thus far 14,700 head, against 18,000 head for the same time last week; market without any apparent life; the overcrowded state of the Eastern markets and the large supply already in the pens have caused buyers to hang off and await more favorable advices from New-York; up to noon no sales were effected, and no prospect of any being made.

OSWEGO, Oct. 29.—Flour declined 25c. on all grades but Double Extra; sales, 2,200 bbls.; closing at $8,000 for No. 1 Spring; $9 for Amber Winter; $9 75 for White Winter; $10 50 for Double Extra. Wheat quiet; sales, two cars No 2 Red Winter at $1 65. Corn quiet at 61c. Barley firm but quiet; prime and selected Bay Quinte held at $1 08@$1 10. Corn-meal, $1 40 for Bolted; $1 37 for Unbolted, ₩ cwt. Mill-feed lower; Shorts, $17; Ship-stuffs, $19; Middlings, $21 ₩ ton. Highwines, 91½c. Canal Freights—Wheat, 13½c.; Barley, 11c. to New-York; Barley, 9½c. to Albany; Lumber, $4 to the Hudson, $5 to New-York, 60c.; to Albany, 52c. Receipts by Lake—17,500 bushels Barley, 686,000 feet Lumber. Shipments by Canal—18,000 bushels Wheat, 70,000 bushels Barley, 71,000 bushels Peas, 1,089,000 feet Lumber. Amount of Grain on the Canal, from Buffalo and Oswego, for tide-water yesterday noon, as near as can be ascertained, was 1,700,000 bushels Wheat, 1,245,000 bushels Corn, 190,000 bushels Oats, 723,000 bushels Barley.

CHICAGO, Oct. 29.—Flour dull and declining. Wheat weak; No. 1 Spring, $1 13@$1 16; No. 2 Spring, cash and October, closed at $1 07½; November, $1 06½; seller all the year, $1 06. Corn dull, weak and irregular and declined ½c.; Regular No. 2 closed dull at 30¼c.; Fresh, 30¼c. bid; October, 30c.@30½c.; November held at 30½c.; Rejected, 29½c. Oats in light demand; No. 2 cash ranged at 20½c.@20¾c.; October, 20¼c.; November, 20¾c.@20½c.; Rejected, 16½c.@17½c. Rye—No. 2 quiet at 50½c. Barley—No. 2 Spring quiet at 62c.@62½c.; No. 3 Spring in good demand at 49c.@51c. Pork quiet; old, $15; new, $14@$14 50. Lard dull at 7½c.@7¾c. cash or December. Whisky steady at 89c. Receipts—9,500 bbls. Flour, 122,000 bushels Wheat, 77,000 bushels Corn, 27,000 bushels Oats, 5,000 bushels Rye, 41,000 bushels Barley. Shipments—5,000 bbls. Flour, 63,000 bushels Wheat, 221,000 bushels Corn, 51,000 bushels Oats.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 29.—Flour quiet and weak for all grades below choice. Wheat dull; No. 2 Spring, $1 11@$1 11½; No. 3 Fall, $1 63; No. 2 Winter Red, $1 80. Corn dull; No. 2 Mixed, 35c. Oats dull and unchanged; No. 2, 25½c. Barley dull and unchanged; No. 2 Spring, 60c. Rye easier; Prime, 52c.@53c. Whisky steady at 89c. Pork—Stock exhausted. Bacon quiet; cash lots of Shoulders at 7c.; Sides, 11½c.@11¾c.; order lots ¼c. higher. Lard in good demand for future delivery, at 7¾c. Hogs quiet at $3 60@$4. Cattle—Only common grades on the market; shippers nominally $5@$6. Receipts—5,000 bbls. Flour, 27,000 bushels Wheat, 10,000 bushels Corn, 25,000 bushels Oats, 21,000 bushels Barley, 1,000 bushels Rye.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 29.—Flour dull and unchanged at $7@$7 30. Wheat opened dull, but closed active; Red, $1 48@$1 53; White, $1 6@$1 70. Corn in fair demand and firm at 40c. Rye quiet and unchanged at 68c.@70c. Oats quiet and unchanged at 28c.@33c. Barley quiet and unchanged. Butter unchanged. Pork nominally $14 50. Lard steady; Steam, 7¾c.@7⅞c.; Kettle held at 8c. Bulk Meats—Shoulders firm, with a fair demand at 5½c.@5¾c.; Sides nominal. Bacon firm; Shoulders, 6½c.; Clear Rib Sides, 10c. bid, 10½c. asked; Clear Sides, 11½c. Hams—Sugar-cured, 17c.@17½c. for Summer. Live Hogs steady at $4 25@$4 45. Whisky steady at 89c.

BUFFALO, Oct. 29.—Lake Imports—Flour, 13,030 bbls.; Wheat, 331,766 bushels; Corn, 713,137 bushels; Oats, 42,000 bushels; Barley, 98,808 bushels. Canal Shipments—Wheat, 26,786 bushels; Corn, 23,600 bushels; Barley, 9,267 bushels. Rail Shipments from Elevator—Wheat, 8,183 bushels; Corn, 68,476 bushels; Oats, 49,408 bushels; Barley, 2,400 bushels. Flour lower; Western Spring, $7@$7 50; Bakers' $7 25@$7 75; Amber, $8 50@$8 75; White, $9@$9 50. Wheat inactive; sales, 7,500 bushels No. 2 Milwaukee Spring at $1 34; 7,500 bushels Red Western at $1 54. Corn dull; sales, 1,200 bushels Low Mixed Toledo and 8,000 bushels No. 2 Western at 48c. Oats quiet; No. 2 Western held at 38c. Other articles unchanged.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 29.—Flour in fair demand; Extra Family, $6 50@$7 25. Wheat in good demand for choice lots; Red, $1 45@$1 50; Amber, $1 50@$1 55; White, $1 55@$1 65. Corn steady; Mixed, 45c.; White, 47c. Oats active; in bulk, 28@30c. Rye steady at 65c., on arrival. Provisions scarce, nothing doing; transactions confined to Bacon Shoulders and Bacon Clear Rib Sides, which are quoted: Shoulders, 6½c.@6¾c.; Clear Rib Sides, 10¼c.@10½c., packed. Bulk Meats—None cured. Lard, Hams, and Pork—None here. Whisky firm at 89c.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 29.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat steady; No. 1, $1 14½; No. 2, $1 06½. Corn declining; No. 2 Mixed, 31c. Oats in fair demand and lower; No. 2, 21½c. Rye in fair demand and lower; No. 1, 52c. Barley firm; No. 2 Fall, 65c. Lake Freights—Wheat to Buffalo, 13c.; to Oswego, 19c. Receipts—6,000 bbls. Flour, 197,000 bushels Wheat, 17,000 bushels Barley. Shipments—5,000 bbls. Flour, 94,000 bushels Wheat, 18,000 bushels Barley.

NEW-ORLEANS, Oct. 29.—Cotton in fair demand; Good Ordinary, 18¼c.; Low Middling, 18¾c.; Middling, 19¼c.; net receipts, 8,750 bales; gross, 11,249 bales; sales today, 1,000 bales; last evening, 3,700 bales; stock, 94,410 bales.

WILMINGTON, Oct. 29.—Spirits of Turpentine firm at 56½c.@57½c. Resin firm at $3 70 for Strained; $4 25 for No. 1; $5 50 for Extra Pale. Crude Turpentine steady at $3 25 for Hard, and $5 for Yellow Dip and Virgin. Tar steady at $3 30.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 29.—Flour in fair demand and firm. Wheat inactive; No. 1 Winter Red, $1 53; No. 2 Winter Red, $1 42. Corn quiet; Low Mixed, Fresh, 46c.@47c. Oats steady; No. 1, 33c. Petroleum active and unchanged.

MOBILE, Oct. 29.—Cotton firm; Middling, 19c.; net receipts, 2,632 bales; exports, coastwise, 1,653 bales; sales, 600 bales; stock, 14,977 bales.

GALVESTON, Oct. 29.—Cotton—Estimated net receipts, 1,700 bales; stock, 32,040 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, Oct. 29—11½ A. M.—Consols opened at 92⅛ for money, and 92⅛@92⅜ for the account. United States 5-20 Bonds, 1865s, old, 91; 1867s, 92⅛; 10-40s, 87⅛; New 5s, 88⅛; Erie Railway Shares, 42⅛.

2 P. M.—Erie Railway Shares, 43.

5 P. M.—Consols closed at 92⅛ for both money and the account. American Securities unchanged. Erie Railway Shares, 43⅛.

PARIS, Oct. 29—A. M.—Rentes opened at 53f. 15c., and closed at 53f. 25c.

FRANKFORT, Oct. 29.—United States 5-20 Bonds, 96⅛ for the issue of 1862.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 29—11 A. M.—Cotton—The market opened quiet and steady. Middling Uplands, 9¾d.@9⅞d.; Middling Orleans, 10¼d.@10⅜d. The sales of the day are estimated at 10,000 bales. The shipments of Cotton from Bombay to the 28th inst., since the last report, have been 1,800 bales. Breadstuffs—The receipts of Wheat at this port, for the past three days, have been 26,000 quarters, including 16,000 American.

1 P. M.—Cotton—The market is firmer; Middling Uplands, 9⅞d.; Middling Orleans, 10⅜d.@10½d. The sales of the day are now estimated at 15,000 bales, including 5,000 bales for speculation and export. Sales of Middling Orleans for October at 10 7-16d.

2 P. M.—Breadstuffs—The market is quiet; Wheat, 12s. 8d. ₩ cental for average California White; 13s. 2d.@13s. 4d. for Club do., and 11. 2d.@12s. for Red Western Spring.

5 P. M.—Cotton—The market closed unchanged. The sales of the day have been 15,000 bales, including 5,000 for speculation and export. Sales of Middling Orleans for October at 10⅜d.; Middling Uplands for October at 9⅞d. Breadstuffs—The receipts of Corn-meal at this port for the past three days have been 7,500 quarters, all of which were American.

Evening.—Spirits Turpentine, 41s.@42s. ₩ cwt. Common Resin, 11s. 3d.@11s. 6d. ₩ cwt.

LONDON, Oct. 29—Evening.—Spirits Turpentine, 38s.@38s. 6d. ₩ cwt.

ANTWERP, Oct. 29.—Petroleum, 56f. for fine Pale American.

The Demands of the German Bishops.

In the concluding part of the memorial drawn up by the German Catholic Bishops at their recent meeting at Fulda, it is said, remarks the *Pall Mall Gazette*, that by the peace of Munster equal rights were given to the two great Christian creeds in Germany, and that it is the duty of the State to protect this equality of rights. The new doctrine that no independent, well-acquired right is to be recognized by the State is false, as also the modern principle that the right of the Church depends on the always revokable concession by the State. The German Catholics have always made the same sacrifices for their country as the other sects. When the war broke out in 1866 it was represented as a religious war, and the most silly accusations were made against the Catholics; and when the purely political war with France commenced, it was represented as brought about by the Catholics, the Jesuits, and even the head of the Church, for the ruin of Protestant Prussia. After the peace the groundless accusations as to a general Catholic conspiracy against Germany were continued. The bishops deny that the Catholic Church has become dangerous to the State on account of the Vatican decree concerning the Primate and his office of teaching, and hope for the return of the conviction that their Catholic conscience is for sovereign and fatherland the best guarantee of fidelity and obedience. They also hope that the Governments will recognize it as their duty to protect the Catholic Church in the uncurtailed enjoyment of the independence and liberty due to it by right divine and lawfully possessed by it in Germany from time immemorial. As an undisputable right of the Catholic Church in Germany the bishops claim that the Catholic clergy shall be nominated only according to the laws of the Church, and the lawful agreements between State and Church which make it impossible to recognize as legitimate a priest or teacher of religion who has not received his mission from them, or a bishop who has not been nominated by the Pope. They further claim unhindered intercourse between the Holy See and the faithful, freedom of confessing the Catholic faith in all its integrity, and freedom from the obligation to leave in the communion of the Church those who do not assent in all points to the Catholic faith. They designate every interference with the free exercise of their religion, with the free movement of religious life, and consequently with the religious orders and associations, as a violation of the guaranteed rights of the Church. Finally, they claim for the Church the right to educate its servants according to its laws, the maintenance of the clerical influence in the Catholic schools of all degrees, the liberty for the Church to possess and direct educational institutions according to Catholic principles, and the preservation of the rights of the Catholic Church relative to Christian marriage as a sacrament of the Catholic Church. They terminate by saying that these principles will always be their rule of action, and that they are ready to make for them the most painful sacrifices, as these principles have been taught by the Divine Master, who said, "Give to Cæsar what belongs to Cæsar, and to God what belongs to God." The memorial is dated from Fulda, the 20th of last month, and signed by twenty-six German Catholic Bishops. The first signature is that of the Archbishop of Cologne, then come the Archbishops of Munich and Bamberg, the Prince-Bishop of Breslau, and, at the head of the ordinary bishops, the Bishop of Strasbourg.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES
At the "Times" Up-Town Office,
No 54½ West 32d-st., junction Broadway and 6th-av.,
And the "Times" West-Side Office,
No. 308 West 23d-st., corner of 6th-av.
NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

AT THE NORMAL CALIFORNIA and New-York Employment Bureau, No. 138 6th-av., (over the drug-store,) can constantly be found a large selection of competent and strictly reliable German, English, Scotch, Swede, American, and Irish help, both male and female; references investigated.

AT BEDELL'S LARGE AND SPACIOUS rooms, No. 340 and 342 4th-av., will be found a large number of very desirous and competent servants to suit all capacities, both Protestant and Catholic, for City and country.

AT PELTON & CO.'S, NO. 645 6TH-AV., near 38th-st., formerly with Bedell, will be found a large number of competent servants for all positions, both Protestant and Catholic, for City and country.

AT COLORED RECEPTION ROOM, NO. 69 East 10th-st.—Best Southern help furnished at short notice; a few waiting situations.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—By a Protestant woman, having the best City reference, a situation as chamber-maid and waitress; has no objection to go a short distance in the country. Can be seen at present employer's, No. 30 West 50th-st.

CHAMBER-WORK AND WAITING.—A neat, tidy, respectable Protestant girl, who thoroughly understands her duties; is a competent waitress and excellent chamber-maid; first-class City recommendations from last employer. Can be seen at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

CHAMBER-MAID AND SEAMSTRESS. or Ladies' Maid.—By a very respectable and highly-recommended young woman; five years in her last situation; is an operator and first-class family seamstress; wait on a lady, care children, &c. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A NEAT, active young woman as chamber-maid and waitress; or chamber-work and assist in the care of children; City or country; City reference. Call at No. 203 West 27th-st., near 7th-av.

CHAMBER-MAID AND NURSE OR Waitress.—By a very respectable neat and tidy girl in a small private family or boarding-house; is willing and obliging; no objection to leave the City; good home rather than high wages. Can be seen at No. 138 6th-av., over drug-store.

CHAMBER-MAID OR NURSE.—BY A German young woman; very respectable; excellent nurse and chamber-maid; best testimonials; City or country. Call at No. 2 Bleecker-st., corner of Bowery.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—By a Protestant young woman, with six years' City reference; she is a first-class servant and thoroughly understands her duties. Inquire for C. T., at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

CHAMBER-MAID.—A RESPECTABLE girl as chamber-maid; will assist with the washing; willing and obliging; excellent City reference. Call at No. 1,333 3d-av., first floor, front.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A COMPETENT girl, as chamber-maid and nurse; excellent references from last employer. Call at No. 1,374 Broadway, between 37th and 38th sts.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A GOOD CHAMBER-MAID; will be ready to do any other work, such as plain sewing, or assist the waitress; excellent references as house-maid. Call at No. 405 5th-av.

CHAMBER-MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—By a young woman as chamber-maid and seamstress, with four years' reference. Apply at No. 87 3d-av., corner 12th-st.

CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant girl as chamber-maid and waitress; City or country; City references. Apply at No 119 West 46th-st.

CHAMBER-MAID.—AS CHAMBER-MAID and waitress. Call for two days at No. 1,418 3d-av., between 80th and 81st sts., second floor, front.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—By a young girl, as chamber-maid and waitress. Call at No. 46 East 12th-st., present employer's.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A COMPETENT girl, as chamber-maid and waitress; best City references. Call at No. 58 West 15th-st.

CHAMBER-MAID AND WAITRESS.—By a young girl. Call at her present employer's, No. 45 West 34th-st., between 10 and 12 o'clock.

CHAMBER-MAID.—BY A CHAMBER-MAID and fine washer; good City references. Can be seen at No. 405 5th-av.

COOK, WASHER AND IRONER. Chamber-work and Waiting.—By two neat, tidy, respectable sisters; both understand their business in all branches; will do the work of a family between them; no objections to country; excellent recommendations. Can be seen at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

COOK.—A FIRST-RATE COOK IS READY for an engagement; a steady place desired, and the best of satisfaction will be guaranteed, for as a cook she has no superior in her line; unexceptionable references can be given for character, as well as ability. Inquire for M. S., at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

COOK.—BY A MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN, WHO is a first-rate family cook, and has no objection to a short distance in the country for a small private family; would be willing to assist in the washing, &c.; excellent City references. Inquire for S. C., at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

COOK—CHAMBER-MAID.—BY TWO Protestant girls, to go together, one a competent plain cook, the other for upstairs work; both understand their business thoroughly, and have satisfactory references; no objection to the country. May be seen today at office, No. 437 6th-av., near 27th-st., upstairs.

COOK.—BY AN AMERICAN PROTESTANT woman, a situation as first-class cook; understands all kinds of meats, soups, pastries, games, desserts, &c.; excellent baker and pastry cook; unexceptionable recommendations. Can be seen at Odell's, No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

COOK.—A FIRST-CLASS COOK, WITH THE best of references as such, in a private family; understands English, French, and German cooking; can give satisfaction in getting up dinners and suppers for parties; is a fine pastry cook. Can be seen at No. 621 6th-av.

COOK, WASHER AND IRONER—BY a young woman who has no objection to a short distance in the country and can give the best of reference for ability and character; makes good bread and biscuit, desserts, &c., and is a good laundress. Inquire for R. C., at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

COOK.—BY A SCOTCH PROTESTANT young woman; thoroughly competent; neat and tidy about her work; obliging and attentive to the wishes of her employers; is a thorough cook; would assist in the washing, if family small; best of testimonials. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

COOK, WASHER, AND IRONER.—BY a competent young woman who thoroughly understands her business; is a good meat and vegetable cook; bread and biscuit, soups and pastries; first-class City recommendations from last employer. Can be seen at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

COOK AND ASSIST IN THE WASHING and Ironing.—By a young woman with the best of City references for ability and character; is a really good family cook; wages $16; a private family in the City, only, will suit. Inquire for A. B., at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

COOK, &c.—CHAMBER-MAID, &c.—By two respectable girls, one as cook, washer and ironer; the other as chamber-maid and waitress, and no objection to assist in the fine washing; the best of City reference can be given from their last place. Call at No. 115 West 19th-st.

COOK.—BY A YOUNG WOMAN WHO IS A thoroughly competent cook; makes all kinds of desserts, bread and biscuit; understands game, fish, soups, &c.; can give unexceptionable City references from parties who may be seen. Inquire for M. G., at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—BY a young woman who is a good cook and beautiful laundress, and can produce the best of reference, has no objection to a short distance in the country. Inquire for K. S., at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

COOK, OR COOK, WASHER AND IRONER, or Laundress.—By a colored young woman, neat, tidy and highly respectable; is a good cook; good laundress; would do general house-work in a small family; testimonials good. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

COOK.—BY A COMPETENT COOK; THOROUGHLY understands soups, game, pastry, bread, and cake; has lived for several years with one family; the best of City reference given. Call for two days at No. 641 6th-av.

COOK.—A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT woman as cook; is an excellent cook; best City reference; none but a private family need apply. Call for three days at No. 290 3d-av., between 22d and 23d sts.

COOK.—BY A SOBER, STEADY ACTIVE woman, as first-class cook; will assist in the washing; City or country; best City reference. Call at No. 203 West 27th-st., near 7th-av.

COOK, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl, a situation as cook and to assist with washing; best City reference. Call at No. 348 West 37th-st., between 8th and 9th avs. Room No. 12.

COOK.—A LADY BREAKING UP HOUSEKEEPING, wishes to find a situation for a cook whom she can recommend in every respect. Apply at No. 228 East 35th-st., second floor.

COOK.—BY AN EXPERIENCED AND ECONOMICAL woman, as cook in a private family; the best of City reference. Call at No. 156 West 41st-st., between Broadway and 7th-av.

COOK.—BY A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT woman as cook in a private family; willing to assist with washing; best City reference. Call for two days at No. 349 East 23d-st.

COOK.—BY AN EXPERIENCED WOMAN as first-class cook; understands all kinds of meats, soups, pastries, jellies, &c.; best City reference. Call for two days at No. 610 2d-av., top floor.

COOK.—AS FIRST-CLASS COOK IN A PRIVATE family; best City reference. Call for two days at No. 44 East 32d-st., between 4th and Madison avs.

COOK.—BY A FIRST-CLASS COOK; UNDERSTANDS soups, game, desserts, jellies, creams, &c.; best of reference. Call at office, No. 721 6th-av., near 41st-st.

COOK.—BY A COMPETENT WOMAN AS first-class cook; understands her business thoroughly; good City reference. Call at No. 160 West 36th-st.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE FRENCH woman, as first-class cook in a private family; understands her business thoroughly. Can be seen in her present place, No. 28 West 31st-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

COOK—CHAMBER-MAID.—BY TWO respectable colored persons in a private family or boarding-house; one understands cooking in all its branches; willing and obliging; will assist in washing and ironing; other as chamber-maid and waitress or laundress; best references; City or country. Call at No. 138 6th-av., over drug store.

COOK.—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG WOMAN as cook; in the City only; will assist in coarse washing; is an excellent bread and biscuit maker; makes nice soups, &c.; will go for $18; references from two prominent City families. Address or call at office, No. 437 6th-av., upstairs.

COOK, WASHER AND IRONER.—By a very respectable, neat and tidy girl, in a private family; understands cooking in all its various branches; is willing and obliging, and can make herself generally useful; has good references. Can be seen at No. 138 6th-av., over drug-store.

COOK.—BY A SCOTCH PROTESTANT COOK, who understands all kinds of plain cooking, a situation in a private family; can make all kinds of cake, pies, and excellent bread. Apply at No. 87 3d-av., corner 12th-st.

COOK.—FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY RESPECT; has lived in several of our leading families, from whom she has excellent testimonials; wages, $25 or $30. Address or call on Professed Cook, office No. 437 6th-av., near 27th-st., upstairs.

COOK, &c.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN to do the cooking and part of the washing and ironing in a private family; is an excellent cook and baker; best of City reference from last place. Call for two days at No. 65 West 15th-st., corner of 6th-av.

COOK.—BY A COMPETENT COOK AND good baker; thoroughly understands her business; unexceptionable City reference for character and capability. Call at No. 157 West 30th-st., near 7th-av., in the store.

COOK.—AS FIRST-CLASS COOK, A PROTESTANT woman, where she can have her child, over seven years old; City or country; first-class eight years' reference. Call at No. 162 East 33d-st.

COOK.—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, AS cook, washer and ironer; good reference given. Call at No. 212 East 28th-st.

COOK.—BY A MIDDLE AGED WOMAN AS first-class cook; a good home preferred to high wages; best City reference. Call at 239 West 33d-st.

COOK.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN AS cook; can give the best City references. Can be seen at her late employer's, No. 38 East 22d-st.

CHILDREN'S NURSE, &c.—A WIDOW wishes a position in a family or with a gentleman of refinement to take charge of children and assist with family sewing; understands dress-making for adults and children; best reference. Address Mrs. B., *Times* West-side Office, No. 308 West 23d-st.

CHILD'S NURSE.—BY A SCOTCH PROTESTANT, as child's nurse; can take charge of baby from its birth; good City reference. Call for two days at No. 347 East 17th-st., in the store.

CHILDREN'S NURSE.—BY A REGULAR nurse, either for an infant or grown children and sewing. Call at No. 4 5 5th-av.

COLORED SERVANTS,

Male and female, for every capacity, supplied at the shortest notice, at **SIMMS' Servants' Institute, No. 543 6th-av.**

DRESS-MAKER.—A THOROUGHLY competent dress-maker solicits the custom of a few first-class families; has no objection to go out of the City. Address A. Williams, No. 270 West 38th-st.

EMPLOYERS
Can always be PROMPTLY SUITED with
DOMESTIC HELP,
FOR ANY CAPACITY, AT
ODELL'S,
No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.
REFERENCES INVESTIGATED.

EMPLOYERS
will find it advantageous
To Leave their Orders,
As in that case we have time
TO MAKE SELECTIONS
WHICH WILL PROVE SATISFACTORY.

HOUSEKEEPER.—A LADY DESIRES A housekeeper's position in a gentleman's family; as willing to leave New-York for a permanent home; undoubted reference as to experience and capability. Address or call, Mr. Weeks, Wednesday and Thursday, at No. 64 Irving-place, from 1 to 4.

HOUSEKEEPING.—A LADY REDUCED in circumstances, having large experience in housekeeping, desires a position, not menial, in a highly-respectable family. Address E. S., Box No. 10 Up-town *Times* Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

HOUSEKEEPER.—BY A LADY OF EDUCATION and refinement, as housekeeper or companion to an invalid lady; references exchanged. Address N. H. B., Box No. 202 New-York Post-office.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A NEAT, RESPECTABLE Scotch Protestant girl; is a good cook, and willing to make herself useful; a good home in City or country preferred to high wages; best recommendations. Can be seen at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A NEAT, TIDY, RESPECTABLE, German Protestant girl who is a good plain family cook, excellent washer and ironer; is willing and industrious; will go in City or country. Can be seen at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

HOUSE-WORK, &c.—BY A COMPETENT German girl a situation to do general house-work, or as cook, washer and ironer; is willing and obliging; good reference. Call at No. 2 Bleecker-st., corner Bowery.

HOUSE-WORK, &c.—BY A GOOD WOMAN to do general house-work, or as cook, washer and ironer. Apply at M. Hild's, No. 127 Norfolk-st., between Rivington and Stanton sts.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A COMPETENT girl to do general house-work in a small private family; excellent reference. Call at No. 5 White's place, West 18th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

HOUSE-WORK.—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, to do general house-work; willing and obliging; excellent City reference from last employer. Call at No. 1,373 Broadway, between 39th and 40th sts.

LAUNDRESS.—FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY respect; understands polishing, French fluting, puffing, &c.; has undoubted City references; or will go as chamber-maid and do fine washing. Call or address No. 437 6th-av., between 26th and 27th sts., upstairs.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A NEAT YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as a very superior laundress; understands French fluting and fine muslins, perfectly; has unexceptionable City references from last place. Apply at No. 645 6th-av., near 38th-st.

LAUNDRESS AND CHAMBER-MAID.—By a respectable person as laundress and chamber-maid, and to do fine washing; thoroughly understands all kinds of fluting; best City references. Call at No. 7 East 28th-st.

LAUNDRESS, OR CHAMBER-MAID AND laundress.—By a Protestant young woman; neat, tidy and highly recommended; flute and do all kinds of fine washing; good chamber-maid; sober, honest and trustworthy; testimonials good. Call at 335 4th-av.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A COMPETENT LAUNDRESS; can do all kinds of fine washing and French fluting; best of City reference. Apply at No. 154 West 27th-st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS in a private family. Call at No. 110 East 39th-st., her last employer's.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A THOROUGH LAUNDRESS; understands fluting, polishing, &c.; best of reference. Call at office, No. 721 6th-av., near 41st-st.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS LAUNDRESS; has excellent references. Call or address No. 405 5th-av.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as first-class laundress; best City reference. Apply at No. 78 Madison-av.

LAUNDRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE Swedish girl as laundress in a private family. Call at No. 229 East 37th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

LADY'S MAID, &c.—BY AN ENGLISH person of respectability and intelligence as lady's maid or nurse; is fond of children; good needlewoman and hair-dresser; or to wait on an invalid; no objection to the country or South; town and country references. Address for three days, appointing an interview, A. M., *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

LADY'S MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—By a very respectable and highly-recommended lately-landed young French girl, in a private family; talks German and English; understands dressing hair and cutting to fit thoroughly; is willing and obliging. Can be seen at 138 6th-av., over drug-store.

LADY'S MAID, &c.—BY A COLORED girl, to wait on a lady or to do light chamber-work or sewing. Can be seen for three days at the north corner of Broadway and Bond-st.

LADY'S MAID AND SEAMSTRESS.—By a capable person, (ten years in last situation;) good reference. Apply for two days at No. 122 West 33d-st., between 6th and 7th avs.

LADY'S MAID.—BY A YOUNG SCOTCH Protestant girl, as lady's maid and seamstress, or would wait on an invalid. Call at No. 201 West 29th-st.

LADY'S MAID.—BY A COMPETENT, INTELLIGENT, French maid, understanding her duties as such; perfectly reliable in every respect; good City references. Can be seen at No. 405 5th-av.

LADY'S MAID.—AS FIRST-CLASS LADY'S maid; cuts and fits ladies' dresses; best City references. Call at No. 201 East 21st-st.

LADY'S MAID.—BY A GERMAN GIRL, as lady's maid and seamstress; first-class reference. Call at office, No. 721 6th-av., near 41st-st.

MAID.—BY A FIRST-CLASS ENGLISH maid; understands all her duties as such; cuts, fits, and is accustomed to travel. Can be seen at present employer's, No. 405 5th-av.

NURSE.—A RESPECTABLE, NEAT PROTESTANT woman, who thoroughly understands her business in every respect; will give good recommendations as to honesty, sobriety, &c.; will do chamber-work if required; has no objections to the country. Can be seen at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

NURSE.—BY A NEAT, TIDY, RESPECTABLE young Scotch Protestant woman, who thoroughly understands her business; is competent to take charge of an infant from birth; first-class City recommendations from last employer. Can be seen at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

NURSE.—BY A SCOTCH PROTESTANT WOMAN; very respectable and excellent nurse; can take charge of an infant and bring it up on a bottle, or growing children or invalids; country or City; very best testimonials. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

NURSE, &c.—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG woman as nurse and seamstress; an expert operator; excellent City references. Call at No. 319 8th-av., in the store, between 23d and 24th sts.

NURSE.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS nurse and seamstress; no objection to travel with a family; is willing and obliging; best City references. Call at No. 244 West 18th-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

NURSE.—BY A RESPECTABLE FRENCH girl as nurse; understands the care of children very well; is a neat sewer and has the best of references; is willing to make herself useful. Can be seen at No. 621 6th-av., near 36th-st.

NURSE.—BY A YOUNG WOMAN CAPABLE of taking full charge of an infant or growing children; she can give the best of City reference; is a neat sewer, and will be found very obliging. Inquire for B. R., at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

NURSE.—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, having the best City reference, a situation as nurse; has had several years' experience. Can be seen at present employer's, No. 30 West 50th-st., from 10 to 4 o'clock.

NURSE, &c.—A YOUNG GIRL, SPEAKING French and English, wishes a place as nurse or chamber-maid; best of references. Apply at No. 239 East 46th-st.

PARLOR-MAID.—BY A YOUNG GIRL AS parlor-maid; can come well recommended from her last place. Call at No. 1,374 Broadway, between 37th and 38th sts., first floor.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN; understands all kinds of family sewing, dress-making and children's clothing; would engage by the day, week or month, or would take work at her home. Call at No. 452 4th-av., all this week.

SEAMSTRESS.—A YOUNG LADY WOULD like to sew by the day in a private family; can make ladies' and children's clothes, and work on the machine. Call for two days at No. 213½ East 6th-st., near 3d-av.

SEAMSTRESS.—BY A SWEDISH GIRL as seamstress in a private family; can operate on any of the modern sewing-machines. Call at No. 229 37th-st., between 2d and 3d avs.

USEFUL GIRL.—BY A SMALL GIRL, A situation to make herself useful; can attend door, wait on table, or mind children; good reference as to honesty, &c.; will go to a good home at very moderate wages; is aged fourteen years. Can be seen at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

WAITRESS, OR CHAMBER-MAID AND Waitress.—By a Protestant young woman; very respectable; excellent waitress; neat and tidy about her work; understands care of silver, getting up salads, &c.; is also a thorough chamber-maid; best City reference. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

WAITRESS.—BY A FIRST-CLASS WAITRESS, who understands the care of silver, getting up of salads, and the courses of dinner thoroughly; would take a waiterman's place in waiting only; best City reference. Can be seen at No. 737 6th-av., corner 42d-st., over drug-store.

WAITRESS.—THOROUGHLY COMPETENT every way; has two years' City reference from late employer; understands the care of silver, &c., perfectly; nice salads, dressings, &c.; is exceedingly neat and tidy in her person. Apply today at office, No. 437 6th-av., upstairs.

WAITRESS—LADY'S MAID, &c.—BY two competent girls, one as first-class waitress, other as lady's maid and seamstress; understands hair-dressing; City or country; best reference. Call at No. 212 East 23d-st.

WAITRESS.—NO OBJECTION TO A PRIVATE boarding-house; is competent to take full charge of a dining-room, care of silver, dress salads, &c.; unexceptionable references can be given. Inquire for A. L., at 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

WAITRESS AND CHAMBER-MAID.—By a most respectable and first class girl; is a thoroughly competent waitress; understands getting up salads and making desserts; is also a good chamber-maid; if required can give the best City references. Apply at No. 621 6th-av.

WAITRESS.—BY A NEAT, RESPECTABLE young woman, a situation as first-class waitress; thoroughly competent to fill a man's place; has unexceptionable references. Apply at No. 340 4th-av.

WAITRESS.—A RESPECTABLE GIRL AS waitress or chamber-maid and seamstress; two years' reference from last place. Call at No. 105 East 17th-st., present employer's.

WAITRESS.—BY A YOUNG WOMAN AS first-class waitress; who thoroughly understands her business; with four years' reference. Apply at No. 87 3d-av., corner 12th-st.

WET-NURSE.—A SITUATION AS WET-NURSE, by a healthy married woman, in a private family. Address No. 508 East 14th-st.

WET-NURSE.—A RESPECTABLE YOUNG German woman wants a situation; baby six weeks; has a good breast of milk. Apply at No. 204 6th-st., near Bowery.

MALES.

AN EXCELLENT PHONOGRAPHER desires an engagement with a commercial, law or insurance office; is an experienced correspondent and has the best of references. Address PHONOGRAPHER, Station D. Bible House.

CASHIER.—A POSITION AS ASSISTANT cashier, or a similar position of trust, by an American, aged nineteen; best of reference. Address ADVERTISER, No. 361 West 19th-st.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY A competent man of long experience in the proper care and training of horses, both for saddle and harness; well skilled in medicine; the highest references; is a Protestant; wages moderate. Can be seen at No. 948 Broadway, in the trunk-store.

COACHMAN AND GARDENER.—BY A respectable, lately-landed young German man, to care horses and do plain gardening; willing to make himself generally useful; will accept small wages to get a good home. Can be seen at No. 138 6th-av., over drug-store.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY A RELIABLE, trustworthy married man; understands the care of horses and carriages perfectly; country preferred; will be found willing and obliging; the very best City reference from last employer. Call or address No. 2.0 West 40th-st.

COACHMAN.—BY A SINGLE YOUNG man, as coachman and groom; understands his duties thoroughly; has first-class City references; no objection to the country. Address D. H., Box No. 5 *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

COACHMAN.—BY A YOUNG MAN, SINGLE, as coachman and groom; is willing to make himself generally useful; is a careful City driver; strictly sober; no objection to any part of the States; best City reference. Call or address J. R., No. 479 9th-av.

COACHMAN.—BY A RESPECTABLE ENGLISHMAN, (Protestant,) aged twenty-eight years; eight years' reference; is a careful driver and excellent groom; thoroughly experienced in the care, treatment, management, and training of horses. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

COACHMAN.—BY A VERY RESPECTABLE Protestant man, who understands the care of horses, harness and carriages; with several years' City references to capability and sobriety. Call or address for two days No. 13 East 39th-st.

COACHMAN.—BY A PROTESTANT SINGLE man; thorough horseman and City driver; sober and industrious; good reference. Address J. J., Seed Store, No. 576 Broadway.

COACHMAN AND GROOM.—BY A SINGLE man a situation as coachman and groom; best City references. Call or address T. S., No. 140 West 50th-st., private stable.

CARE OF HORSES.—EMPLOYMENT BY a middle-aged man where a number of horses are kept; understands the various diseases of the horse, and is well skilled in medicine; has served in some large establishments, both in City and country; the highest references given. Call at No. 948 Broadway, in the trunk-store.

CLERK OR USEFUL MAN.—BY A very respectable and highly-recommended young German, to make himself generally useful; is not afraid to work; wages no object. Can be seen at No. 138 6th-av., over drug-store.

COOK—WAITRESS.—BY A MAN AND wife, as cook and waitress; both are Protestants, and efficient in their respective capacities; highly recommended; if employed in one house, wages not so much an object as a comfortable home. Call or address C. W., No. 182 5th-av., grocery, between 22d and 23d sts.

GROOM OR COACHMAN.—BY A MARRIED man, aged thirty, Protestant, as groom or coachman in a gentleman's or lady's family; lately landed; understands his business, and is sober and steady. Call or address Wm. Casly, No. 203 Grand-st., Jersey City.

PASTRY MAN, WAITER OR PORTER in Hotel, Restaurant or Boarding-house.—By an Englishman, with good recommendations, who is capable of filling either of the above positions. Apply at No. 138 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

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WAITER.—A SUPERIOR PRIVATE WAITER, (Protestant,) accustomed to the duties of a first-class private family; good City references. Address A. B., Box No. 198 *Times* Office.

WAITER.—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-CLASS French waiter; speaks English perfectly; best City references; wages $50. Address Charles, *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

WAITER.—AS FIRST-CLASS WAITER BY an Englishman, with first-class City references. Address for two days F. W., Box No. 9 *Times* Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

WAITER.—BY A RESPECTABLE, COMPETENT young colored man as waiter in a private family; understands his duties thoroughly; excellent reference. Call or address No. 226 West 26th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN TWENTY years of age, a situation in some wholesale business; has had three years' experience at the hardware; best of City reference given. Address A. B. J., Box No. 179 *Times* Office.

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A. T. STEWART & CO. WANT SILK AND VELVET SALESMEN, those only who have been accustomed to the finest City trade. Apply personally or by letter, with references, to Manager's desk, Broadway and 10th-st.

CANVASSER WANTED—FOR THE MERCANTILE Agency business. Address with reference, Lock Drawer, No. 5,096 Post-office, Boston.

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WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS FRENCH, Swedish, or German girl, as cook, with good references. Apply at No. 279 Madison-av., side door.

WANTED—A COOK TO ASSIST IN THE washing and ironing. Call at No. 105 East 65th-st., near 4th-av.

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The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, OCT. 30, 1872.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,

ULYSSES S. GRANT,

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

HENRY WILSON,

OF MASSACHUSETTS.

"Gen. Grant never has been defeated, and he never will be."—HORACE GREELEY.

"While asserting the right of every Republican to his untrammeled choice of a candidate for next President until a nomination is made, I venture to suggest that Gen. Grant will be far better qualified for that momentous trust in 1872 than he was in 1868."—HORACE GREELEY, *Speech on 5th January, 1871.*

STATE REFORM NOMINATIONS.

For Governor,
Gen. JOHN A. DIX.
For Lieutenant-Governor,
Gen. JOHN C. ROBINSON.
For Canal Commissioner,
REUBEN V. STROUD.
For State Prison Inspector,
EZRA GRAVES.
For Congressman at Large,
LYMAN TREMAIN.

CITY REFORM NOMINATIONS.

For Mayor,
WILLIAM F. HAVEMEYER.
For Supreme Court,
NOAH DAVIS.
For Superior Court,
HOOPER C. VAN VORST.
For City Judge,
JOSIAH SUTHERLAND.
For District-Attorney,
BENJAMIN K. PHELPS.
For Coroner,
ADOLPH KESSLER.

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THE NEW-YORK TIMES.
New-York City.

Mr. DAVENPORT and his inspectors have already discovered 4,000 names fraudulently registered. This may be set down as a further deduction from the waning strength of Tammany Hall. Every citizen who desires that his vote should be respected, ought to do what he can toward the obtaining of an absolutely honest election. The easiest way to accomplish this is to examine the completed registry of the district, which is posted in every polling-place. As the registry is arranged by street numbers, any citizen can find out whether any person or persons falsely claiming to be entitled to vote have been registered from the number of his residence. Any information on this subject should be sent to Mr. DAVENPORT'S office, No. 41 Chambers-street, where it will, of course, be treated as confidential.

Is there any city of its size in the world where the consequences of a sudden breakdown of horses would be as serious as the present epidemic has caused here? New-York relies for its transportation of passengers and freight from one end of the City to the other, almost solely on horses. If anything could arouse the community to the absolute *necessity* of the completion of the Underground Railway, it would seem to be the present accident. Consider the enormous number of women and girls alone, now dependent on the horse-cars, who cannot take Mr. Bergh's well-meant advice, and walk from three to five miles to and from their work. As for freights, oxen have made their appearance in our streets, and will afford some relief; but it is to be hoped the City will go forward rather than backward in its provisions for the future.

The *Express* charges in an editorial that Mr. HAVEMEYER "put his name to" an anti-Catholic circular published in yesterday's *Sun*, while in the same issue it prints a letter from Mr. HAVEMEYER denying that he ever signed the aforesaid circular, or knew of its existence until he saw it in print. We agree with the *Express*, that "if this is not the meanest side of the politics of 1872, it will be hard to find anything meaner."

"What *is* the President's Indian policy?" asks the *Tribune*. Why ask idiotic questions? Every sensible man in the country knows what the President's Indian policy is—knows, moreover, that it was in main suggested by the Society of Friends. Instead of exposing its own ignorance, let the *Tribune* read our first campaign supplement, from which it will derive a great deal of information not only about the "President's policy," but about the opinions of HORACE GREELEY on secession and his Democratic supporters. Price two cents a copy.

Mr. THOMAS NAST, in the new number of *Harper's Weekly*, closes very fitly the long and splendid series of cartoons, with which he has pursued the swindle of Greelyism to its collapse. One of his drawings is a parting salute to the Tammany newspapers, whose editors are trying to cover Tammany Hall with their sheets, and to disinfect it of the smell of corruption. Chief among the figures is that of FENTON'S Professor, trying to write an article on the "Reformed Tammany," in which he is disturbed by the stench arising from the prostrate form of TWEED, which all the *Heralds, Worlds, News'* and *Express'* piled on him do not suffice to cover up. Near by, Mr. GREELEY himself is daubing the contents of a whitewash pail on the crumbling walls, having first, as is his habit, "put his foot in it." The whole cartoon is a biting satire on the power of "the Press," which will not soon be forgotten. The cartoon with the subscription "The Pirates under False Colors—Can They Capture the Ship of State?" is the most powerful Mr. NAST has made. Its grouping is the most effective, its conception in general and in detail the most vigorous and sustained; and every face is a chapter of history. The pirate ship sails under the flag of peace and reform; its Captain, GREELEY, hat off and hand outstretched, hails benignantly the ship of State, which, with the Union flag at the masthead, passes by under full sail. The "Manager" fiddles the tune of "This is not an Organ," standing tip-toe on a barrel of gunpowder representing newspaper lies, with a lighted fuse burning near it. On the deck are crouched the "pirates," under command of RAPHAEL SEMMES; among them the reader will recognize BLAIR and JEFF. DAVIS and the Tammany crew. TIPTON sings a psalm. FERNANDO WOOD crawls up from between decks with a knife in his teeth, and poor Mr. SUMNER, squatting on the gunwale, looks up from "The History of the Popes," with an expression that astonishingly fits the mood in which he has fought this fight, confining his gaze to matters very remote from the purpose of the false band by whom he has been surrounded. Such a cartoon as this is a contribution to the defeat of the coalition plot as great as it is unique. We need not say that its full scope can only be realized by studying the work itself. Mr. NAST and the HARPERS have deserved well of all friends of the Republican Party and reform, throughout this long and arduous campaign.

The last Cooper Institute meeting is to be held to-night. Secretary BOUTWELL will address it, as well as Speaker BLAINE. They should have a great audience, and undoubtedly will have one. The Secretary of the Treasury has gained the respect of all classes by the integrity and fidelity of the administration of his office. As for Speaker BLAINE, every Republican should think of him with gratitude. He organized in Maine one of the earliest and most splendid victories of the campaign. He has been hard at work through all the canvass, with an energy, tact and unselfishness never surpassed in similar service. Moreover, he has received much abuse without deserving any, and honest men are drawn to him by that fact also. Let the meeting be a rousing one, and let the public show their respect for faithful men who have been made the subjects of abominable calumnies.

The *Tribune* has done many humiliating things in this canvass. None ought to make it more ashamed of itself than its support of Sunset Cox as against LYMAN TREMAIN, in this State, and of Mr. EATON as against Gen. HAWLEY, in Connecticut. It has denounced Cox times without number, as a charlatan, a trimmer, a carpet-bagger, as without principle or consistency or moral force. Mr. Cox is a piece of Tammany property, and for years has been in intimate alliance with the corruptionists, and has never dared to open his lips in Congress except in defense of New-York Ring measures, or on some question that the Ring cared nothing for. This is the man the *Tribune* prefers to LYMAN TREMAIN, whose reputation is without blemish, and who was true during the war. The Connecticut case is even worse. Mr. EATON is, and has always been, a pronounced States rights Democrat. He believed the war a gigantic persecution, and the soldiers of the Union hired murderers. If he had had his way, there would be no United States Congress to be elected, and no Presidency to be filled. Against him is Gen. HAWLEY, a pure public man, an upright gentleman, a conscientious student of politics, and a soldier of national fame. The *Tribune* denounces the soldier, and upholds the copperhead. What a record for GREELEY'S *Tribune* to make for itself!

It is incredible that the people of the Tenth Congressional District should prefer FERNANDO WOOD as Congressman to Mr. WM. A. DARLING. The latter is known to be a capable, honorable, and patriotic man. WOOD has done everything in his power to convince the public that he ought not to be trusted. He disgraced the City as its Mayor, threatened a riot when he was ousted by superior authority, proposed the secession of Manhattan Island when the war broke out, and connived at sending arms to the enemy. What claim can he have on the vote of any decent man? We are happy to believe that the prospect of his defeat is excellent.

The Tammany candidate for Mayor—Mr. ABRAHAM R. LAWRENCE—is reported in yesterday's *Herald* as having made a speech "before the delegates of the Matthew T. Brennan Association." Are the people specially anxious to have as Mayor a man who is hand in glove with MATTHEW T. BRENNAN and the entire Tammany gang?

The *World*, which illustrates its ideas of dignity in political discussions, by speaking of the President of the United States as "our friend G.," and by abusing his wife and children, says that since Mr. KERNAN'S nomination as Governor, we have "persistently thrust his religious faith forward as an argument against his election." Our readers know that this is the reverse of the truth. We have never attacked Mr. KERNAN on the score of his religion—we have simply protested against insidious appeals to the Irish Catholic vote in his behalf, and pointed out the danger of introducing religion into politics. When we assert that the *World* has stated anything, we are prepared with dates and facts. Let it produce the passages in which we have "persistently" attacked Mr. KERNAN as a Roman Catholic. We decline to have any discussion with a paper which supported the Tammany Ring, defended the Code Amendments bill, and called Mr. SAMUEL J. TILDEN and Mr. ANDREW H. GREEN confederates of CONNOLLY and TWEED. But when the *World* puts rubbish into our mouths, we now and then think it advisable to expose its frauds. On Saturday it pretended to quote some remarks from us which never appeared in this journal. Let it now give dates and quotations.

Our Presidential Candidate.

Every honest man should rejoice over the manner in which Gen. GRANT'S reputation has passed through the campaign now so near its triumphant close. We have never had a longer, and seldom so bitter a one, and through it all he has been the central object of attack. From the moment when the Senatorial cabal opened their assault during the last session of Congress, down to the present time, there has been an unceasing attempt to break down the character of the President, and at every stage this attempt has been an ignominious failure. Recall for an instant the long list of slanders which have been aimed at him, and which have been returned to their inventors. He was an obstinate zealot, bent on enforcing his own ideas, and punishing every one that disagreed with him; but he has either won the cordial approval of the country for his measures—as for civil service reform; or he has won its respect by waiving his views when his course is not approved, as in the case of San Domingo. He was quarrelsome and narrow in his personal likes and dislikes; yet he has called out the heartiest tributes to his modesty, sincerity, and worth from men of the most different characters and connections. His habits were bad, and he was given to idle pleasure-seeking; but ministers of the Gospel and a host of those who have seen him day in and day out, have shown that he is temperate, laborious, and always responsive to the claims of duty. He was avaricious, and gave offices in return for gifts; but this story, after being kept on its legs for months by tremendous lying, was knocked in the head by evidence that the President gave no offices for gifts, and received no gifts when having, or likely to have, any offices to bestow; and that he was, in all his private affairs, an honorable, careful, modest gentleman.

But we need not recite in detail the exploded fabrications of the coalition Press. It is gratifying that they have been dispersed; but what is of more importance to the country, whose highest official they concerned, is, that they have been met by him in firm and self-respecting silence. He has been nobly vindicated, but his deeds, not his words, have done the work. He has left his reputation with his fellow-citizens, offering in his own defense nothing but the quiet, patient performance of all his duties as they came along. The history of this campaign of lies, and of its miserable failure, is worth more than can now be told to the country, whose young men are being taught by it that, after all, it is the true man whose success is sure and irreversible.

Nor is it only in the President's vindication as to his character that all honest men have reason to rejoice. The vindication of his policy is equally important. He has set before himself from the beginning some aims not generally regarded as popular among politicians. He resolved, in regard to the finances, to consult the honor, and not the fleeting passions of the people; in diplomacy to do everything he could for peace, and nothing for show; and in domestic affairs to inaugurate as far as lay in his power the principle that positions of trust under the Government are *not* spoils for victors in political struggles. In respect of all these aims, much has been accomplished. The miserable sophistries of repudiation are no longer even mentioned. The most perplexing and threatening questions of foreign policy have been honorably and peacefully settled. Civil service reform has had more done for it than its most enthusiastic friends dared to hope would even be promised in years.

In this brief review of the President's victories in peace, the people have a right to feel profound satisfaction. They are the victories not only of honesty and good sense, but of a sturdy confidence in the people themselves, and an unvarying fidelity to their best judgment. To change such a President for a man who is ready to sacrifice the convictions of a life-time for office, would be a suicidal measure; and the people are not likely to try the experiment.

The Greeley Camp Breaking Up.

In yesterday's TIMES, facts were given in regard to the desertion of GREELEY by three of his most prominent supporters in North Carolina. Advices received here show that these are but the first indications of a general break-up of the Greeley coalition all over the South. So long as there remained the slightest hope of the election of the Baltimore nominee, the Southern leaders were prepared to go to any length to carry the old slave States for the bondsman of JEFF. DAVIS. The Georgia State election gave evidence of the kind of tactics they were likely to pursue, wherever they dared, in November. Intimidation, violence, and wholesale fraud formed an essential part of the programme of Southern Democrats. While there remained any chance of being supported by the Northern Democracy, the rebel element in the South was not likely to abandon its determination to carry its candidate, by fair means if it could, by fraud and violence if it must.

The expectation of Northern support has now been most conclusively shown to be baseless. In Pennsylvania, if anywhere, the Democracy were calculated upon as certain to vote solid against the Republican candidates for Governor and members of Congress. The absolutely unprecedented majorities of over 35,000 on the Governor and over 47,000 on the Congressional districts, place the fact beyond question that not only was the Republican strength in Pennsylvania entirely untouched by the "Liberal" movement, but that the nomination at Baltimore sent thousands of Democratic voters into the Republican ranks. The Southern delegations to the Democratic National Convention went almost unanimously for HORACE GREELEY, because they believed he was still a power in the Republican Party, and that his secession could be depended upon to vitally diminish the strength of that party. The South sacrificed everything to success, and it finds that the sacrifice has been worse than useless. GREELEY'S candidature has demoralized the Northern Democracy, and has only served to rally the Republican forces to more united and harmonious effort than it might have been possible to secure against a less objectionable opponent. Now that the Southern leaders have found out how stupendous a blunder they made, it is hardly to be wondered at if they decline to stultify themselves still further by persevering in it to the end. There is no use fighting against the inevitable, and the South knows the conqueror of LEE too well to be ignorant of the fact that a frank and manly surrender will be a fresh incitement to him to see that no abuse is made of victory. A reckless persistence in a lost cause is merely calculated to intensify the passions which a struggle like this will leave behind it, and to render more difficult that task of conciliation and restored unity, in the prosecution of which President GRANT, at least, has never faltered.

Such considerations are having their due effect on the South now, and will continue to operate with a vigor which increases with every hour that elapses between this and the day of election. It has been settled beyond all question, that the Administration of President GRANT, sustained by a large Republican majority in both houses of Congress, is certain to have another four years' lease of power. The South is only obeying the dictates of political policy and ordinary common sense in showing a disposition to take that Administration and the party it represents at their word, in regard to the future policy of peace and reform, in preference to continuing a barren fight in the same spirit as if it were a barbarous feud.

Religion in Politics.

Our readers will bear witness that we have alluded with extreme repugnance to the introduction of the religious opinions of candidates for office into the pending State canvass. We should never have said a word in regard to Mr. KERNAN'S, if they had not been obtruded on the public by way of appeal to the Roman Catholic voters to support him—first through the columns of the *Tribune*, by innuendo, in announcing his nomination, and next by Gov. SEYMOUR, in direct terms, by asking votes for him on the ground that he was a Roman Catholic. We should have kept silent throughout the canvass had not the *World* and the *Tribune* continually thrust this issue upon us by pretending that Mr. KERNAN was opposed on this ground, when there is abundant evidence that this simulated defense is but the cover to a great combination, conducted with untiring activity and perseverance, to secure for him the solid vote of our Roman Catholic population.

But for these unworthy devices to accomplish political ends, we should have confined our opposition to Mr. KERNAN to his war record, and to his subserviency to party leaders who dishonored the State by their lukewarmness in support of the Government during its late painful struggle for existence, and who have plundered the City by the stupendous system of fraud which grew up under their auspices.

His supporters have chosen to appeal to religious prejudice to sustain their cause under the depressing results of the elections in other States. It is the first time in our history that a man's religious opinions have been thrust into a political canvass as a qualification for office. It is the first time that an attempt has been made to gain political power by appeals to religious prejudice. It is the first time that politics and religion have been threatened with a common demoralization by an association dangerous to both. We have protested against this unhallowed alliance from the outset. We shall protest against it to the last. It is far better for the interests of Mr. KERNAN'S supporters, religious and political, that he should be beaten on the ground on which rash and unscrupulous partisans have placed him. His defeat will be far more for the interest of the Roman Catholic Church than his success. He cannot triumph on that ground without arraying against the religious system of which he has been put forward as the representative a torrent of hostility, which it will be difficult to resist. All religious denominations, under our free institutions, stand on the same level of non-interference by others and by the Government. But if any one of them enters into the political arena as a partisan, putting forward its candidates as the representatives of its peculiar doctrines and dogmas, it will be a signal which will be certain to rally all others to a determined, if not an embittered, resistance. We utter these notes of warning now and in advance, as deserving the grave consideration of all sober-minded men.

We have never advocated the support of Gen. DIX because he is a Protestant. We scorn to do so in imitation of the bad example of his opponents. We ask the people to give him their votes because he has been true to his country in every position he has occupied; because he was among the first to uphold the Government during the severest trial of its strength through which it has ever passed; and because he has sustained in his private life a character for integrity which cannot be impeached. If, in disregard of these qualifications for office, there are any among us who choose to support his competitor on account of his religious opinions, in compliance with appeals subversive of one of the first principles of our political system, we think we are not mistaken in predicting, in the event of their success, a harvest of animosity, of which it is difficult to estimate either the bitterness or the extent.

How About The City?

Reports from the interior of the State are of the most encouraging character: the Republicans of nearly all the rural counties appear to be thoroughly aroused, and are working in a manner that gives assurance of a glorious victory on Tuesday next. Let not the Republicans of this City lag behind their brethren in the country. The Republican Party never had a more splendid opportunity to redeem the Metropolis, and place itself in the ascendency, than now. We honestly believe that the City of New-York can be carried for GRANT and DIX, and that the majority of our City and County ticket can be elected. Is not such a result worth working for? For long years past the Republican Party of the State has been weighed down, discouraged, and disheartened by the enormous majorities which the Democracy apparently received in this City. These majorities, as everybody knows, were in large part fraudulent—won by repeating and false counting. What was not won by fraud, was achieved by the enormous patronage of the City Government, controlled and unscrupulously used by Tammany Hall. The people were robbed of millions every year, and the proceeds of the robbery used to keep the robbers in power.

All this is now changed. The treasury is no longer at the command of Tammany for electioneering purposes; its repeaters and camp followers are demoralized and powerless, and honest citizens can now cast their votes for honest representatives, with the assurance that they will be counted as polled. There is no good reason, and never has been, any, why New-York should forever be known as the "Gibraltar of Democracy," any more than Philadelphia. It is even more interested than that city in the triumph of Republican principles, and the sway of honest government. And yet, through fraud and rascality, and the continued reign through a long series of years of a gang of Democratic thieves and plunderers, the people have been cheated of their rights, robbed of their property, defrauded of their franchise, and their splendid Metropolis made to appear to the world as the very citadel of bogus Democracy. It is time that this scandal was ended, and the fair fame of the City vindicated. It can be done at this election. The Republicans have nominated candidates who command the respect and confidence of every honest voter, whatever be his politics, and they have it in their power to elect them. It will be to their everlasting shame if, by neglect and inaction, they allow the opportunity to slip.

De Witt C. Littlejohn.

It will take Mr. D. C. LITTLEJOHN some time to "live down" the exposure of his dishonesty and treachery which Mr. THOMAS MURPHY made in the letter we published yesterday. That Mr. LITTLEJOHN, in the relations of private life, has acted in a singularly base manner, no one can doubt who is properly acquainted with the facts. He was under great personal obligations to Mr. MURPHY, and he requited them by making attacks upon Mr. MURPHY'S character which he must have known to be false. It is an old saying, verified by hard experience, that if you want to make an enemy of a man, the shortest way to do it is to render him a service. Mr. D. C. LITTLEJOHN acts up to that standard. He lays his friends under contribution, and then takes the first opportunity of stabbing them in the back. First to use a man, and then to slander him, is Mr. LITTLEJOHN'S method of treating his friends. In private life such a being is usually described as a rascal. Is there any reason why LITTLEJOHN should not be so stigmatized? If there is, we fail to see it.

Apart from this personal matter, there is a phase of LITTLEJOHN'S conduct which intimately concerns the people of Oswego County, who are asked to send him as one of their representatives to the State Assembly. That he has a constitutional capacity for acting the part of a traitor is pretty well established by his recent career. He is alike false to his friends and false to his party. He had no hesitation whatever in joining FENTON in the attempt to sell out the Republican Party to the Democrats. Whether he has induced FENTON to indorse any of his "little bills" or not, we cannot say—if he has, we may be sure that he will take the first chance which offers itself of blackguarding FENTON in return for the favor done him. At any rate, LITTLEJOHN eagerly joined in the conspiracy to destroy the Republican Party, and he is now a candidate for the Assembly, solely in order that he may be able the better to accomplish his purpose. If he is elected, he will inevitably be the determined opponent of all reform, and the systematic advocate of bribery and corruption. We have every reason to assume this from the fact that he now stands before the people of the State charged with having been dishonestly interested in the fortunes of the old Tammany Ring. He is accused of intriguing for the management of the Midland Railroad, and having received it in consideration of his "political influence." When the Tweed charter was projected, LITTLEJOHN was the first Republican "retained" to support it. He has always helped Tammany—never opposed it. He has been denounced by HORACE GREELEY as a "corruptionist and tool of Tammany Hall." His whole career has been worthy of a man who borrows money of a friend to save himself from financial ruin, and then sits down to concoct mendacious calumnies concerning that friend.

Is such a person fit to be one of the representatives of Oswego County in the Assembly? Will the people of that county disgrace themselves by electing such a double-dyed traitor? Against him is running a perfectly unexceptionable Republican—Mr. D. G. FORT. Mr. FORT is an upright man—is neither a sneak nor a traitor; has not defiled himself with alliances with Tammany; and is a man in every way worthy of confidence. As between Mr. FORT and TWEED'S LITTLEJOHN, how can any intelligent citizen hesitate which to choose? If LITTLEJOHN crawls back to the Assembly, he will only do the dirty work of any corrupt faction or corporation. Why not bury him comfortably next Tuesday, with FENTON and the rest of the unprincipled clique to which they belong?

Commissioner Davenport.

The calm and effectual reply of Commissioner DAVENPORT to the envenomed personal attacks upon him that have filled the columns of the Greeley Press for the last week, cannot but raise him in the estimation of every candid man who prefers truth and fair play to misrepresentation and slander. So far as his agency in the enforcement of the Registry law of Congress is concerned, he shows that there has been no shadow of ground for complaint from any one. His instructions to the Supervisors of Election in executing their duty, if followed by them, could not possibly give offense to any reasonable person; and Mr. DAVENPORT justly protests against being held responsible for a violation of these instructions by his subordinates, at least until the fact of such violation is made known to him by the person aggrieved, which has not yet been done in a single instance. It is a curious and significant fact that the persons who so loudly complain of the conduct of the Government officers, rush to Democratic meetings or Greeley newspapers with their complaints, instead of making them to the proper authority, when, if well founded, they could be rectified. The truth appears to be that they have sought a quarrel with innocent men who were simply doing their duty, in order that they might excite a prejudice against the law for partisan purposes. But, unfortunately for them, Mr. DAVENPORT shows that there is nothing in the law that is not repeated in a more stringent form in the State Registry law signed by Gov. HOFFMAN last Winter, and that both laws met with the unqualified approbation of the Democratic candidate for President, who devised the plan for their enforcement which is now being followed by Mr. DAVENPORT.

The Ninth Congressional District.

On Tuesday next the people of the Ninth District of this City will be called upon to elect a suitable person to represent them in the Forty-third Congress. Three candidates have been put forward—MICHAEL CONNOLLY, otherwise known as the "Big Judge," by Tammany Hall; JOHN HARDY, by Apollo Hall, and DAVID B. MELLISH, by Republicans and Reformers. Both CONNOLLY and HARDY are in every way objectionable men. But of the two, more reasons can be urged for the defeat of the former than the latter. CONNOLLY is a man who cannot be content for a year without occupying some public office. He is boisterous in his manner and unprincipled in his actions. After winding up his career as Register of the City, some months since, he immediately began the practice of law, taking among his first clients a pair of Boulevard dog-fighters, who were being prosecuted by Mr. BERGH for cruelty to animals. When the case came up for examination, CONNOLLY made his appearance and commenced a tirade of abuse against Mr. BERGH, of so violent and threatening a nature that the presiding magistrate was obliged to interfere, and warn him that he would be committed to prison if he persisted in such disgraceful conduct. This is only one of the numerous reasons that might be urged for the defeat of this man. HARDY, while Clerk of the Board of Aldermen of which THOMAS COMAN was President, made a record that cannot be blotted out very easily. Mr. MELLISH, on the other hand, is the candidate of the Reformers. His character is free from taint, and, in every political sense, he is head and shoulders above his two opponents. Voters who have a proper regard for their own self-respect will therefore see the necessity of casting their ballots for Mr. MELLISH.

THE ELECTION LAW.

A Card from Commissioner Davenport—Misstatement Corrected.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

My attention was called at a late hour today to an article in the *Evening Post*, of Monday, entitled "Official Explanation Asked." While I have neither the time nor the inclination to notice the various misstatements, false charges, incorrect reports, and lengthy accounts of interviews never had, and official action never taken, which are daily furnished the community through the medium of the Press, I am always quite willing to respond to a courteous inquiry.

The act of Congress of Feb. 28, 1872, makes it my duty "to cause the names of registered persons whose right to register or vote shall be honestly doubted, to be verified by proper inquiry and examination at the respective places by them assigned as their residences," and for the purpose of making such verification requires the services of the supervisors of election and deputy marshals. The former officers are appointed by the Circuit Court of the United States upon my recommendation, and the latter by the United States Marshal.

To discharge the duty of causing the registry to be verified, I had prepared suitable books which were furnished each of the supervisors and marshals engaged in the work, together with one or more copies of a circular headed as follows: "Extracts from Laws of Congress, &c. The attention of citizens is particularly directed to the following provisions." Then followed such portions of sections 4, 8, and 13 as related to the rights, duties, and powers of officers engaged in the work, and the whole of section 10, which prescribes the penalties for interfering with or obstructing the officers while in the discharge of duty, or for refusing to answer, or answering falsely, all lawful inquiries. This circular officers were instructed to exhibit or read to any one who questioned their action. That, if possible, no necessity should exist for a second house verification, and that citizens might be troubled and annoyed as little as possible—two days of registration remaining—all officers were instructed that while they had no right to demand and insist upon answers respecting persons other than those who were already registered, a list of whom on the block assigned each officer was delivered him, they were, if possible, to obtain the names of all male residents. That while there were other particulars which should be obtained, those of "residence and name" were the most important, and where any person courteously refused to give them even the name of a resident of a house, they were simply to enter the fact of such refusal in their books, and pass quietly on, but where any one undertook or threatened to forcibly prevent them from making their lawful inquiries, such fact was at once to be reported. How well these officers performed their difficult and trying duties may be judged from the fact that within five days' time they visited every house in the City of New-York, and obtained the names of more than 250,000 persons.

To this hour no individual has made to me any complaint respecting the conduct of any officer, nor have I heard of any complaints other than that made by Mr. Abraham S. Hewitt a few evenings since, (and to which the *Evening Post* and "G. P. P." call my attention.) Mr. Hewitt's statement, which ordinary courtesy would have required should have first been made to me, was, although uttered at a political meeting and in a manner and spirit wholly intemperate, deemed by me of sufficient importance to warrant investigation, and full examination into the charges made is being had. Should they prove well founded, I shall certainly recommend instant removal and proper punishment of the offender. But admitting the facts to be as stated, I confess I am at a loss to discover by what process of reasoning or justice I can be blamed or held accountable for the acts of a *sworn* officer, even though he be under my direction, who willfully exceeds or violates his instructions and duties, any more than could Mr. Hewitt for the wrongful or illegal conduct of any employe of the Trenton Iron-works.

And here let me call the attention of the public, and especially of those Democratic journals whose columns now teem with abuse of Congress for enacting, and the national authorities for enforcing, the provisions under discussion, to section 41 of the Registry and Election law of the State of New-York, applicable to the City of New-York, approved 1872 by Gov. John T. Hoffman, the provisions of which, upon this subject, are far in advance of those of the National Government, and to my knowledge have been taken advantage of during this canvass. Not only are sworn officers of election—inspectors and poll clerks—given the right of canvassing from house to house, making personal inquiries, but each political party and each candidate for office is given the right to name persons who may engage in such work. And still further: While verification, under the National law, is confined to those who are registered under the State law, "full inquiry respecting any and every male resident of any dwelling, building or other place of abode, his age, term of residence, and qualifications as a voter" may be made.

Upon the subject of arrests, of which so much has been said, allow me to add that no person whatever who refused even lawful inquiries has been arrested, though liable to arrest, and a punishment of not exceeding thirty days' imprisonment, or a fine of $100—or both. But two persons in the whole City have been arrested by me upon any charge whatever connected with the verification of the registry, and these two are charged, not with a simple refusal to answer a deputy's questions, but with the more heinous offense of obstructing and preventing deputy marshals from discharging their duties. If, however, I am ever called upon to act in any matter in which individuals occupying different positions in society shall be found acting together in violation of the laws, I say, with all due respect, that consulting my own preferences, I shall first deal with the Hewitts and the Brookses, rather than with the poor, uneducated denizens of Mackerelville or the Five Points.

Permit me in closing, in view of the recent attacks upon the National Election laws by the *Tribune*, to appeal from the Horace Greeley of today, drunk with political ambition, disappointment, and rage, to the sober Horace Greeley of two years ago, who, both voluntarily and at my request, repeatedly penned editorials for the *Tribune* urging Congress to pass the act of Feb. 28, 1871; to the Horace Greeley of one year ago this month, who, during an hour's interview with me, in which the whole plan of enforcing that act and verifying the registry, followed by me this year, was laid before him and discussed, warmly approved of the same; to the Horace Greeley of last March, who in my presence read in proof the State bill referred to herein as signed by Gov. Hoffman, and commended it for the extreme stringency of its provisions. And lastly, I appeal from the *World* of Oct. 27, which charges me with disfranchising thousands of citizens, and from the *Sunday Mercury* of the same date which objects to the smallness of the present registration, and says, "there are undoubtedly over 200,000 legal voters resident in New-York," to the New-York *Tribune* of today, which says: "The largest honest vote ever polled in this City was that of last November, when, out of a registry of 152,592, there were thrown for Secretary of State 137,463 votes. The registration this year is, we are willing to believe, in many respects a more honest one than that of 1871, and the total is 148,810, or 3,782 less than last year's."

I have the honor to be, very respectfully yours,
JOHN I. DAVENPORT,
Chief Supervisor of Elections.
NEW-YORK, Tuesday, Oct. 29, 1872.

THE GEORGIA KUKLUX.

Trial of the Wilkinson County Barbarians—The Murderers of the Macon Republicans to be Prosecuted.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Oct. 29.—The Wilkinson County Kuklux who have been tried by United States Commissioner Stone, have been bound over to appear before the Circuit Court, which meets in November. The crimes committed by the Kuklux of that county prove them to be as barbarous as the most savage Indians. District-Attorney Farrow is determined to find out the guilty parties and have them punished. He has gone to Macon to prosecute the men who murdered the Republicans on the day of election. Our Republican leaders are determined to prosecute the Kuklux Democracy who carried Georgia at the late election by fraud, violence, and murder, but we must rely entirely on the United States Courts. The State Courts give us no protection.

The Canvass in New-Jersey.

From the Elizabeth Journal, Oct. 29.

The camp fires are blazing brightly throughout the State for this closing week of the campaign. Over 100 meetings will be held in various places. Among the orators will be Secretaries Robeson, Delano, Boutwell, and Creswell, Speaker Blaine, Senator Frelinghuysen, Congressmen Hill, Halsey, and Hazelton, Messrs. Phelps, Dobbins, Clark, Scudder, and other prominent gentlemen. The Republican State Committee's advices from all parts are most cheering. The Democrats virtually gave up the State at their conference the other day at Jersey City, and while their leaders are thus demoralized and indifferent the Republicans are energetically at work, as the Elizabeth *Herald* says, "with complete organization and success tactics."

THE GRAND JURY'S WORK.

Arrest of Aldermen Robinson and Costello—Warrants Issued for the Arrest Ingersoll, Farrington and Coman.

Isaac Robinson and Edward Costello, Assistant Aldermen, were arrested yesterday, on bench warrants issued by Judge Brady on the day previous. The arrest was merely a formal one, as the indicted parties had been informed of the warrants against them, and in consequence put in an appearance at the Sheriff's office at an early hour. Sheriff Brennan, Clerk of Arrests Jarvis, with their two prisoners, immediately proceeded to the Court of Oyer and Terminer, in order that Judge Brady should fix the amount of necessary bail. The warrants were handed to Judge Brady, who, after hastily perusing them, observed to Robinson that he was charged with the very serious offense of bribery. Mr. Robinson inquired what amount of bail would be required, and the Judge replied, "$5,000 in each case." The prisoners then retired to the District-Attorney's office, where the bonds were drawn up, and the bail completed. The bondsmen in the case of Robinson are Mr. William Colligan, of No. 58 Monroe-street, and Mr. Bernard Costello, of No. 323 East Twenty-seventh-street, and in the case of Costello, Mr. Bernard Costello is the bondsman for the whole amount. The indictments against the Assistant Alderman are precisely alike, and charge them with the same offense.

In the testimony taken before the Grand Jury preparatory to the finding of these indictments, it was proved that Costello made an offer to Mr. Hoyt, the Superintendent of the New-York and New-Haven Railroad, to stop the passage of a resolution (marked special order No. 101 in the minutes of the Board of Aldermen) for the sum of $7,500. Robinson also made his offer in person, on the same occasion, to Mr. W. D. Bishop, the President of the same road, in presence of Mr. Hoyt and his confrere, Costello.

In addition to this the testimony proved that the resolution in question, which, if passed, would have had the effect of preventing the New-Haven Railroad Company running their freight-cars through the streets of the City, owed its origin entirely to the two Aldermen. After they had offered the resolution to the Board of Aldermen, and had so arranged things that its fate hung entirely in their hands, they black-mailed the Railroad Company, as detailed above. The rumor, so freely circulated, of the indictment of Mr. D. D. Conover, and other Aldermen has not been confirmed. The truth of the matter is that the actions of the entire Board of Aldermen were subjected to the scrutiny of the Grand Jury, and a number of witnesses were examined in relation to the acts of Mr. Conover and others. It eventually transpired that against only two Aldermen, Robinson and Costello, was there sufficient of direct testimony to warrant the Grand Jury in presenting indictments.

Of the other "Ring" indictments presented by the jury, a warrant is in the hands of the Sheriff for the arrest of James H. Ingersoll on an indictment distinct from that against the the three Court-house Commissioners, Ingersoll, Coman, and Norton. It is believed that the indictment against these three has been quashed for unknown reasons, or, at all events, will be pigeon-holed for an indefinite period.

Bench warrants are also in the hands of the Sheriff for the arrest of John D. Farrington, charged with forgery, and Thomas Coman, charged with conspiracy to defraud. It is alleged that Farrington swindled the City out of $20,000 by forging the name of Eugene A. Heath to a bill for City work which was never done. It is not expected that any of these warrants will be put into immediate execution. Ingersoll, who is already on bail, is out of town, and Coman, who is running for Alderman, can be found at any moment.

Up to a late hour last night no arrest was made.

ELECTION POOL-SELLING.

A Lively Scene at Johnsen's—Nobody Willing to Touch Greeley—The Pools on the States—Betting on the Mayoralty—Havemeyer the Favorite.

Last evening, according to announcement in the morning journals, pool-selling on the election commenced at Johnson's saloon, underneath Apollo Hall, at the corner of Broadway and Twenty-eighth-street. The place was crowded long before 8 o'clock, and the persons present were by no means confined to the sporting fraternity. There were many who were distinctly gentlemen, and had come to show the warmth of their political sentiments by backing the candidate of their preference. Long before Mr. Johnson mounted his rostrum all the seats in the place were occupied, and there was a standing phalanx of men nine and ten deep. The pool-seller commenced by opening pool-selling on the State, and the speculator started with $100 for the first choice, which was not contested. He named Grant. The pool-seller then attempted to sell Mr. Greeley, but could get no bid at all for him. One of the men connected with Johnson's pool-selling arrangement cried, "Come, gentlemen, I'll start him for you; I'll bid $50." There was a dead silence, and the second choice was knocked down to the unfortunate speaker, who immediately shouted, "That's enough of the State; nobody wants to bid on Greeley. Let's have the pools on the Mayoralty." Mr. Johnson then commenced selling pools for first choice of the three competitors—Havemeyer, O'Brien and Lawrence. The sporting men backed O'Brien to start with, and made him slightly the favorite, the pools selling $130 O'Brien, $120 Havemeyer, $90 Lawrence. On the eighth pool Havemeyer and O'Brien sold for even money, $500 each, Lawrence fetching only $220. From this point Havemeyer forged decidedly ahead, Lawrence falling more and more into the background. Havemeyer at length fetching $210, O'Brien $165, and Lawrence only $65. A single pool was sold on the State of New-Jersey, Grant bringing $150 and Greeley $65. Another one was sold on Indiana—Grant, $100 and Greeley, $40. For Connecticut, $200 was given for Grant as first choice, and no bid at all was made for the second choice. A pool was also sold on 20,000 majority for Grant in New-York State—affirmative, $100; negative, $80. An attempt was made to sell a pool on Dix and Kernan, $150 being given for Dix; but so small a sum was offered for Kernan that the sale was not consummated. Finding it impossible to sell on anything save the mayoralty, Johnson returned to that, Havemeyer being still first favorite at about the same odds. The pool-selling will be continued all the week.

Brooklyn Politics.

The Kings County Republican General Committee met at head-quarters, over the Brooklyn Post-office, last evening, for the purpose of making arrangements with regard to the coming election. A number of responsible men were selected to take charge of the Republican tickets the day before the election and distribute them through the several wards.

A Republican Mass Meeting will be held on Friday evening at the Brooklyn Academy of Music, to be addressed by Gov. Woodford and other eminent speakers.

The Working Men's Grant and Wilson Club of the Twentieth Ward met last night at the Old Chapel on Cumberland-street, between Myrtle and Park avenues, and made arrangements to turn out in the procession to-night.

Theodore Kolyer presided, and Charles F. McCarthy was Secretary.

Under the auspices of the Twelfth Ward Grant and Wilson Club there was a largely attended and enthusiastic public meeting last night at Hoffman's Hall, No. 376 Van Brunt-street. There was a grand display of fire-works, Chinese lanterns, &c. Resolutions were read ratifying the National, State, and Municipal nominees. Mr. John Holcomb, the President, occupied the chair. Col. F. S. Lambert addressed the meeting at considerable length in favor of the Republican tickets. Other speakers followed, after which the meeting adjourned, with cheers for Grant and Wilson.

The Fifth Ward Grant and Wilson Campaign Club held their last public campaign meeting last night at their hall, corner of High and Bridge streets. It was largely attended, and patriotic songs were sung by the Glee Club. Mr. George Cartwright delivered a stirring address. Capts. Jacobs and Flynn followed in lucid and argumentative addresses, after which the meeting adjourned.

The Twenty-first Ward Republican Association met last night at their Wigwam, in Gates, near Marcy-avenue, with J. C. Watson in the chair. Arrangements were made for the grand torch-light parade this evening, and for polling the full Republican vote on the 5th of November.

F. W. Jennings has been nominated for the Assembly, in the Eighth District, by the Republicans who were discontented with the nomination of Adrian Suydam, the regular nominee.

The Second Ward Republicans have unanimously indorsed the nomination of Francis Markey, who is the candidate on the Democratic and Citizens' ticket.

Local Nominations Last Night.

The Eleventh Assembly District Convention of the Apollo Hall Democracy nominated Charles P. Sykes for Assembly.

The Fifth District Grant Republican Convention nominated Henry Wisser for Assistant Alderman.

At the Sixteenth Assembly District Republican Convention ex-Senator Wm. Laimbeer was nominated for Assembly. The name of Capt. Michael Cregan was indorsed amid applause.

The Executive Committee of the National Democracy met last evening at their head-quarters and nominated Richard O'Brien, David M. Koehler, Patrick Lysaght, Geo. W. Plunkitt, Thos. Shields and John Reilly, for Aldermen, and Henry Woltman for Coroner.

Creamer and O'Brien Ratification Meeting.

A ratification meeting was held last night at Pythagoras Hall, in Canal-street, to ratify the nomination of Senator Thomas J. Creamer to Congress for the Seventh District, and James O'Brien for Mayor. Among the speakers were Ex-Coroner Gover, who advocated the cause of Creamer and O'Brien. T. J. Montgomery eulogized Creamer and O'Brien. The candidate for District-Attorney, Mr. W. C Whitney, also addressed the assemblage, and others spoke to some length.

O'Brien Mass-Meeting in the First Ward—Speech by the Senator.

From 3,000 to 5,000 persons assembled last evening, outside No. 90 Greenwich-street, to ratify the nomination of Senator James O'Brien for Mayor. Mr. Samuel H. Randell presided, and addressed the meeting. Speeches were also made by Messrs. S. G. Courtney, W. C. Barrett, and W. C. Whitney. Senator O'Brien was introduced, and enthusiastically received. He said that the only reason which prompted him to accept the nomination was that he might further the good work of reform in the City Departments. He owed his elevation to the laboring classes, and if he were elected he would not forget them. He said that Lawrence might be counted out of the race, as he would not be able to get 300 votes out of 10 000 in the Twenty-first Ward, where he resides. He had to contend against Havemeyer, a man seventy-five years of age, who is now too old to manage the City affairs. He had no thought of defeat if the working classes would remain true to him. In conclusion he said he was in favor of Kernan for Governor, Muller for Assembly, and Fitzgerald for Alderman.

The meeting then adjourned.

POLITICAL BREVITIES.

Local Notes.

The Nineteenth Ward W. A. Darling Association will meet this evening, at No. 1,149 First avenue.

The Nineteenth Ward James O'Brien Working Men's Association have indorsed Hon. W. A. Darling for Congress, and Capt. M. Creagan for Alderman.

The Crystal Club met at the corner of Thirty-first street and Second-avenue, last night and indorsed Senator O'Brien for Mayor. Addresses were delivered by Counselors Breen and Spellisey. The meeting was large.

The Ninth Ward Loyal Union Club held a ratification meeting at No. 79 Bank-street, on Monday night. The meeting was addressed by Messrs. Nathaniel Appleton and Lucas L. Van Allen. The straight Republican ticket was heartily endorsed.

The head-quarters of the Young Men's Municipal Reform Association of the Sixteenth Ward are at Nos. 246 and 248 Eighth-avenue. Members are earnestly requested to attend. The rooms will be open day and evening up to and including election day.

The Committee of Arrangements appointed to make preparations for a grand Republican mass-meeting to ratify the City and County nominations, met yesterday, at Republican Hall, corner of Broadway and Twenty-third-street. Subcommittees were appointed to engage music, speakers, &c. The place of meeting was not decided upon.

The Young Men's Blossom Association of the Twenty-second Ward held a large and enthusiastic meeting, at their head-quarters, No. 787 Eighth-avenue, last evening, E. R. Thompson presiding. Resolutions indorsing Mr. David B. Mellish, candidate for Congress from the Ninth District, and Mr. Stephen N. Simonson, candidate for Assistant Alderman, were adopted.

The Tammany meeting held last night at Olympic Hall, No. 231 West Sixteenth-street, was a complete failure, notwithstanding the attractions of a brass band, fire-works and the large number of speakers announced to address the audience. Not more than 200 or 300 persons were present, and the greater portion of these remained outside round the music-stand, leaving the hall in no way crowded.

The Independent German Citizens' Club of the Nineteenth Ward held a large and enthusiastic meeting, last night, at No. 945 First-avenue, corner Fifty-second-street, Wm. Volkland in the chair, and indorsed the nominations of U. S. Grant for President and Henry Wilson for Vice-President, John A. Dix for Governor, John C. Robinson for Lieutenant-Governor and the whole nominations of the Apollo Hall Aldermanic ticket.

A very large meeting was held last evening by the Thirteenth Assembly District Republican Association at No. 161 Eighth-avenue, for the ratification of the Republican National, State, and County ticket, and for Charles Blackie as Assemblyman and William Wade as Assistant Alderman. Col. John G. Marshall presided, and the meeting was addressed by Rev. Dr. King, Gen. James F. Hall, Isaac Dayton, and others.

A large and enthusiastic ratification meeting, under the auspices of the German Grant and Wilson Campaign Club, of the Ninth Assembly District, was held last evening at No. 495 Hudson-street, Herm. M. Meyer, Esq., in the chair. The main feature of the proceedings was an address by Mr. Simon Meyer. John D. Lawson was nominated for Congress, Steven Pell for Assembly, Gilbert J. Hunter for Alderman, and George Coddington for Assistant Alderman.

A large and enthusiastic German meeting was organized on Monday evening at at No. 507 East Sixth-street, under the name of the Jacob M. Patterson, Jr., Campaign Club. About 400 members signed the roll. The following were elected officers: William Fuchs, President; F. Flacous, Vice-President; Andrew Steinmuller, Secretary. The following nominations were then indorsed: For Assembly, Jacob M. Patterson, Jr.; Mayor, Wm. F. Havemeyer; Congress, Conrad Geib; Alderman, Peter Kehr; Assistant Alderman, Joseph P. Strack.

General Notes.

Mr. B. W. Thockmorton addressed an enthusiastic Grant and Wilson meeting at Cranford, N. J., Monday evening.

A grand Grant and Wilson torch-light procession will take place in Yonkers, on the Hudson, on Thursday evening next.

John W. Van Valkenburg has been nominated for the Assembly by the Democrats and Soreheads of the Third Albany District.

The Straight-out Democratic State Convention, called by Hon. James Lyons to meet in Richmond, Va., yesterday, adjourned till today.

It is reported that Gov. Hadley has declared the registration in six townships of Mississippi County, Arkansas, including Osceola, null and void.

O'Conor and Adams meetings will be held to-night at the Wible House, Willoughby, corner of Jay-street, Brooklyn, and at Loth's Villa, West Brighton, Staten Island.

AMUSEMENTS.

Musical.

THE SEASON OF OPERA.

"La Favorita" will be sung at the Academy of Music, this evening, by Mme. Lucca, Signori Abrugnedo and Sparapani and M. Coulon. Friday, "Don Giovanni" is to be recited for the last time.

Dramatic.

AFFAIRS AT WOOD'S.

Mlle. Zoe, whom the bills style "the Cuban Sylph," is at prasent filling a brief engagement at Wood's Museum. Mlle. Zoe is better known as a mime than as an actress, and her performances in "The Angel of Midnight" are her first, if we mistake not, in speaking characters. The afternoon entertainments are supplied by the full and very efficient burlesque troupe of the establishment.

Miscellaneous.

PROF. PEPPER'S LECTURE.

Prof. Pepper's first lecture in the United States may be attended at Steinway Hall, this evening. The subject Prof. Pepper is to treat—"Light, Optical Phenomena and Illusions"—is the same he has dealt with at the Royal Polytechnic Institute, in London, to the edification of four million persons. The introduction of the famed ghost will not be the least interesting incident of an entertainment which the English Press and public have united in commending as attractive and instructive beyond all others.

ASSOCIATION HALL LECTURE COURSE.

This season's course of lectures under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association of this City is of unusual promise. The entertainments are to occur on consecutive Friday evenings, and they will they will enlist in turn the services of Bishop Simpson, Edmund Yates, Prof. Henry Morton, Rev. W. M. Punshon, Rev. Geo. Macdonald, Mrs. H. B. Stowe, Col. John Hay, J. B. Gough, Prof. Murdoch, and J. T. Fields.

"JARLEY'S WAX WORKS."

"Jarley's Wax Works" will be shown, this evening and to-morrow, at Association Hall. The performance is offered, we are advised, by the persons who appeared in last Winter's entertainments; it can therefore be mentioned as decidedly amusing.

The Robbery at Lord & Taylor's Store.

Henry W. Hocter, of No. 327 East Thirtieth-street, a clerk at Lord & Taylor's dry-goods store, corner of Grand and Chrystie streets, who was arrested on Monday evening last, by Detective Bennett, of the Central Office, for having been concerned in a systematic robbery of his employers, is still locked up at Police Head-quarters, awaiting examination. It is asserted that Hocter has been employed in the store for over thirteen years, and has been concerned for a long time past, with others of the employes, in stealing goods from the store. The proprietors of the establishment have been for years past missing silks, velvets, and laces from the store, and suspicion did not rest upon Hocter until within the past few weeks. When arrested by Detective Bennett he had in his possession a piece of silk said to have been stolen from the store. It is alleged that since his incarceration Hocter has made a full confession of his guilt, and given information that may lead to the recovery of some of the stolen property. Hocter is very respectably connected, and has an interesting family, who are overwhelmed with grief at the disgrace which has fallen upon them.

A KING'S DEATH.

The Last Moments of Charles XV. of Sweden.

From the London Daily Telegraph, Oct. 18.

Died Charles XV. of Sweden "as a King should die!" We think the faithful description of his Majesty's death, which has been lately given to the world in the *Sydsvenska Dagbladet* answers this question most touchingly. Arrived at Kiel on his last journey, the King would not use the apartments which had been taken for him in the hotel, but had himself at once carried on board the Vanadis. When he reached her deck he exclaimed: "Behold! at last, then, thank God, I have the Swedish main, if not the Swedish soil, under my feet." That yearning to get home, so characteristic of dying men, was very strong upon the sinking monarch. Even after he was safe at Malmö, and laid in the Governor's residence, he sighed, "Oh! that I had wings to fly to my dear Ubriksdal! I could die so easily there!" As the King was borne along in his chair through the crowd at the quay, the kindly Swedish folks manifested so much reverent pity for his sad state that it made the deepest impression on his Majesty. On coming into his apartments he exclaimed to one of those about him, "Dost thou know, I have seen today that I am beloved; I believe they will miss me when I am gone." He well knew he must die, and had long and calm conversations about the future of his realm; but the end was not thought to be so near until a sudden and severe attack occurred of pain, with numbness in the extremities. This was the second similar warning, and, on partial recovery, the King quickly catechised his doctor. The *Dagbladet* says that he asked, "Dost thou think that I have all this night before me?" When the physician hesitated to reply, the King repeated the question, with a request for a candid answer. "As your Majesty commands candor," replied Dr. Lundberg, "I am compelled to answer, no; I do not think that your Majesty can reckon upon the morrow. Your physical powers are diminishing too rapidly, and should a fresh attack supervene, death will follow instantaneously." "Dost thou think that the pains will be severe?" demanded the King. "Your Majesty must even be prepared for that; however, it may happen more easily, for death's work is probably in a great measure already accomplished." The King received this with a simple, manly composure, and then desired to take leave of those about him. Tears—far too genuine to be courtly—fell upon his emaciated hand, as the circle of friends and servants kissed it, bidding his Majesty adieu at the outset of that mysterious voyage which all must take alone. It is often—nay, almost always—the dying who are least affected at this supreme moment. Charles gazed at his own hand and remarked, "Look! my fingers are growing white already." "Your Majesty must not anticipate; there are probably pains yet to come," replied the Doctor. Thereat the King remained quiet, with his gaze steady, "as if he himself followed with his eye the advancing steps of death." Presently he stretched out his arm, and asked, "What is my pulse, Lundberg?" "Forty, your Majesty," was the reply. "Still so many," murmured the King; but his voice was now so feeble that it was only a broken whisper. Then the voice of prayer was softly raised by the Chaplain Olin, and afterward the doctor moistened the King's brow with Cologne water. He spoke once again, saying, "I do not feel any chill in my head as yet," but then instantly sank back, and, after a low sigh, passed away so tranquilly that only the skillful Lundberg perceived he was gone, and exclaimed, "Now is our King no more!" Thus Charles XV. died, and we think the Swedish journal is right in saying that it was a death as calm and kingly in its way as any soldier's on the battle-field. It exhibited the same quiet fortitude which prompted the Roman Emperor's address to his soul, *Animula, blandula, vaga!*—the same brave contemplative assurance which is conspicuous in the closing sentences of Socrates.

A Man Falls Three Hundred Feet From a Burning Balloon.

An extra of the De Kalb (Ill.) *News*, of Friday evening last, gives the following account of the death of a man by falling from a balloon on the afternoon of that day, brief mention of which was made in our telegrams:

"Mr. Denniston, the aeronaut, who advertised that Mr. L. Durham would make an ascension at this place this afternoon, was inflating his monster balloon, 'City of New-York,' and had nearly completed the inflating process, when people on the north part of the grounds discovered smoke escaping from the top of the balloon. It was scarcely visible at first, but faster and faster emitted the smoke, and the alarm was given, but hardly had the defection in the air-ship become apparent, before flames were issuing from the very top of the balloon. Quickly the shout went up, 'The balloon is on fire!' and as those near by began to retreat, the horses were also driven here and there to escape all danger. The dry cambric and its covering began burning, first slowly, then the flames spread, and upward and onward went the fire, a premonition by this time overtaking the spectators—every one present feeling that some fearful if not fatal calamity would result. Scarcely had the flames burst out, however, before an aperture of two or three feet was made—where the guy-rope holding the unwieldy thing crossed it—and the rope burned off and away to the southward shot the balloon, carrying with it in its course Mr. Michael McMann, a laborer assisting in the inflation. Being near the basket as it started off be became entangled, and hanging with one foot inside the basket—his hands holding to the ropes—he thus ascended for perhaps 100 feet, and regained a position in the basket, which again hung sideways, and in another minute he was hanging to the ropes alone at a height of probably not less than 300 feet. Now his strength gave way, his presence of mind deserted him, and in another moment the poor man is seen falling to the earth, filling with horror and consternation the 400 or 500 spectators on the grounds. He descended to the earth nearly in a standing position from 300 feet in mid-air, until, when near *terra firma*, he fell backward, striking the ground with his back with such force as to produce a concussion heard some distance away. He was utterly crushed, the blood streaming from his mouth and nostrils. McMann left a wife and several children, who depended upon his labors for a living. The balloon alighted but a few rods outside of the fair grounds, and was soon consumed."

Personal.

Ex-Mayor A. H. Rice, of Boston; Senator Frederick A. Sawyer, of South Carolina; James Wilson of the Royal Navy, and W. L. Scott, of Erie, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel. Gen. J. B. Stonehouse, of Albany; Capt. Alexander Hay, of Pennsylvania; Judge George Green, of Iowa, and E. B. Wright, of the Chicago *Evening Journal*, are at the Astor House. Hon. James M. Marvin, of Saratoga; Gen. S. E. Marvin, of Albany, and Capt. James Kennedy, of the steamship City of Brooklyn, are at the New-York Hotel. Bishop Wm. W. Niles, of New-Hampshire, and Dr. F. Bradford, of the United States Army, are at the Hoffman House. Col. Tait, of Montgomery, Ala., is at the Clarendon Hotel.

The Terrible Horse Disease.

In Buffalo there are not well horses enough to carry merchandise through the streets. Boats on the Erie Canal are tied up from one end to the other, and thousands of tons of produce cannot reach market. In Rochester the Common Council has established a regulation for hand-carts, there being no horses to truck goods, and it is with difficulty that they can be obtained to attend funerals. The President of the United States has sent instructions to our Consuls on the Canadian line to prevent the further importation of diseased horses. There are probably 12,000 sick horses in New-York and Brooklyn today. The disease travels in the air, and seems to attack about one-third of the horses in a stable at the same instant. Then others come down by degrees. It exhibits three phases: the Catarrhal, Rheumatic and Gastro-Erysipelatous, and all termed *Epizootic Influenza.*

Its treatment is not understood, and the disease is frequently fatal. The animal must be kept unusually warm and clean. The legs, throat, &c., washed with emollients. The Centaur Liniment seems to be the specific acting both upon the glands and joints, and superior to Turpentine, Opodeldoc, or Capsicum. When the throat, belly, and legs of the animal are early rubbed with this Liniment, and cloths saturated with it bound on the legs, the disease is checked and the animal soon recovers. The nose and eyes should be frequently sponged with warm water. The feed must be soft mash—carrots and salted hay. The water must not be cold but tepid. When the cough has become severe, give warm flaxseed tea with a little Spirits of Nitre and Belladonna and Muriate of Ammonia in small doses three times a day. But an absolute preventive to horses taking the disease is the early use of the Centaur Liniment, the effects of which are simply wonderful, and warm clean bedding with no exposure or hard work.—*Tribune.*

THE NEW-YORK CAMPAIGN.

HEAD-QUARTERS OF THE REPUBLICAN STATE COMMITTEE, FIFTH-AVENUE HOTEL.
ALONZO B. CORNELL, Chairman.
JOHN N. KNAPP, Secretary.
HENRY CLEWS, Treasurer.

Public meetings will be held as follows:

Wednesday, Oct 30.

COOPER INSTITUTE, NEW-YORK.
HON. GEO. S. BOUTWELL,
HON. JAMES G. BLAINE.

Batavia, (P. M.)	Hon. Richard Crowley. Hon. George G. Hoskins.
Batavia, (Evening)	Hon. John Sherman.
Watkins, (P. M.)	Gen. B. F. Butler. Hon. B. G. Noble. Gen. J. H. Warwick.
Elmira	Gen. B. F. Butler. Gen. J. H. Warwick.
Oswego	Hon. Henry Smith. Hon. D. G. Fort.
Brockport	Gen. Isaac R. Sherwood. Gen. John C. Robinson. Gen. B. F. Bruce.
Oswego	Hon. Glenni W. Scofield.
Riverhead	Gen. John M. Thayer.
Cortland	Hon. Wm. Williams.
Katonah	Hon. A. W. Tenney.
Croton	Hon. S. F. Miller.
Greene	Hon. Allard Anthony.
Glenham	Hon. C. L. Beale.
Aurora	Hon. H. V. Howland.
Weedsport	Hon. Seth L. Milliken.
Havana, (Evening)	Hon. Butler G. Noble. Hon. Charles T. Mills. Hon. Jesse Lyon.
Randolph	Hon. James A. Briggs.
Hastings	Gen. Wm. H. Morris.
White Plains	W. T. B. Milliken.
Bedford, (P.M. and Evening)	Rev. L. H. King. Gen. J. S. Catlin. Hon. J. G. Sawyer.
Pulaski	Hon. D. J. Mitchell.
Cincinnatus	Hon. J. H. Selkreg.
Mamaroneck	Hon. E. Delafield Smith.
Rogersville	Gen. T. M. Hite.
Pratt's Mills	Gen. J. R. O'Beirne. Col. A. E. Baxter.
Amody	Hon. Wm. E. Lansing.
Catskill	Hon. Francis Silvester.
Amityville	Willitt Denike, Jr.
Mechanics' Hall, Utica	Rev. R. G. Jones. Rev. H. Humphreys. J. W. Jones.
Ox Bow	Fred. Lansing. Charles H. Waltz.
Brunswick	Hon. George W. Hoxie.
Plessis	Joseph Mullin, Jr. Watson M. Rogers.
Shingle Creek	Gen. Bradley Winslow. Charles R. Skinner.
Parishville	Col. A. D. Shaw.
Stone Ridge	Hon. G. L. Maynard.
Maltville	Hon. Neil Gilmour.
West Glenville	Col. Austin A. Yates.
Jefferson	Col. Anson S. Wood.
South Lebanon	Hon. James L. Stewart.
Otego	Hon. E. R. Washbon.
Triangle	Hon. George Becker.
Wassaic	Hon C. D. Murray.
Champion	F. G. Gedney.
Warwarsing	George W. Bungay.
Belfast	W. F. Bement.
Clifton, Staten Island	Gen. Dennis F. Burke.
Newman's Hall, 495 9th-av.	Hon. Robert Sewell.
Madrid	Hon. C. T. Hulburd.
Fowler	B. G. Pettibone.
North Lawrence	Stillman Foote.
Hermon	John J. Gilbert.
Heuvelton	H. R. James.
South Colton	George Z. Erwin. T. H. Swift.
Galeville, (P. M.)	Hon. H. G. Eastman. James G. Graham.
Coventry, (P. M.)	George W. Ray. Isaac S. Newton.
Linckleon	H. M. Aylsworth.
North Norwich	Stephen Holden. C. A. Fuller.
South Otselic	Hon. E. H. Prindle.
Preston	W. H. Hyde. R. A. Dunning.
North New-Berlin	D. L. Atkins. J. J. Sayles.
Leroy	Hon. Richard Crowley. Hon. George G. Hoskins.
Morrisania	Horace Russell. Col. W. C. Holbrook.
Southold	Col. T. B. Thorpe.
French Settlement	Major J. C. F. Beyland.
Arcade	Lawrence Mix. Byron Healy.
Maryland	George S. Gorham.
Freehold	Hon. L. Wilkins. C. Whitaker.
Tannersville	Col. J. G. McNutt. John Sanderson.
Maltaville	J. S. L'Amoreaux.
Tallman	Samuel Wood. Henry E. Abell.
Beekmantown Corners	Hon. George W. Palmer. L. L. Shedden.
Corbeau	Paul Girard. Charles E. Everest.
Tremont Centre	Capt. M. S. Wells.
Little Delaware	A. B. Douglas.

Thursday, Oct. 31.

Hornellsville, (P. M.)	Gen. B. F. Butler. Hon. Butler G. Noble. Gen. J. H. Warwick.
Binghamton	Hon. John Sherman.
Hudson	Hon. James G. Blaine.
Little Falls	Hon. Glenni W. Scofield.
Lyons	Hon. William Williams.
Waterford	Hon. Henry Smith.
Twentieth Ward Wigwam, Brooklyn	Gen. Stewart L. Woodford. Hon. J. A. Taylor. James Dukes. E. A. Tafft.
Latimer Hall, Brooklyn	Gen. J. T. Owen.
Dansville, (P. M.)	Gen. Isaac R. Sherwood. Gen. John C. Robinson. Gen. B. F. Bruce.
Bay Shore	Gen. Wm. Henry Anthon.
Brooklyn	Gen. Wm. H. Morris.
Greenwich	Hon. Wm. P. Fiero.
Fonda	Gen. John C. Caldwell.
Sag Harbor	Gen. John M. Thayer.
Little Valley	Hon. James A. Briggs.
East Bloomfield	Hon. Seth L. Milliken.
Kinderhook	Hon. A. W. Tenney.
Jordan	Hon. John O'Donnell.
Hancock	Hon. Allard Anthony.
West 50th-st. Church New-York	Rev. L. H. King. James Cushing, Jr.
Fulton	Hon. Horace V. Howland. Hon. John H. Selkreg.
Fifteenth Ward Wigwam, Brooklyn	Horace Russell. Hon. Robert Sewell.
Stephentown	Hon. Martin I. Townsend.
Moira	Col. Albert D. Shaw.
Woodstock	Hon. Geo. L. Maynard.
Stamford	Hon. E. Delafield Smith.
Lisle	Hon. Geo. Becker.
South Salem	Hon. W. T. B. Milliken.
Alpine	Hon. Chas. T. Mills. Hon. Jesse Lyon.
Fishkill, on Hudson	Rev. Henry H. Garnet.
Moriaville	Hon. Austin A. Yates.
Syracuse	Matthew J. Dolphin.
Carlisle	Col. Anson S. Wood.
Armonk	Hon. C. D. Murray.
Natural Bridge	F. G. Gedney.
Barkerville	Hon. Neil Gilmour.
Bloomingburg	Geo. W. Bungay.
Caneadea	W. F. Bement.
Prussian Settlement	Major J. C. F. Beyland.
Oyster Bay	Willitt Denike, Jr.
Lansingburg	Hon. George W. Hoxie.
Marion	J. T. M. Davis. Rollin Tracey.
Sand Bank	Hon. W. E. Lansing. W. H. Baker.
Marathon	Hon. George A. Kennedy. Harrison Hoyt.
Columbus	H. M. Aylesworth.
McDonough	Wm. H. Hyde. Charles Shumway.
Sherburne	Hon. E. H. Prindle. Isaac S. Newton.
North Pharsalia	D. L. Atkins. J. J. Sayles.
Stephentown Flats	Hon. M. I. Townsend.
Spring Brook	George Wadsworth. Ismar S. Ellison.
Southampton	Col. T. B. Thorpe.
Schuitzville	Hon. Francis Silvester.
Halsey Valley	Hon. Wm. Smith. Capt. E. B. Gere.
South Warsaw	Lawrence Mix.
Bridge-st. Church, Br'klyn	Rev. W. F. Butler.
Unadilla	George S. Gorham.
Pierrepont Manor	Gen. Bradley Winslow. P. C. Williams.
Point Peninsula	Fred. Lansing. Edgar C. Emerson.
Henderson	Hon. C. L. Merriam. Charles R. Skinner.
Omar	Joseph Mullin, Jr. Charles H. Waltz.
New-Baltimore	C. Whitaker.
Greenville	Col. J. G. McNutt. John Sanderson.
Kiskatum	Joseph Hallock. J. M. Fiero.
Rockland Lake	David J. Blauvelt. Henry E. Abell.
Savannah	Gen. C. D. McDougall. John H. Camp.
Odessa	Hon. Charles T. Mills. M. M. Mead.
Monterey	Hon. B. W. Woodward. L. M. Gano.
Daily Bridge	C. E. Sanford.
Potsdam	G. Z. Erwin.
Baldwinsville	L. W. Hall.
Rouse's Point	Hon. Geo. W. Palmer.
Dannemora	Paul Girard.
Scriba	J. R. Van Worrner.
Barryville	Hon. James L. Stewart.
No. 331 West-st.	Gen. F. F. Millen.
East Walton	Gen. F. Jacobs, Jr. Smith H. White.
Rushford	Col. A. E. Baxter.

Friday, Nov. 1.

Dunkirk, (P. M.)	Gen. B. F. Butler. Hon. B. G. Noble. Gen. J. H. Warwick.
Albany	Hon. James G. Blaine.
Ithaca	Hon. John Sherman.
Rondout	Hon. Glenni W. Scofield.
Academy of Music, Brooklyn	Gen. Stewart L. Woodford. Gen. Philip S. Crook. Hon. A. W. Tenney.
Glenn's Falls	Gen. John C. Caldwell.
Ellicottville	Hon. James A. Briggs.
Patchogue	Gen. John M. Thayer.
Lima	Hon. Seth L. Milliken.
Westfield	Gen. J. H. Warwick.
Palmyra	Gen. Isaac R. Sherwood.
Bath	Hon. John O'Donnell.
Harlem Hall, New-York	Hon. Allard Anthony. Rev. L. H. King.
Geneseo	Gen. B. F. Bruce. Gen. John C. Robinson.
Kendall Mills	Hon. F. L. Pitts.
Whitehall	Hon. Martin I. Townsend.
Walton	Hon. S. F. Miller.
Genoa	Hon. Horace V. Howland.
Fort Covington	Col. Albert D. Shaw.
Sayville, Long Island	Gen. Henry E. Davies, Jr.
Phoenicia	Hon. George L. Maynard.
Stottsville	Hon. Francis Silvester.
Prattsburg	Hon. H. Boardman Smith.
Republican Hall, 23d-st. and Broadway	Rev. Wm. F. Butler. Col. F. S. Lambert.
Chesterville, (P. M.)	Hon. Henry Smith.
Melrose	Rev. Henry H. Garnet. Willitt Denike, Jr.
Duanesburg	Hon. Austin A. Yates.
Sharon Hill	Col. Anson S. Wood.
Mecklenburg	Hon. Charles T. Mills. Hon. Jesse Lyon.
Whitestone	Horace Russell.
Cuba	Col. A. E. Baxter.
Highland Falls	Hon. C. D. Murray.
Carthage	Frederick G. Gedney.
Wurtsboro	George W. Bungay.
Croghan	Major J. C. F. Beyland.
Croton Falls	Hon. Thomas D. Adams.
Bridgehampton	Col. T. B. Thorpe.
Sandy Creek	Hon. W. E. Lansing. W. H. Baker.
Hartford	Hon. J. H. Selkreg. Hon. George N. Kennedy. George B. Jones.
Norwich	Hon. George Y. Gilbert. James W. Glover.
Williamsville	Sherman L. Rodgers. George J. Bryan. Col. M. Weidrich.
White's Corners	Hon. L. L. Lewis. Hon. George Balts.
Westerloo, (P. M.)	Hon. Henry Smith. Hon. S. Springsted.
Rensselaerville, (Even'g.)	Hon. Henry Smith. Hon. S. Springsted.
Dobb's Ferry	W. T. B. Milliken.
Windsor	Hon. George Becker. T. F. McDonald.
Perry Center	Hon. Byron Healy.
East Pike	Lawrence Mix.
Chaumont	Hon. C. L. Merriam. Dr. G. S. Hendee.
Black River	Charles R. Skinner. Watson M. Rogers.
Poestenville	Hon. Geo. W. Hoxie.
Stone Mills	Dr. H. S. Hendee.
Leeds	Col. J. G. McNutt. John Sanderson.
Delta	E. S. Bears.
Knoxboro	H. J. Coggeshall. John H. Knox.
Macedon	J. H. Camp.
Huron Lower House	Hon. George W. Coles.
North Walcott	Wm. H. Clark.
Reading Centre	Hon. B. W. Woodward. L. M. Gano.
Parish Centre	Hon. A. X. Parker. J. A. Vance.
Potsdam	Hon. William A. Dart.
De Kalb Junction	T. H. Swift. James O'Neil.
East Chazy	Hon. George W. Palmer.
Woodhull	Col. A. H. Chase.
Bloomville	Hon. M. Griffin. W. H. Johnson.
North Kortright	A. B. Douglas.
Harvard	Rev. A. Schriver. H. F. Davidson.
Masonville	Gen. F. Jacobs, Jr. Hon. H. R. Washbon.

Saturday, Nov. 2.

Rochester	Hon. E. Delafied Smith.
Lockport, (P. M.)	Gen. B. F. Butler. Hon. Butler G. Noble. Gen J. H. Warwick.
Mineola, (P. M.)	Hon. George Wm. Curtis. Gen. John M. Thayer. Hon. H. J. Scudder.
Warwick	Hon. Emory A. Storrs.
Troy	Hon. John Sherman.
Rome	Hon. Roscoe Conkling.
Poughkeepsie	Hon. James G. Blaine.
Oneida	Gen. Isaac R. Sherwood.
Hoosic Falls	Gen. John C. Caldwell.
Yonkers	Hon. A. W. Tenney.
Cuba	Hon. Jas. A. Briggs.
Attica	Hon. Seth L. Milliken.
Saugerties	Hon. Glenni W. Scofield. Hon. George H. Sharpe.
Marathon	Hon. John H. Selkreg.
Burke	Col. Albert D. Shaw.
Alligerville	Hon. George L. Maynard.
Chatham	Hon. Charles L. Beale.
Belmont	Col. A. E. Baxter.
Wappinger's Falls	Hon. W. T. B. Milliken.
Butternuts	Hon. H. R. Washbon.
Wayland, (P. M.)	Gen. John C. Robinson. Gen. B. F. Bruce.
Monterey	Hon. Charles T. Mills. Hon. Jesse Lyon.
Herkimer	Frederick G. Gedney. Hon. C. D. Murray.
Corner 50th-st. and 9th-av., New-York	Col. F. S. Lambert.
Mount Kisco, (P. M.)	Gen. Joseph C. Jackson. Hon. Thomas D. Adams.
West Hebron, (P. M.)	Col. L. H. Bowan. Hon. J. S. Smart.
Chittenango	Hon. Wm. E. Lansing. J. F. Crawford.
McGrawville	Hon. D. J. Mitchell.
Apalachin	Major P. W. Hopkins.
Wyoming	Hon. G. G. Hoskins.
Gainesville	Lawrence Mix. Byron Healy.
Pillar Point	Gen. Bradley Winslow. Edgar C. Emerson.
Worthville	Fred. Lansing. Prof. Hannibal Smith.
New City	David J. Blauvelt. H. E. Abell.
North Hector	Hon. C. T. Mills.
Beaver Dams	A. S. Nye. L. M. Gano.
Altona	Hon. George W. Palmer.
Albany, Eleventh Ward Wigwam	W. H. Johnson.
Downsville	Hon. E. D. Wagner. Gen. F. Jacobs, Jr.
Andes	Hon. M. Griffin. E. Z. C. Judson.
Betty's Brook	A. B. Douglass. Abram C. Crosby.

Monday, Nov. 4.

Nyack	Hon. Emory A. Storrs.
Hempstead	Hon. A. W. Tenney.
Peekskill	Hon. L. H. King. Hon. W. T. B. Milliken.
Morris	Hon. H. R. Washbon.
Haverstraw	Gen. Dennis F. Burke.
North Franklin	Hon. S. F. Miller.
Lyric Hall, Sixth-av., New-York	George W. Bungay. Rev. H. H. Garnet.

The Horse Disease Cured by Bromo-Chloralum.

EXCHANGE STABLE, No. 15 NORTH FITZHUGH-ST.,
ROCHESTER, N. Y., Oct. 26, 1872.

MESSRS. TILDEN & CO.: We have used BROMO-CHLORALUM in our stable, and attribute the present good condition of our horses to the use of it.
MASSETH & BURDEL.

QUEEN'S STABLE,
STRATFORD, Ontario, Oct. 24, 1872.

MESSRS. TILDEN & CO.: Send me six boxes of BROMO-CHLORALUM, *for it is the only thing that is saving our horses.*
RICHARD MAYLORD.
—*Advertisement.*

Nicol, Davidson, & Co.,

No. 686 Broadway,

Will open on Monday, 28th inst., 50 cases of Choice Real Bronzes, Gilt Mantel Sets, and other artistic goods well worthy the examination of their customers and the public generally.—*Advertisement.*

To the Public.—The tickets in the GREAT PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY for the drawing Dec. 7 are nearly all sold. **$500,000** is now on deposit in the Farmers' and Drovers' Bank to pay all prizes awarded at the drawing. EX-GOV. THOMAS E. BRAMLETTE, of Kentucky, Agent. Branch office, No. **609** Broadway, New-York. Tickets, $10; halves, $5; quarters, $2 50.—*Advertisement*

Best Quality—Most Quantity—BURNETT'S STANDARD FLAVORING EXTRACTS—Lemon, Vanilla, Almond, &c—perfectly pure. Great care should be used in selecting genuine Flavoring Extracts, both in regard to taste and health. JOSEPH BURNETT & CO., Sole Proprietors, Boston.—*Advertisement.*

Two thousand six hundred and thirty-one horses affected with the present contagion have been successfully treated, without a single death, by the use of DR. WOLFE'S COMPOUND SOLUTION OF TAR. Apply only at office, No. 64 West 33d-st. No agents.—*Advertisement.*

HALF HORSE AND HALF MAN.—Rheumatism, swellings, lameness and any kind of flesh, bone, or muscle ailment, upon man or beast, is cured by Centaur Liniment, the most wonderful discovery of ancient or modern times.—*Advertisement.*

Protect your horses from cold and wet with RUBBER HORSE COVERS, from GOODYEAR'S, No. 205 Broadway.—*Advertisement.*

NEW-YORK WEEKLY TIMES.

THE NEW-YORK WEEKLY TIMES will be published THIS MORNING, and may be had at the counter of the Publication Office, in wrappers, ready for mailing. Price, 5 cents.

It contains the very latest telegraphic and general news; editorials on matters of current interest; a page of carefully prepared commercial matter, giving the latest financial news and market reports items of agriculture and domestic interest, and other interesting reading matter.

The WEEKLY TIMES will be sent to subscribers in any part of the country for TWO DOLLARS a year. Five copies, $8; ten copies, $15; twenty copies, $25, and an extra copy to getter-up of club of ten or twenty subscribers.

The Strongest Constitution is Racked and often ruined by a stubborn attack of Fever and Ague. Yet all danger may be avoided, and the Chills promptly broken up by resorting to DR. D. JAYNE'S AGUE MIXTURE.

Missisquoi Spring Water.

This is the original and only Spring Water which has wrought so many wonderful cures in cases of Cancer Scrofula and diseases of the Kidneys. For sale by druggists. A fresh supply just received by
JOHN F. HENRY,
No. 8 College-place.

Batchelor's Hair Dye is the Best in the world—the only safe, true and perfect hair dye. No ridiculous tints—no disappointment—harmless, reliable, instantaneous black or brown. At all druggists and No. 16 Bond-st.

Notice.—Remedies for horses, approved by the most eminent veterinary surgeons and physicians, to be had at C. T. HURLBURT'S Homeopathic Pharmacy, No. 896 Broadway, New-York.

New 7-octave Pianos, $250.—New Organs, $50 to $60. New Melodeons, $60, cash, for the Holidays. HORACE WATERS, No. 481 Broadway.

Wedding Cards, Elegant Styles, at WM. EVERDELL'S SONS', No. 104 Fulton-st.

MARRIED.

SHREWSBURY—GRANT.—In New-York, Tuesday, Oct. 29, by Rev. Wm. L. Hyland, of Parkersburg, West Virginia, I. M. SHREWSBURY, of Parkersburg, West Virginia, to GRACE M. GRANT, daughter of the late John W. and Katharine A. Grant, of Porus, Manchester Parish, Jamaica, West Indies. No cards.

DIED.

BENSEL.—On Sunday, Oct. 27, BEATRICE, youngest daughter of Peter C. and Mary Ann E. Bensel.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral service at the residence of her parents, No. 122 East 117th-st, on Wednesday, Oct. 30, at 11 o'clock A. M.

DANFORTH.—At Madison, N. J., on Monday evening, 28th inst., suddenly, EDWARD J. DANFORTH, in the 74th year of his age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

FARR.—Oct. 29, WILLIAM FREDERICK FARR, eldest son of the late Frederick Farr.

Funeral services at No. 281 Carlton-av., Brooklyn, Long Island, Thursday, 2 o'clock P. M. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited without further invitation.

HOYT.—On Sunday, Oct. 27, Mrs. DAVID HOYT, in the 86th year of her age.

Funeral on Wednesday, Oct. 30, at 2 o'clock, from Congregational Church, Stamford, Conn.

HENSCHEL.—CHARLES HENSCHEL, M. D., at Zurich, Switzerland, Sept. 18.

The friends and relatives of the family and the medical faculty are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from the Church of the Holy Trinity, No. 47 West 21st-st., between 5th and 6th avs., on Friday, Nov. 1, at 10 o'clock.

KITTREDGE.—In Glastonbury, Conn., at the residence of his son Rev. J. F. Kittredge, JOSIAH KITTREDGE, M. D., late of Montclair, N. J., aged 79.

Funeral services at the parsonage, Glastonbury, on Thursday, Oct. 31, at 2½ o'clock; and at the Pearl-st. Church, Nashua, N. H., Friday, Nov. 1, at 3 o'clock. Friends are invited.

LORING.—On Sunday, Oct. 26, ANNA B., wife of James S. Loring, aged 61 years.

Funeral on Thursday, Oct. 31, at 11 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 18 Cranberry-st., corner Willow-st., Brooklyn.

MOODY.—At Plainfield, N. J., Oct. 28, EUNICE P. MOODY, widow of the late R. Moody, in the 54th year of her age.

Funeral on Wednesday, Oct. 30, at 12 M. Train leaves foot of Liberty-st. at 10½ A. M.

MYERS.—At Yonkers, on Sunday, Oct. 27, CHARLOTTE, relict of John Myers, in the 81st year of her age.

Funeral at St. John's Church, Yonkers, on Wednesday, 29th at 2 P. M. Train leaves 30th-st. at 12½ P. M.

PRIEST.—On Monday, Oct. 28, WM. H. PRIEST, in the 84th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral services from his late residence, No. 124 East 24th-st., this Wednesday, Oct. 30, at 3 P. M.

RICHARDS.—At Orange, N. J., on the 28th inst., LUCINE AMELIA, only daughter of Dr. George W. and Amelia Richards, aged 4 years and 8 months.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her parents, Main-st., Orange, N. J., on Friday, the 1st of November, at 2½ P. M. Train boat leaves Barclay-st. at 1:10 P. M.

ROMAINE.—On Tuesday, 29th inst., at No. 37 East 3—th-st., New-York, MARGARET ANN ROMAINE.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

ROOPE.—Oct. 28, HANNAH W. ROOPE.

Services on Wednesday, 30th inst., at 1 o'clock, at the residence of Mrs. Anna Morris, No. 135 Ross-st., Brooklyn, E. D; also, on Thursday, at 10½ o'clock, at the Baptist Church, New-Monmouth, N. J.

TROW.—At Champigny, France, on the 10th inst., GEORGE W. TROW, eldest son of John F. and Catharine S. Trow, aged 35 years.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

VROOM.—At Wyoming, Minn., on Tuesday, Oct. 29, ALFRED H. VROOM, of Jersey City, N. J., in the 37th year of his age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

A GREAT AMERICAN NOVEL.

The greatest literary sensation of the day is Dr. HOLLAND'S Autobiographical Story, "ARTHUR BONNICASTLE," just commenced in SCRIBNER'S MONTHLY. The entire edition of the November number, containing the opening chapter of the story, having been exhausted, a new edition will be issued on the 1st of November.

One of our best critics writes of "ARTHUR BONNICASTLE": "This story opens most deliciously—one's heart is won by four people in the outset. Can it be possible that Dr. Holland can keep up that distinct characterization all through? If he does, I will call him the American Novelist yet. How essentially American every touch, every tone, in that picture!"

EXTRAORDINARY INDUCEMENTS
are offered to new subscribers in the prospectus of the Monthly, which see.

Send 35 cents for this number to any news-dealer, or to
SCRIBNER & CO.,
No. 654 Broadway, New-York.

THE SCIENCE OF HEALTH.—A NEW first-class monthly. The exponent of all known means by which health, strength and long life are attained, by agencies vitally related to health and the treatment of disease, such as exercise, rest, sleep, electricity, and all hygienic agents. Two dollars a year, and three months free to all who subscribe at once for 1873; or "on trial" three months, 25 cents. Address S. R. WELLS, No. 389 Broadway, New-York

TEN DOLLARS PER DAY
TO ALL OUT OF EMPLOYMENT.
Agents wanted immediately to sell by subscription,
THE ILLUSTRATED HORSE DOCTOR.
Being an accurate and detailed account of the various diseases to which the equine race are subjected, together with the latest mode of treatment of the
PREVALENT HORSE DISTEMPER,
and all the requisite prescriptions.
Illustrated by over 400 Pictorial Representations.
By EDWARD MAYHEW, M. R. C. V. S.
D. APPLETON & CO., Publishers.
Nos. 549 and 551 Broadway.

POLITICAL.

NINETEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT

REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINATION.

FOR MEMBER OF ASSEMBLY,

JAMES A. DEERING.

A CARD.

To the Editor of the New-York Times.

DEAR SIR: I see by the Press of yesterday that the "national Democracy" of this City have placed me in nomination as its candidate for Mayor.

I desire, through the medium of your paper, to say that under no circumstance can I consent to accept the same or any other nomination; and further, that I shall support for that important trust Abraham R. Lawrence, whom I believe to be, in every respect, qualified for the office of Mayor of New-York.

Trusting you will give this notice a place in your valuable paper, I remain, yours very truly,
JOHN McCOOL,
OCT. 29, 1872. No. 128 East 61st-st.

REPUBLICAN AND REFORM NOMINATION.
FOR MEMBER OF ASSEMBLY,
FIFTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT,
DR. HIRAM A. POOLER.
FOR ASSISTANT ALDERMAN,
DR. JOHN M. FISHER.

THE INDEPENDENT DEMOCRACY.

The Independent Democrats of New-York, Brooklyn and vicinity, who in this campaign deem it their duty to support Grant and Dix, will hold meetings as follows: On Wednesday, at Hastings; Thursday night, Commonwealth Hall, Brooklyn; Friday night, Harlem; Saturday night, Masonic Hall, East 13th-st., New-York: Monday night, Williamsburg. At these meetings the following gentlemen have been invited to speak, some of whom will positively be present: Hon. James Hayes, of Connecticut; Gen. W. H. Morris, of Putnam County; Gen. W. S. Hillyer, Joseph Struthers, Alderman Francis J. Geis and Anthony Allaire, of New-York; R. Stuart Willis and Harry C. Page, of Brooklyn; Capt. J. W. Brice, of New-Jersey, and others. The friends of the cause (especially ladies) are invited to attend. By order of the Campaign Committee, Head-quarters at No. 9 Spruce-st., New-York City.

FOURTH MASS-MEETING

to ratify the nomination of DAVID B. MELLISH, as candidate for Representative in Congress, will be held in Neumann's Hall, No. 475 9th-av., between 36th and 37th sts., on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Oct. 30, at 8 o'clock. Addresses by Hon. ROBERT SEWELL, Dr. ADOLPH G. DUNN, (in German,) Hon. MELVILLE C. SMITH, Col. B. T. MORGAN, Col. LAMBERT.

The Idlewild Quartet will sing the "Song of the Kuklux," in full Kuklux costume.
BENJ. K. PHELPS, President.
BENJ. F. FINLEY, JAMES MCAFEE, } Secretaries.

AT A MEETING OF THE EXECUTIVE Committee of the SIXTEENTH WARD COUNCIL OF POLITICAL REFORM, (Chas. Spear, Chairman; Peter Macdonald, Secretary,) FRIDAY, Oct. 25, it was determinated by a unanimous vote that the nominees of the Democratic and Republican Parties for the Thirteenth Assembly District were candidates not to be depended upon to further the objects of the Council, namely, to secure "sound law." Therefore it was unanimously resolved to put in nomination Mr. James Kelley, as one who could be relied upon. He is commended by the Committee of Seventy.

THE CHEAPEST PLACE IN NEW-York to get supplied with Fire-works, Flags, Lanterns, Torches, Hats, Caps and Capes, &c., &c., for Clubs, Processions, Meetings, &c., is at the manufacturer's office, No. 112 Chambers-st., New-York. Call on or address E. F. LINTON, and satisfy yourself.

POLITICAL GOODS.

JOSEPH B. PURDY, who for thirty years has made the supply of POLITICAL GOODS and FIRE-WORKS a specialty, offers to furnish all kinds of articles needed in this campaign, whether Flags, Transparencies, Banners, Badges, Torches, Uniforms or Fire-works, at half price, at No. 32 Maiden-lane, New-York.

HEAD-QUARTERS FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION, No. 154 Franklin-st.—A ratification meeting will be held at the above rooms to ratify the nominations of S. J. HUGGINS for Assembly and JOHN HAM for Assistant Alderman, on THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, Oct. 30, at 8 o'clock. All those in favor of reform are respectfully invited to attend and hear speeches from prominent speakers.
By order of COMMITTEE.

FIFTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT GRANT AND WILSON CAMPAIGN CLUB.—The regular meeting will be held THIS EVENING at Kromm's Hall, No. 246 West 33d-st., at 8 o'clock, to ratify the nomination of Dr. H. A. POOLER for member of Assembly.
HUGH TURNER, President.
WM. STEWART, Secretary.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN REFORM and Citizens' candidate.
For Assembly, Seventh District,
PROF. GEORGE W. CLARKE.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINATION.
FOR ASSEMBLY,
Thirteenth Assembly District,
CHARLES BLACKIE.

REPUBLICAN AND REFORM NOMINATION.
For Member of Assembly, Eleventh District,
ALONZO B. CORNELL.

APOLLO HALL ASSISTANT ALDERmanic Convention, of the Eleventh Assembly District, nominated JOHN BENNETT for Assistant Alderman.

GERMAN POLITICAL PRINTING, viz: Posters in black or colored, circulars, &c., executed at short notice, at M. W. SIEBERT'S Steam Job Printing Office, No. 28 Frankfort-st.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINATION. —For Member of Assembly, Twenty-first Assembly District, WILLIAM HAW, Jr.

GRANT AND WILSON CAMPAIGN CAPS at fifteen cents a piece, No. 15 Warren-st.
L. SUSMANN & CO.

CAPES AND CAPS FOR GRANT GUARDS! Boys in Blue, Tanners, &c., manufactured at No 15 Warren-st. SUSSMAN & CO.

POLITICAL.

CLOSE UP THE COLUMN!

LAST GRAND RALLY!!
LAST GRAND RALLY!!
LAST GRAND RALLY!!

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DIX AND ROBINSON.
DIX AND ROBINSON.
DIX AND ROBINSON.

TREMAIN AND HAVEMEYER.
TREMAIN AND HAVEMEYER.
TREMAIN AND HAVEMEYER.

COOPER INSTITUTE,
COOPER INSTITUTE,
COOPER INSTITUTE,

WEDNESDAY EVENING, OCT. 30, 7½ O'CLOCK
Will be addressed by
HON. GEORGE S. BOUTWELL,
Secretary of the Treasury,
and
HON. JAMES G. BLAINE,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

This is the eighth and last of a series of Republican meetings which have been held at the Cooper Institute every Wednesday evening during the campaign.

Ladies cordially invited.

WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, HEREwith recommend our fellow-citizen, Mr. ADOLPH G. DUNN, as candidate for Congress from the Sixth District. Mr. Dunn has been known to us for years past as an honorable business man, and valuable and useful citizen. Combining with a thorough education the greatest unselfishness, an unsullied honor, and the highest patriotism: he is thoroughly informed in regard to the necessities and requirements of our country, and will, if elected, represent his constituents with honor. In politics he has devoted his energies to the cause of reform. While Secretary of the United German Reform Organization of our City, he neither spared time, trouble, or personal sacrifices to obtain for that movement the public recognition it so justly deserved. In questions of national politics he has always advocated the humane and mild policy of true republicanism, and never lent his aid to unjust or unnecessary innovations in our national institutions. He was ever true to the cause of liberty and the rights of man; has labored with all his might for the progressive development of our national and municipal affairs, and, if elected, he will prove the worthy representative of an intelligent constituency.

(Signed,) CHRISTIAN SCHWARZWAELDER,
Senator AUGUSTUS WEISMANN,
Gen. FRANZ SIGEL,
Hon. ANDREAS WILLMANN,
Dr. SCHULTZE,
Dr. METZ,
FREDERICK KLEIN,
FRED. VOGEL,
TONY MILLER,
MATH. W. BERRYMAN,
JAMES DUNCAN,
JACOB SCHONHAF,
and many others.

GERMAN REFORM, APOLLO HALL, TAX-PAYERS,
COUNCIL OF POLITICAL REFORM.

PEOPLE'S EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE,
NOMINATION FOR ALDERMAN,
CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK,
DAVID M. KOEHLER.

Indorsed by the Produce Exchange and business men generally, independent of politics.

VOTE FOR REFORM AND REDUCTION OF TAXES.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN, COUNCIL OF REFORM, AND COMMITTEE OF SEVENTY NOMINEE.
FOR ASSEMBLY,
FOURTEENTH DISTRICT,
ROBERT B. BOYD.

TWELFTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT
REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINATION,
INDORSED BY THE COMMITTEE OF SEVENTY.
COUNCIL OF POLITICAL REFORM,
and TAX-PAYERS' ASSOCIATION OF THE ELEVENTH WARD,
for Member of Assembly.
FREDERICK W. HAHN.

20TH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT,
(19th Ward, south of 70th-st.,)
REFORM, REPUBLICAN, UNION GERMAN, } NOMINATION.
FOR ASSEMBLY,
WILLIAM S. OPDYKE.

REPUBLICAN AND REFORM CANDIDATE.
FOR CONGRESS, TENTH DISTRICT,
TWELFTH AND NINETEENTH WARDS,
WILLIAM A. DARLING.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE
FOR CONGRESS, EIGHTH DISTRICT,
IXth, XVth and XVIth Wards, and that portion of the XXIst Ward lying west of 3d-av.,
JOHN D. LAWSON.

CITIZENS'
Democratic and Republican REFORM NOMINATIONS.
TWENTY-FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.
For Member of Assembly,
O. CURTIS HOFFMAN.
For Assistant Alderman,
OTIS T. HALL.

REPUBLICAN AND REFORM NOMINATION.
For Alderman, City of New-York,
CAPT. MICHAEL CREGAN.

REPUBLICAN AND REFORM NOMINATION.
For Member of Assembly, Sixteenth District,
HON. WILLIAM LAIMBEER,
Ex-State Senator.

REGULAR DEMOCRATIC REPUBLICAN NOMINATION.
For Assembly, Thirteenth Assembly District,
CHRISTOPHER FINE.

UNITED DEMOCRATIC REFORM NOMINATION—SEVENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.
FOR ASSISTANT ALDERMAN,
JAMES T. GRISWOLD.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN NOMINATION, Indorsed by the Committee of Seventy and the German Association. For Assistant Alderman, Eleventh Assembly District, WILLIAM S. KREPS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CAUTION.
LEA & PERRINS'
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Buyers of this Sauce are cautioned to avoid the numerous counterfeits and imitations offered for sale.
JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, New-York,
Agents for the United States.

THE MASSENA WATER
In Kidney Affections.

Says P. H. Kingsland, Esq., No. 250 West 14th-st., New-York: "My daughter, aged eighteen, was much reduced by ulcerous affections of the kidneys, attended with fever and extreme debility. By the use of these Waters she is restored to perfect health."
Depot, No. 363 Bowery, New-York.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY.
PRICES REDUCED.
Tickets, $28: fractions in proportion. Prizes cashed, information furnished.
TAYLOR & CO., Bankers,
Orders filled. No. 16 Wall-st.

CURE THE HORSES.

Prof. CHAS. DE GRATTES ELECTRIC OIL in combination with Prof. DALE'S HORSE POWDERS will cure the disease now so prevalent among horses. For sale by all druggists. Depot No. 118 Warren-st., New-York.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.

The mails for Europe during the week ending SATURDAY, Nov. 2, 1872, will close at this office on WEDNESDAY at 12 M., on THURSDAY at 11 A. M., and on SATURDAY at 12 M.
P. H. JONES, Postmaster.

WEDDING NOTES, ENVELOPES AND cards, new styles, by A. DEMAREST, Practical Engraver, No. 182 Broadway. Ball cards, fine note-paper, monograms, seals, &c.

COMMISSIONER FOR ILLINOIS and other States and notary public, office No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 7, first floor.

ON MARRIAGE.—HAPPY RELIEF FOR young men. Remarkable reports sent free. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Philadelphia, Penn.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

At the Exchange yesterday, Oct. 29, only one sale of real estate was made by public auction, that being by B. F. Fairchild, by order of the Supreme Court, under the direction of E. S. Caldwell, Esq., referee, of the four-story brick tenement-house and lot, 25 by 98.9, situate on the south side of Thirty-fourth-street, 100 feet west of First-avenue. It was sold to John Southwick for $10,400. William Kennelly, by order of Matthew T. Brennan, Esq., adjourned the Supreme Court sale of the premises situated on the south side of Eighty-eighth-street, 185 feet east of Fourth-avenue, to Tuesday, Nov. 19. Also adjourned the Supreme Court sale of the premises situate on the south side of Eighty-eighth-street, 200 feet east of Fourth-avenue, to the same date, by order of F. S. V. Oliver, Esq., referee.

Messrs. Potter Bros., Nos. 4 and 6 Warren-street, report having sold the following real estate at private sale:

Nine and one-third acres on Washington Heights, to Columbia College, $375,000; thirty-one lots on Broadway and New-avenue; four lots corner of Vermilyea-avenue and Hawthorne-street; eight lots on east side of Tenth-avenue, between Two Hundred and Fifth and Two Hundred and Sixth streets; twelve lots on south side of Two Hundred and Sixth-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues; four lots corner of Ninth avenue and Two Hundred and Sixth-street; four lots north-east corner of Tenth-avenue and Two Hundred and Fifth-street; four lots south-east corner of Tenth-avenue and Two Hundred and Fifth-street; six lots on Two Hundred and Fourth-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues; ten lots between Two Hundred and Fifth and Two Hundred and Sixth streets, fronting on Harlem River; four lots on Harlem River, between Two Hundred and Fourth and Two Hundred and Fifth streets; entire block on Harlem River, between Two Hundred and Third and Two Hundred and Fourth streets; entire block bounded by Ninth-avenue, Two Hundred and First and Two Hundred and Second streets and Harlem River; twelve lots on Two Hundred and Fourth-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues; six lots on Two Hundred and Third-street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues; four lots on Ninth-avenue, corner of Two Hundred and Third-street; six lots on Two Hundred and Third-street, adjoining the above; four lots on Ninth-avenue, south-west corner of Two Hundred and Second-street; eight lots adjoining the above on Two Hundred and Second-street; four lots on south-west corner of Ninth-avenue and Two Hundred and Third-street; twelve lots adjoining the above on Two Hundred and Third-street; eight lots on north side of Two Hundred and Second-street, 100 feet from Ninth-avenue; seven lots on north side of Two Hundred and First-street, 100 feet west of Ninth-avenue; four lots corner of Ninth-avenue and Two Hundred and First-street; entire block bounded by Two Hundred and First-street and Harlem River, containing thirty-four lots; seventeen lots corner Dyckman-street and Tenth-avenue; entire block, bounded by Dyckman and Academy Streets, Post and Sherman avenues; entire block, bounded by Dyckman and Academy streets, Post and Naegle avenues; twenty lots on Prescott-avenue, 264 feet from Bolton road; twelve lots on Seaman-avenue, 264 feet from Bolton road.

The above property was sold for $20,000 advance on the prices for which it was purchased at the Dyckman estate auction sales of Nov. 16, 1870, and June 7, 1871.

Messrs. V. K. Stevenson & Co., No. 11 Pine-street, report having sold the four-story and basement Dorchester stone front house and lot, 28 by 80 by 108, situate on the east side of Fifth-avenue, 50.5 feet north of Sixty-second-street, for the sum of $140,000.

Messrs. E. H. Ludlow & Co., No. 5 Pine-street, report the sale of the four-story and basement brown-stone house and lot, 28 by 70, situate on the north side of Thirty-fifth-street, 125 feet east of Fifth-avenue, for the sum of $65,000.

The following auction sales of real estate are advertised to be held today at the Exchange:

A. J. Bleecker, Son & Co., at a Supreme Court foreclosure sale, at the Exchange, Philo T. Ruggles, Esq., referee, will offer at auction the premises known as Nos. 10 and 12 Marion-street, west side, 106.9 feet north of Broome street, embracing two lots, one 25.7 by 40, and the other 24.2 by 40.3, with buildings thereon; also, one lot, 17 by 102.2, on the south side of East Eighty-third-street, 254.2 feet east of Third avenue. Jos. McGuire will also sell, at the Exchange, on Wednesday, under a similar Court order, John K. Goldsmith, Esq., referee, one lot, 20 by 100.11, on the north side of East One Hundred and Fifth street, 360 feet east of Second-avenue.

Exchange Sales, Tuesday, Oct. 29.

NEW-YORK.

By B. P. Fairchild.

House and lot, 25x98.9, s. s. 34th st., 100 ft. w. of 1st-av.	$10,400

Recorded Real Estate Transfers.

NEW-YORK.

Saturday, Oct 26.

20th-st., s. s., 50.5 ft. w. of 7th-av., 25x92.7	$5,000
38th-st., s. s., 80 ft. e. of Park-av., 20x98.9	30,000
40th-st., s. s., 283.4 ft. e. of 9th-av., 16.8x98.9	8,000
44th-st., s. s., 400 ft. e. of 9th-av., 22x100.4	11,000
47th-st., West, Nos. 257 and 259 ......contract.	22,000
52d-st., n. s., 225 ft. e. of 9th-av., 20x100.5	18,000
52d-st., s. s., 250 ft. w. of 8th-av., 16.4x100.5	16,000
53d-st., s. s., 270.5 w. of 4th-av., 20.3x100.5	17,000
62d-st., n. s., 250 ft. e. of 5th-av., 20.6x100.5	51,500
65th-st., n. e. cor. of 4th-av., 20x80, h. and l.	31,000
74th-st., s. s., 34.6 ft. w. of Madison-av., 20x80	45,000
74th-st., s. s., 54.6 ft. w. of Madison-av., 20x80	45,000
117th-st., n. s., 130.6 ft. w. of 3d-av., 19x100.11	12,000
Lexington-av., w. s., 25 ft. n. of 50th-st., 24x60	15,000
1st-av., e. s., 75.9 ft. n. of 105th-st., 25x113; 105th-st., n. s., 113 ft. e. of 1st-av., 75x100.9; ½ part	1,0.0
2d-av., e. s., 25 ft. n. of 81st-st., 26.2x100	6,000
Leasehold.	
56th-st., n. s., 333 ft. e. of 1st-av., 20x84, Goelet lease	$14,000

CITY REAL ESTATE.

E. DUNCAN SNIFFEN,
REAL ESTATE BROKER.
EXCHANGING COUNTRY PROPERTY A SPECIALTY.
NO. 8 PINE-ST.
NOTARY PUBLIC.

SEVENTH-AV. BOULEVARD.—Several large and small plots for sale, much below the market. Apply to HUGH N. CAMP, 106 Broadway.

ONE THOUSAND HOUSES FOR SALE and to let, on 5th, Madison, Park and Lexington avs., and all desirable localities throughout the City; prices, $10,000 to $200,000. Rentals $1,200 to $10,000. Also, desirable property to exchange.
SLAUSON, CRANK & CO.,
Broadway, corner 29th-st.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS, NEAR THE Blind Asylum.—Twenty-eight lots for sale, well located, having a fine view of the Hudson and surroundings; new avenue when finished will give these lots a handsome front. HUGH N. CAMP, No. 106 Broadway.

A BARGAIN—39TH-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV.—Full-front, four-story brown-stone high-stoop first-class house, only $42,500.
SLAUSON, CRANK & CO.
Broadway, corner 29th-st.

FOR SALE—TWO FIRST-CLASS THREE-story and basement brown-stone houses, Nos. 243 and 245 West 44th-st., between Broadway and 8th-av., 20x50x100.5. Inquire on premises.
JAMES HENDERSON, No. 292 8th-av.

FOR SALE—A COMPLETE THREE-STORY and basement brown-stone house, all the walls painted throughout, in East 58th-st. W. S. GAVEY, No. 34 Bleecker-st.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—CHOICE LOTS, 25 BY 106, IN A select locality, near Prospect Park, all on the grade of the streets, at $450 each, $50 cash, $10 monthly payments; a first-rate investment, and better than any savings bank. Apply at office of ALEX. J. WALKER, No. 112 John-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—ON THE HEIGHTS, WITHIN ten minutes' walk from Wall-street Ferry, the desirable three-story high-stoop basement and sub-cellar brick house, No. 52 Sidney-place, between State and Joralemon sts.; in good order; immediate possession. Can be seen between 8 A. M. and 4 P. M.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.—PROPERTIES situated on and close to the East River and Sound, also on and near lines and termini of new railroads now being built, for sale in plots to suit. To investors we can offer several places, from twenty to 100 acres, situated within sight of Central Park, that must increase rapidly in value.
FRANK G. & DAVISON BROWN,
No. 90 Broadway.

AT SUMMIT, N. J.—MAGNIFICENT country residence; sixty acres; near depot; stream, woodland, fruited, good house, tenant-house, barns, stables, everything complete; at a great bargain. Country-seats and farms of all kinds for sale at Summit, Chatham and Madison; $2,500 to $40,000.
CHARLES W. WARD, No. 79 Cedar-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—HOUSE, barn and nineteen acres; ten minutes' walk of churches, schools, stores and depot, on main street; may be all used for building lots; also, large house and eighteen acres adjoining; one hour in New-Jersey; fare 12 cents. LEWIS BEACH, No. 5 Pine-st., or No. 429 West 16th-st.

SUMMIT, N. J., ONE HOUR'S RIDE FROM New-York.—Offered at reduced rates to close sale, villa sites and business lots in the centre of the growing town; high ground, and only a few steps from the Morris and Essex Railroad Depot. Apply to J. RIERA, owner, or to A. GRACIE, Agent.

FOR SALE—BINGHAMTON, N. Y., FINE farm, 200 acres, 160 under cultivation, balance timber; nice house, twelve rooms; large, good out-buildings; stock, tools, &c.; must be sold; price $12,000; very easy terms. O. H. PIERSON, No. 5 Pine-st., New-York.

ORANGE, N. J.—COUNTRY HOUSES, lands and village lots for sale; a great variety. Also, furnished and unfurnished houses to let for season or year, by WALTER E. SMITH, formerly Blackwell & Smith, Orange, corner Main and Cone sts.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR Brooklyn House and Some Cash—Thirty-three acres beautiful land; nice picnic grounds; Madison, N. J.; ten minutes' walk from depot; easy terms. $800 per acre. O. H. PIERSON, No. 5 Pine-st.

FOR SALE, LOWEST FOR CASH.—Five plots in Menlo Park, New-Jersey, free and clear; ten plots Chatham, N. J.; two choice plots Madison, N. J.; also plots and lots at Wyoming, near Millburn, N. J. O. H. PIERSON, No. 5 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR Brooklyn House—Very Low for Cash—Fine farm, 120 acres near Somerville, N. J.; all cultivated; good buildings. O. H. PIERSON, No. 5 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—VILLA PLOTS AND BUILDing lots at Bayside, Long Island, thirty minutes from City Hall. W. S. GAVEY, No. 34 Bleecker-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

Central N. J.
Land Improvement Co.

Offer for sale at all points on the line of the Central Railroad of New-Jersey, houses, lots and land by the acre. Apply to A. D. Hope, No. 119 Liberty-st.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

Must be sold to close an estate. A two-story and attic brick dwelling, with six acres of cultivated land attached, with barn and carriage house, &c.; ice-house hold ng forty tons; fruit of all kinds, in the greatest abundance; fish and ice pond, and excellent spring water in house. Situation perfectly healthy, with no nuisances, at Scarboro, on Hudson, thirty miles from New-York and one-third mile from large village; within easy walking distance of good churches, schools, markets, and depot. Apply to S. L. HAVEN, No. 50 William-st., New-York.

FOR SALE.

The most desirable summer hotel site in America. The corner lot of the Gibbs estate, on the Bath road and the Newport beach, fronting the breakers. Will be sold on easy terms to responsible parties who will build on it a first-class hotel, which, on this site, is sure to pay. Address ALFRED SMITH, Newport, R. I.

FOR SALE—A NEAT TWO-STORY AND basement house on Whiting-st., Jersey City; gas and water; painted and papered throughout.
W. S. GAVEY, No. 34 Bleecker-st.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

LODI PRINT WORKS—IN BANKRUPTCY.—Assignee's sale at public auction.—Pursuant to an order of the District Court of the United States for the District of New-Jersey, the undersigned will sell, at public auction, without reserve, to the highest bidder, on WEDNESDAY, the 20th day of November, 1872, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premises, at Lodi, Bergen County, N. J., the manufacturing property, known as "The Lodi Print Works," comprising all the real estate, fixtures, fixed machinery, water rights, &c., belonging to the Company, unless previously disposed of at private sale.

Terms may be known on application to the undersigned. NATHAN HOBART,
Assignee in bankruptcy of the Lodi Print Works, No. 53 Leonard-st., New-York City.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

FURNISHED.

FOR THE WINTER.—TO RENT, FULLY and well furnished, an elegant residence in 17th-st., near 5th-av. The house is 29 by 65 feet, containing splendid entertaining-rooms, large bedrooms, and everything to make it attractive as a home for the Winter. Permits may be obtained of F. G. & D. BROWN, No. 90 Broadway.

MURRAY HILL, BETWEEN 5TH AND 6th avs.—To let or lease, fully furnished, a medium sized four-story brown-stone high-stoop house. Permits from F. G. & D. BROWN, No. 90 Broadway.

TO LET—FURNISHED, FOR ONE AND A half year, a first-class four-story English-basement brown-stone house in East 30th-st., between 5th and Madison avs., to a private family only. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET IN 35th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.; a very desirable small house; will be rented for year or the Winter. Apply to HUGH N. CAMP, No. 106 Broadway.

TO RENT—FROM NOW TO MAY OR JUNE, a large and elegantly-furnished corner house, on 5th-av., with stable attached. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE IN PLAINfield, N. J.; gas, water, and all modern improvements; lot 85 feet by 250, with stable and barn. Apply to No. 199 Fulton-st., New-York.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO RENT near Brick Church Depot, Orange—Twelve rooms, all improvements, first class. Address S. M. LONG, adjoining Brick Church Station.

UNFURNISHED.

FRENCH FLATS.

To let, from Nov. 1, flats of eight rooms each in the elegant new stone building, north side of 56th-st., between Broadway and 7th-av.; heated by steam, and furnished with patent clothes-dryers and refrigerators; every room has ample direct daylight; each suite has its own front door opening from main hall, and the whole is in care of a janitor; the building is open for inspection; only four of the ten flats remain unlet. Apply to
D. & J. JARDINE, Architects,
No. 1,267 Broadway.

A.—29TH-ST., NEAR BROADWAY.—To let, five-story high-stoop house, thirty rooms, with bath-room on every floor, just completed; rent $5,000.
SLAUSON, CRANK & CO.,
Broadway, corner 29th-st.

TO LET—THE UPPER PART OF NO. 724 2d-av., corner East 39th-st., ten rooms just painted and papered; rent, $50. W. S. GAVEY, No. 34 Bleecker-st.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET IN TIMES BUILDING.

SPLENDID OFFICES TO LET IN THE FIRE-PROOF TIMES BUILDING.
Apply at TIMES COUNTING-ROOM.

HOLIDAY GOODS.—STORE TO LET FOR the holiday season; rent low; suitable for toys and fancy goods. Apply in the store, 1,257 Broadway.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—ROOMS IN A PRIVATE FAMily for gentleman, wife, infant and nurse; references given and required. Address J. S. P., Box No. 5,460 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE GENTLEMAN A comfortable room with fireplace, near 5th-av. Address with price, &c., Box No. 662 New-York Post-office.

DANCING.

A. DODWORTH'S
CLASSES FOR DANCING,
AT NO. 212 5TH-AV.,
WILL COMMENCE OCT. 5.

Twice-a-week classes on Mondays and Thursdays, Tuesdays and Fridays, Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Once a week, on Saturday morning and Friday evening. Monday and Thursday evenings for gentlemen.

For terms, &c., send for circular.

ACADEMY OF DANCING.
LYRIC HALL, No. 723 6th-av., and
ADELPHI HALL, Broadway, 52d-st. and 7th-av.
Mr. TRENOR is pleased to announce that his superior academy rooms are now open. See circulars.

DE GARMO'S DANCING ACADEMY,
NO. 82 5TH-AV., CORNER 14TH-ST.,
NOW OPEN.
PARTICULARS IN CIRCULAR.

MR. AND MRS. HLASKO'S ACADEMY FOR DANCING, No. 64 West 34th-st.—Instruction commences SATURDAY, Nov. 2. For children at 10 A. M.; for families 4, and gentlemen 8 P. M. Send for circular.

DUMAR'S DANCING ACADEMY, NO. 24 West 4th-st., near Broadway.—Day and evening classes; all dances taught in one quarter; six in six private lessons.

FURNITURE.

[ESTABLISHED 1807.]
B. M. COWPERTHWAIT & CO.,
155 Chatham-Street.
FURNITURE AND CARPETS,
PARLOR SUITES,
CHAMBER SUITES,
DINING-ROOM SUITES,
MIRRORS, DESKS,
and a general and varied assortment of every description of
FURNITURE, CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS,
MATTRESSES & BEDDING,
at VERY LOW PRICES for cash.
Payments by Installments, if Desired.

T. G. SELLEW,
DESKS,
Office and Library Furniture,
NO. 103 FULTON-ST., NEW-YORK.
Fine Cylinder Desks.

FURNITURE, CARPETS AND BEDding cheap for cash, or weekly or monthly payments taken, at G. REID'S, No. 333 Hudson-st.

METALS.

THOMAS J. POPE & BRO.,
METALS,
No. 292 PEARL-STREET,
Near Beekman-st., NEW-YORK.

MARBLE MANTELS.

MANTELS, GRATES, &C.
LARGE AND ELEGANT STOCK,
AT OUR NEW WAREROOMS,
UNION SQUARE,
CORNER 4TH-AV. AND 17TH-ST.
PENRHYN SLATE CO.

A. KLABER.—STEAM MARBLE AND MARbleizing works, Nos. 134 and 136 East 18th-st. Marble and marbleized mantels, tiling, marble counters, monuments, at prices that defy competition. Marble turning for the trade.

STEWART'S SLATE MANTELS, RICH and elegant designs; slate work of every description; marble and wood mantels. T. B. STEWART & CO., No. 220 and 222 West 23d-st., near 7th-av.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PLOTS IN GREEN-WOOD CEMETERY for sale.—One plot of four lots and one of six lots, both on and near Cypress-av., and near the southern entrance. Price $1,000 and $3,000 per lot. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

WANTED—TWO SITTINGS IN DR. HALL'S Church, corner of 19th-st. and 5th-av., floor or gallery. Address W., Box No. 847 Post-office, New-York.

BRUSHES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION AT No. 385 Pearl-st., Harper's Building. All articles at the lowest factory prices. JOHN K. MORRELL.

FINANCIAL.

ILLINOIS INVESTMENT.

THE
Jacksonville, North-western & South-eastern Railway
FIRST MORTGAGE
7 PER CENT. GOLD BONDS
AT
85 AND ACCRUED INTEREST.
INTEREST PAYABLE IN NEW-YORK, LONDON AND FRANKFORT.

This road will connect JACKSONVILLE, on the Chicago and Alton Railroad, with MOUNT VERNON, and will furnish the Counties of Morgan, Sangamon, Macoupin, Montgomery, Bond, Clinton, Marion and Jefferson with facilities long needed to transport their crops to market.

At Virden, where the deposits of bituminous coal are seven feet in depth, a large business will be created so soon as cheap transportation is assured by the construction of this road to accessible markets.

Thirty Miles from Jacksonville to Airden are already completed and fully equipped. Fifty miles will be finished in time to move the Autumn crops.

THE TOLEDO, WABASH AND WESTERN RAILROAD,
THE PEORIA, PEKIN AND JACKSONVILLE RAILROAD,
THE CHICAGO AND ALTON R. R.,
THE INDIANAPOLIS AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD,
THE TERRE HAUTE RAILROAD,
THE VANDALIA AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD,
AND
THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R.,

Act as feeders to the road at various points.

Its connection, also, with the important roads now centering at Mount Vernon and Evansville must also secure it a large and remunerative traffic.

The road forms a part of a through route from St. Louis to the sea-board.

Running through a section of country thickly settled and producing large quantities of grain and lumber, with not an acre of waste land to be found anywhere in proximity to the road, its local traffic alone will amply secure the cost of building.

The issue of bonds is limited to $20,000 per mile, and we offer only $600,000 on the thirty miles of road already completed and in successful operation.

When desired, the bonds will be registered with the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company.

In view of the above facts, we recommend these Bonds on account of their ABSOLUTE SAFETY, and regard them as, in every way, a choice security. Pamphlets will be furnished on application.

GIBSON, CASANOVA & CO.,
50 Exchange-place, N. Y.

GUARANTEED BONDS
ON A COMPLETED ROAD.

THE CINCINNATI, RICHMOND
AND
FORT WAYNE RAILROAD CO.'S
FIRST MORTGAGE
7 PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

HAVING FIFTY YEARS TO RUN, PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN UNITED STATES GOLD COIN, "not inferior to the present standard." Interest payable semi-annually in New-York, on the 1st day of June and December, and guaranteed jointly and severally by
THE CINCINNATI, HAMILTON AND DAYTON RAILROAD COMPANY,
THE PENNSYLVANIA COMPANY, AND
THE GRAND RAPIDS AND INDIANA RAILROAD COMPANY.

The road is completed and in full operation, and extends ninety miles from Fort Wayne to Richmond, Ind., and has contracts running ninety-nine years for the interchange of business with the above Companies, and with the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company. Price 92 1-2 and interest. Full particulars on application to

WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.,
NO. 27 PINE-ST.

THE BURLINGTON,
CEDAR RAPIDS,
AND MINNESOTA RAILROAD
FIRST MORTGAGE 7 PER CENT.
SINKING FUND
Convertible Gold Bonds,
FREE OF GOVERNMENT TAX.

We confidently recommend these Bonds as among the safest and best upon the market.

At present prices they yield to holders nearly nine per cent. on investment.

They are now admitted to regular dealing at the New-York Stock Exchange, and are also
BOUGHT AND SOLD BY
HENRY CLEWS & CO.,
No. 32 Wall-st., New-York.

10 PER CENT. KANSAS SCHOOL BONDS.
10 PER CENT. NEBRASKA SCHOOL BONDS

The safest and most remunerative of bond investments.

Total amount of Kansas School Bonds issued to Jan. 1, 1872, $1,389,606; amount outstanding Jan. 1, 1872, $498,219.

Balance has been redeemed.

Choice lots for sale below par by
FITCH, OTIS & CO.,
No. 11 Pine-st., New-York.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE FORMED A copartnership this day under the name of
VAN DYCK & WILLIAMS,
for the transaction of a
COMMISSION BUSINESS
in stocks, bonds, and gold, at No. 66 Exchange-place.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 26, 1872.
A. V. B. VAN-DYCK.
WM. B. WILLIAMS.

WE OFFER FOR SALE
20,000 FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS
OF THE
EAGLE GAS COMPANY OF NEW-YORK
AT 85.

These Bonds are secured by a mortgage on the whole property of the Company, and by letters patent, duly registered in Washington, have five years to run, and bear interest at 7 per cent., payable April and October. A limited amount will be sold only. Apply to
PARKER & MACKIN, Bankers,
No. 19 Broad-st., New-York.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
issue COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE ERIE RAILWAY COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 8, 1872.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the transfer-books of this Company will be closed at its general office on the 7th day of November, 1872, and remain closed till the 18th day of November, 1872, when the books will be reopened for transfers at the office of Duncan, Sherman & Co., who have been appointed transfer agents of this Company. By order of the Board.
H. N. OTIS, Secretary.

HUDSON RIVER COPPER COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders will be held on THURSDAY next, at 2 P. M., at the Company's office, No. 29 William-st., to hear a report from the President on the condition of the Company's affairs.
W. KEMEYS, President.

A SAFE AND SURE INVESTMENT.—Parties having from $2,000 and upward to invest can hear of first mortgage in Brooklyn, E. D., on improved real estate, worth from two to three times the amount of mortgage; secured by policy of insurance. Address INVESTMENT, Box No. 156 *Times* Office.

OFFICE OF THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, NEW-YORK, Oct. 19, 1872.
AN ELECTION FOR DIRECTORS of this Company for the ensuing year will be held at the office of the Company on MONDAY, the 4th day of November next. The polls will be open from 1 to 2 o'clock P. M. WM. RAYNOR, Secretary.

GREAT WESTERN MARINE INSURANCE STOCK
For sale by WM. C. GILMAN, No. 46 Pine-st.

THE NASSAU BANK, NEW-YORK, Oct. 29, 1872.
THE ANNUAL ELECTION FOR DIrectors of this bank, and inspectors of the next succeeding election, will be held at the banking rooms on TUESDAY, Nov. 12. Polls open from 11 A. M. to 12 M. W. H. ROGERS, Cashier.

WANTED—INFORMATION AS TO THE financial condition of the A. & G. W. R. W.; I mean business. Address J. W. Y., care of New-York Baking and Banking Company, No. 27 Park-row.

FINANCIAL.

NEW-YORK STATE
Railroad Bonds.

A First-Class Home Investment

FIRST MORTGAGE GOLD BONDS
OF THE
New York, Kingston and Syracuse Railroad.

PAYING 7 PER CENT. GOLD.

PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PAYABLE IN GOLD.

This Road, which passes through some of the richest Agricultural Counties in the State, and is on the most direct line between the Great Lakes and deep water navigation on the Hudson River, is now fast approaching completion, and will establish a new line of communication to Lake Ontario and the Great West.

The 78 miles of road now in operation and which are unusually well built, are already paying net earnings equivalent to 7 Per Cent. Gold on cost of construction and equipments. The Bonds are now offered for sale at 95, with accrued interest, and we strongly recommend them to our friends and investors as a safe and desirable Security.

Pamphlets and maps furnished with full particulars, on application to

DEAN, M'GINNIS & CO.,
BANKERS, NO. 30 BOND-ST., N. Y.,
And at the office of the Company, 18 William-st., N. Y.

INDIANAPOLIS, BLOOMINGTON
AND
WESTERN RAILWAY.
The Short Central Trunk Route.

This road has been in operation from Indianapolis to Pekin, 202 miles, for two years. **Its earnings have rapidly increased, and are now at a rate sufficient to pay all current expenses, interest on all its Bonded Indebtedness, including that made for its Extension, and, in addition, a dividend upon its Stock.**

The Extension is **217** miles in length, and connects Champaign with the Mississippi River at Keokuk. It passes through a well-developed part of the State of Illinois, abounding in resources for a great business, and it must in a short time equal in receipts the other part of the Road with which it is consolidated, making a total line of **420** miles. Intimate western connections make this route the most direct between the Atlantic and Pacific Coasts.

The entire road traverses a very fertile region, and **possesses** the best subsidy a road can have, viz.; **IMMENSE BUSINESS IMMEDIATELY AT COMMAND.**

Under a fair valuation, the property of the older part of the road, **above prior obligations,** is fully equal in amount to the Bonds now issued, which are further and completely secured by a first and only mortgage on the extension, one-half of which is near completion, and the remainder will be finished early in 1873.

The Bonds are **Seven Per Cent. Gold, $1,000** each, convertible into stock at par at the option of the owner, and may be registered without charge. **PRICE 90 AND ACCRUED INTEREST** in currency. Coupons, January and July 1, free of tax.

We recommend the Bonds to **all** classes of investors as an undoubted security.

TURNER BROTHERS,
BANKERS, NO. 14 NASSAU-ST.

CONVERTIBLE
MIDLAND BONDS

A 7 per cent. Mortgage Bond for sale on one of the great roads running from New-York City—on THE THIRD LARGEST ROAD IN NEW YORK STATE. The most desirable bond of all the Midland issues, affording the largest income and promising the greatest profit.

Price 85 and interest.

We believe them one of the safest and most profitable investments offered in this market for years.

ALLEN, STEPHENS & CO
BANKERS,
SOLE AGENTS FOR THIS LOAN,
NO. 25 PINE-ST.

VERMILYE & CO.
BANKERS,
16 and 18 Nassau-st., New-York.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
FIRST-CLASS RAILROAD AND MUNICIPAL BONDS ALWAYS ON HAND FOR INVESTMENT.
BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION
RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.
MAKING LIBERAL ADVANCES.
INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

NOTICE.—A CERTIFICATE OF FOUR shares of the Bank of Commerce in New-York, No. 13,978, and dated Oct. 26, 1856, and belonging to me, has been lost. This forbids all persons from negotiating for said stock, as a new certificate has been applied for. E. B. DOWNING, JR.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 22, 1872.

JOHN MUNROE & CO.,
BANKERS, NO. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
ISSUE CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT ON MUNROE & CO., PARIS, AND ON THE CONSOLIDATED BANK, LONDON.

RAILROAD, STATE, CITY AND COUNTY BONDS bought and sold by
HANNA BROS.,
No. 11 Wall-st., and No. 2 New-st.
Investment securities a specialty.

SAVINGS BANKS.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION,
NO. 96 WARREN-ST., NEW-YORK.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on all sums.
Interest commences from first January, April, July, and October. Bank open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
WALTER W. CONCKLIN, President.
VANDERBILT L. BUXTON, Secretary.

ESTABLISHED 1853.
SIX PENNY SAVINGS BANK,
ASTOR-PLACE.
Open daily for deposits and payments from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.
All sums received, from five cents to $10,000.
NOTICE.—Moneys deposited now will draw interest from NOV. 1.

CITIZENS' SAVING BANK
OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK.
INTEREST computed from the first of each month, and is paid or credited on balance remaining in bank Jan. 1 and July 1 of each year.
Present rate of interest SIX PER CENT.
Money deposited on or before Nov. 1 will bear interest from that date.
BANK, No. 58 BOWERY, south-west corner of Canal-st. Open every day from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M., and will remain open on Mondays and Saturdays until 7 P. M.
Bank books in English, German, and French.
E. A. QUINTARD, President.
SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, Secretary.

NEW-YORK SAVINGS BANK, 8TH-av., corner 14th-st.—Six per cent. interest paid on all sums from $5 to $5,000. Deposits made on or before Nov. 1 will draw interest from Nov. 1. Assets, $2,857,507 60. Surplus, $229,988 85.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK.
Nos. 396 and 398 CANAL-ST., corner of Laight.
SIX per cent. interest on $5 to $5,000.
ASSETS, $10,358,279 85.

DEPOSIT TODAY in the SAVINGS BANK Chartered by the United States.
SEND FOR CIRCULAR. No. 185 Bleecker-st.
ASSETS OVER $4,000,000.

STOVES, RANGES, &C.

MORNING GLORY STOVES AND PARLOR HEATERS.
R. & J. MOWBRAY, No. 82 Vesey-st. A full assortment of ranges, cooking, and parlor, office and store stoves, &c.

DIVIDENDS.

THE NEW-YORK STATE LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY have this day declared a dividend of Four per Cent., payable on and after MONDAY, Nov. 11.
F. N. LAWRENCE, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 28, 1872.

OFFICE OF THE ST. LOUIS, KANSAS CITY AND NORTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY,
ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 22, 1872.
A DIVIDEND OF $2 PER SHARE on the Preferred Capital Stock of the St. Louis, Kansas City and Northern Railway Company has been declared payable, in accordance with the terms of the resolutions of the Board of Directors, passed this day, at the office of Messrs. M. K. Jesup & Co., No. 59 Liberty-st., New-York, on the 15th November, proximo, to the stockholders of record at close of transfer books.
The transfer-books will be closed on the 1st November and reopened on the 16th same.
JAMES F. HOW, Secretary.

NO. 53 EXCHANGE-PLACE, Oct. 29, 1872.
THE COUPONS, MATURING NOV. 1 prox. of the
KANSAS PACIFIC FIRST MORTGAGE 7 per cent. Gold Bonds,
DENVER AND BOULDER VALLEY 7 per cent. Gold Bonds,
DENVER, PACIFIC AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY 7 per cent. Gold Bonds,
UNION PACIFIC EASTERN DIVISION LEAVENWORTH BRANCH 7 per cent. Currency Bonds,
will be payable, on and after that date, at our office.
DREXEL, MORGAN & CO.

OFFICE OF THE CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILROAD COMPANY, NO. 54 WILLIAM-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 25, 1872.
THE COUPONS AND REGISTERED interest of the FIRST MORTGAGE SIX PER CENT. BONDS of the CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILROAD COMPANY, due Nov. 1, 1872, will be paid on and after that date at the office of Messrs. Fisk & Hatch, No. 5 Nassau-st., New-York.
Schedules of twenty or more coupons may now be presented, for which checks will be ready Nov. 1.
The transfer-books for bonds, registered coupons detached, will be closed Oct. 30, and reopened Nov. 2.
C. P. HUNTINGTON, President.

ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.
The coupons of the Central Division First Mortgage Railroad and Land Grant Bonds, and of the Second Mortgage Railroad and Land Grant Bonds of the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad Company, due Nov. 1, 1872, will be paid in gold coin at the National Shoe and Leather Bank, New-York. A. V. STOUT,
Oct. 26, 1872. Treasurer.

PACIFIC RAILROAD, (OF MISSOURI.)
The coupons due Nov. 1, 1872, on the Real Estate Bonds of the Pacific Railroad (of Missouri) will be paid on and after that date at the National Bank of Commerce, in the City of New-York.
A. V. STOUT, Treasurer
of Atlantic and Pacific Railroad Company.
Oct. 29, 1872.

OFFICE OF THE DRY DOCK, EAST BROADWAY AND BATTERY RAILROAD COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 21, 1872.
A DIVIDEND OF TWO DOLLARS per share out of the earnings of the quarter ending 31st inst., has been declared payable to stockholers on and after 1st of November next, at the office of the Company, No. 605 Grand-st. The transfer-books will be closed 21st inst., and reopen 2d November. By order of the Board of Directors.
RICHARD KELLY, Treasurer.

MECHANICS' AND TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK,
CORNER BOWERY AND BROOME-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 18, 1872.
A DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. ON the capital stock of this bank has been declared, payable free of tax on and after the 1st day of November next. The transfer-books will be closed until the 1st proximo. By order.
GEO. W. YOULE, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE LOGANSPORT, CRAWFORDSVILLE AND SOUTH-WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY,
CRAWFORDSVILLE, Ind., Oct. 21, 1872.
The COUPONS due Nov. 1, 1872, of the FIRST MORTGAGE EIGHT PER CENT. GOLD BONDS of this Company will be paid on and after that day at the office of JONES & SCHUYLER, Financial Agents, No. 12 Pine-st., New-York.
J. S. BAILEY, Treasurer.

UNION NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 25, 1872.
DIVIDEND.—A DIVIDEND OF FIVE (5) per Cent. from the earnings of the last six months, has this day been declared by the directors of this bank, payable on the 1st day of November next, to which date the transfer-books will remain closed.
JAMES M. LEWIS, Cashier.

THE NATIONAL MECHANICS' BANKING ASSOCIATION OF NEW-YORK, NEW-YORK, Oct. 25, 1872.
THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS have this day declared a dividend of Four per Cent., payable to stockholders on and after the 1st day of November next, free of all taxes.
The transfer-books will be closed from this date to Nov. 1. M. F. READING, Cashier.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, STATE TREASURER'S OFFICE, LANSING, Oct. 27, 1872.
THE INTEREST DUE NOV. 1, 1872, on the War Bounty Loan Bonds issued by the State of Michigan will be paid at the Mercantile National Bank in the City of New-York.
V. P. COLLIER,
State Treasurer.

THE COUPONS OF THE ST. LOUIS and South-eastern Railway first mortgage seven per cent. gold bonds, due Nov. 1, 1872, will be paid on and after that date, on presentation at the banking-house of George Opdyke & Co., No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York. E. F. WINSLOW, President.
ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 16, 1872.

THE DIRECTORS OF THE UNITED States Express Company have declared a Quarterly Dividend of Two Dollars ($2) per share, payable on and after Nov. 1, proximo. The transfer-books will close at 2 o'clock P. M., on WEDNESDAY, the 16th inst., and remain closed until Monday, Nov. 4.
GEORGE G. FARNHAM, Treasurer.

THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK,
NEW-YORK, Oct. 22, 1872.
A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT., free of taxes, has been declared on the capital of this bank, payable on and after Nov. 1.
The transfer-books will be closed from this date, and reopen on the 2d November.
E. WILLSON, Cashier.

THE COUPONS OF THE CONVERTIBLE and the SECOND MORTGAGE 7 per cent. Bonds of the NEW-YORK AND OSWEGO MIDLAND RAILROAD, due Nov. 1, 1872, will be paid on and after that date, on presentation at the banking-house of GEORGE OPDYKE & CO., No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York. D. C. LITTLEJOHN, President.
OSWEGO, Oct. 18, 1872.

NO. 53 EXCHANGE-PLACE, Oct. 16, 1872.
CENTRAL COLORADO IMPROVEMENT COMPANY BONDS.—Coupons from the above bonds maturing Nov. 1, 1872, will be paid on and after that date, upon presentation at our office.
DREXEL, MORGAN & CO.

THE PORT HURON AND LAKE Michigan Railroad Company's First Mortgage Coupons, to mature Nov. 1, 1872, will be cashed in gold on and after that date, at the banking-house of DRAKE BROTHERS, No. 66 Broadway.

THE COUPONS OF THE DENVER AND Rio Grande Railway Company maturing Nov. 1, 1872, will be paid, on and after that date, at office of DREXEL, MORGAN & CO.,
No. 53 Exchange-place.

PACIFIC BANK, NEW-YORK, Oct. 22, 1872.
THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS HAVE this day declared a Quarterly Dividend of Three per Cent., payable on and after the 1st of November.
R. BUCK, Cashier.

INSURANCE.

GUARDIAN
ASSURANCE CO., OF LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1821.

Subscribed Capital,
$10,000,000 Gold.

TOTAL INVESTED FUNDS, OVER $14,000,000 GOLD.

ASSETS liable for Fire losses, OVER $6,000,000 GOLD.

NOW PREPARED TO ISSUE POLICIES UPON EVERY DESCRIPTION OF INSURABLE PROPERTY, AT REASONABLE RATES.
BRANCH OFFICE, No. 60 WALL-ST.
FRANKLIN H. CARTER, Manager.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S CHURCH.—The new church edifice erected by the Corporation of St. Bartholomew's Church on the corner of Madison-av. and 44th-st., will be opened for Divine service on the first SUNDAY in November, the third day of the month. The services will be held at 10½ o'clock in the morning and 3½ o'clock in the afternoon; the seats for that day will be free; the building will also be open to the public for inspection on Thursday the last day of October and Friday the 1st day of November from 10 in the morning till 3 in the afternoon, and from 7 to 10 in the evening of both days. Eminent artists will preside at the fine organ just finished for the Church by Messrs. J. H. & C. S. Odell during those days, and in the evening selections of music will be rendered by the choir. The pews will be offered for sale by auction at the Church on THURSDAY EVENING, Nov. 7, at 8 o'clock. Maps of the pews with numbers and prices will be ready at the time of the sale. By order of the Vestry.
NEW-YORK, Oct. 28, 1872.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—A PARTNER WITH $8,000 TO $10,000 in a good reliable business, each party furnishing equal amount. Address F. A., Box No. 198 *Times* Office.

FOR SALE—THE STOCK AND BUSINESS of a good general store in a live town in Ohio; failing health cause of selling. Address C., Box No. 140 *Times* Office.

ALL THE MACHINERY, BAND-SAW, &c., for fancy wood-work, fans, &c., for sale cheap. Apply to WM. SPEER, at the old stand, No. 90 Fulton-st., third floor.

PHOTOGRAPHIC CAR FOR SALE.—Apply to J. NEWTON, No. 125 Huron-st., Greenpoint.

DRY GOODS. DRY GOODS.

CLOAKS!

On TUESDAY, Oct. 29, we will offer an elegant assortment of Cloaks, in which will be found the following:

Cape Basques, with postilion back; Cape Sacques, with or without hoods; Cape Sacques, with fur trimming, very rich; Sacques and Basques in Velvet Beaver, Beaver, Velvets, and fine cloths of every desirable shade and color, both plain and embroidered; Talmas, in all styles; the "Dolman" Sacque, a great favorite; Postilion Basques, with sleeve-cape; Opera Cloaks in Cashmere and Silk, and a general assortment of Capes, Basques, Sacques, &c., &c., both imported and of our own manufacture. The "Lord & Taylor" Jacket, in different styles, from $20 upward. Cheap Sacques, Basques and Jackets, from $4 upward. Also, English and American Water-proof Cloth Cloaks, in six different styles, at reasonable prices.

LORD & TAYLOR,
BROADWAY AND 20TH-ST.,
GRAND-ST. AND CHRYSTIE.

DRY GOODS.

NEW FALL GOODS.
MILLER & GRANT,
NO. 879 BROADWAY.

YAK LACES,	LLAMA CAPES,
GUIPURE LACES,	CHANTILLY CAPES,
SPANISH LACES,	VAL BARBES,
PASSEMENTERIES,	SETS,
RIBBONS,	EMBROIDERIES,
INFANTS' CAPS,	VAL CAPES, &C., &C.

UNSURPASSED IN STYLE AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES.

N. B.—SAMPLES SENT BY MAIL.

AUCTION SALES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT on Thursday, November fourteenth, (14th,) eighteen hundred and seventy-two, at 12 o'clock at noon of that day, at the Merchants' Exchange Sales-rooms, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, through Muller, Wilkins and Company as auctioneers, the undersigned, as pledgee of the property hereinafter described, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, twenty-five (25) bonds of the Portage Lake and Lake Superior Ship Canal Company, for the principal sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars each, with the unpaid coupons, which bonds were issued upon the security of a trust deed made by said Company, dated July first, (1st,) eighteen hundred and seventy, (1870,) to Charles L. Frost, purporting to cover the canal, lands, franchises and personal property in Michigan therein described and duly recorded, and also twenty-two (22) bonds of the Lake Superior Ship Canal, Railroad and Iron Company for the sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars each, payable in gold, with coupons thereto attached, which last-mentioned bonds were issued upon the security of a mortgage purporting to cover the lands in Michigan therein described, such mortgage being made to the Union Trust Company as trustee, and duly recorded in Michigan, all of such bonds having been pledged with the Ocean National Bank by William L. Avery as collateral security for a loan of eighteen thousand eight hundred and fifty-two ($18,852) dollars made to him by said bank; and the undersigned, as pledgee, will also sell separately, at the same place and time, bonds of the Portage Lake and Lake Superior Ship Canal Company for the principal sum in all, of eight thousand ($8,000) dollars, with coupons attached, which were issued upon the security of a trust deed, purporting to create a first lien upon the lands, canal, franchises and personal property in Michigan therein described, which trust-deed has been duly recorded in Michigan; and also fifty-six (56) bonds of the Lake Superior Ship Canal, Railroad and Iron Company, for the principal sum of one thousand ($1,000) each, payable in gold, with coupons attached, which were issued on the security of said trust-deed to the Union Trust Company; the last two lots of bonds having been pledged with the Ocean National Bank by Perez J. Avery as collateral security for a loan of eighteen thousand ($18,000) dollars made to him by said bank; also six (6) bonds of the Lake Superior Ship Canal, Railroad and Iron Company, issued on the security of said Union Trust Company trust-deed for the principal sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars each, payable in gold, with unpaid coupons attached, which bonds were held by the Ocean National Bank as security for the repayment of an overdraft of nine hundred and sixty-seven dollars and sixty-nine cents ($967 69,) made by said Perez J. Avery. Also five thousand (5,000) shares of the capital stock of the Portage Lake and Lake Superior Ship Canal Company of the par value of one hundred ($100) dollars each, which were pledged with said bank by said P. J. Avery and others as collateral security for the indebtedness of said Avery and others to said bank. Also forty (40) bonds of the Decatur, Sullivan and Mattoon Railroad Company for the principal sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars each, which bonds were issued on the security of a mortgage upon the property of said Railroad Company, made to the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, trustee; and also twenty-six (26) of the bonds of the Portage Lake and Lake Superior Ship Canal Company for the principal sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars each, with unpaid coupons attached, issued upon the security of said trust-deed to said Frost, which last two-mentioned lots of bonds were pledged to said bank as collateral security for a loan of twenty-two thousand ($22,000) dollars made to Alfred Wild by said Ocean Bank. Also seventeen (17) bonds of the Decatur, Sullivan and Mattoon Railroad Company for the principal sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars each, secured by the said Farmers' Loan and Trust Company mortgage. And also forty-eight (48) bonds of the Lake Superior Ship Canal, Railroad and Iron Company for the principal sum of one thousand ($1,000) each, with unpaid coupons attached, secured by said Union Trust Company mortgage, which last two lots of bonds were pledged to said bank as collateral security for a loan of twenty-nine thousand four hundred and sixty dollars and ninety-nine cents, ($29,460 99,) made to Alfred Wild by said Ocean Bank. Also bonds of the Portage Lake and Lake Superior Ship Canal Company, for the principal amount, in all, of fifty thousand ($50,000) dollars, and unpaid coupons attached, issued upon the security of a trust deed, purporting to create a first lien upon the lands therein described, situate in Michigan; such mortgage being made to Martin & Davis, trustees, which last-mentioned fifty thousand ($50,000) dollars of bonds were pledged to said bank as collateral security for the repayment of loans made by said bank to Charles Callender, amounting to twenty thousand ($20,000) dollars. Also, ten (10) bonds of the Decatur, Sullivan and Mattoon Railroad Company for the principal sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars each, secured by said Farmers' Loan and Trust Company mortgage. Also, ten (10) bonds of the Lake Superior Ship Canal Railroad and Iron Company, with unpaid coupons attached, issued on the security of said Union Trust Company mortgage, which last two (2) lots of bonds were pledged to said bank by Alfred Wild as collateral security for the payment of his check on the Rhinebeck Bank for five thousand ($5,000) dollars and upward. Also, twenty-nine (29) bonds of the Decatur, Sullivan and Mattoon Railroad Company, for the principal sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars each, secured by said Farmers' Loan and Trust Company mortgage, and eleven (11) bonds of the Chicago and Illinois Southern Railroad Company for the principal sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars each, secured by a trust deed to the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, which last two lots of bonds were pledged to said bank by Charles Callender as collateral security for the repayment of a loan upon his check on the Ocean Bank for twenty-five thousand ($25,000) dollars. Also, thirty (30) bonds of the Lake Superior Ship Canal, Railroad and Iron Company for the principal sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars each, with unpaid coupons attached, issued upon the security of the said Union Trust Company trust deed, which bonds were pledged to the said bank by Charles Callender, as collateral security for the repayment of his check on the said Ocean Bank for six thousand ($6,000) dollars. Also thirty (30) other such bonds as those last described, with unpaid coupons attached, which were pledged to said bank by the said Charles Callender as security for the payment to said bank of his check on the Shoe and Leather Bank for sixteen thousand ($16,000) dollars. Also twenty-five (25) other such bonds as are last above described, which were pledged to said Ocean Bank by the said Charles Callender as collateral security for the payment of his check on the Central National Bank for five thousand ($5,000) dollars; also forty one (41) other such bonds as are last above described, and twenty-eight (28) bonds of the Chicago and Illinois Southern Railroad Company, for the principal sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars each, secured by said mortgage to the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, and two (2) bonds of the Decatur, Sullivan and Mattoon Railroad Company for the principal sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars each, secured by said trust deed to the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, which last three mentioned lots of bonds were pledged to the said Ocean Bank by the said Charles Callender, as collateral security for the payment of his check on the Third National Bank for thirty-five thousand ($35,000) dollars; and also ten (10) bonds of the Decatur, Sullivan and Mattoon Railroad Company for the principal sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars each, secured by the said Farmers' Loan and Trust Company trust deed, and also twenty (20) bonds of the Chicago and Illinois Southern Railroad Company for the principal sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars each, secured by said Farmers' Loan and Trust Company trust deed; and also ten (10) bonds of the Lake Superior Ship Canal, Railroad and Iron Company for the principal sum of one thousand ($1,000) dollars each, with unpaid coupons secured by said Union Trust Company trust deed, which last-mentioned three lots of bonds were pledged to said Ocean National Bank, by Charles Callender, as collateral security for the payment of his check on the Union-square National Bank for twenty thousand ($20,000) dollars.

Further information may be obtained upon application to the undersigned, at his office, No. nineteen (19) Nassau-street, in the City of New-York, or to his attorneys, Messrs. Bangs & North, No. 137 Broadway, in the City of New-York.
THEODORE M. DAVIS,
Receiver of the Ocean National Bank of the City of New-York, No. 19 Nassau-street.

GEO. A. LEAVITT & CO., Auctioneers.
PRIVATE LIBRARY AT AUCTION.—Clinton Hall Book Sale-rooms, Astor-place. GEO. A. LEAVITT & CO., Auctioneers. WEDNESDAY EVENING, Oct. 30, at 7½ o'clock, sale of a PRIVATE LIBRARY, comprising Works on History, Science, Art, Biography, Bibliography and General Literature, Theology, Voyages, Travels, Works in the Greek and Latin, German and French languages, &c., &c. Catalogues ready; books on exhibition.

JOHN H. DRAPER & CO., Auctioneers.
THE DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA and Western Railroad Company will sell
75,000 TONS SCRANTON COAL,
at public auction, on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 30, at 12 o'clock noon, at No. 28 Exchange-place.
SAMUEL SLOAN, President.

AUCTION SALES.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF THE JUNCTION RAILROAD.—Notice is hereby given, that pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Indiana, rendered on the 23d day of May, 1872, in a certain cause in Chancery, wherein Joseph C. Butler and Charles B. Foote, Trustees, were complainants, and the Junction Railroad Company, Morris K. Jesup and Charles Lanier, Trustees, and others were defendants; and also pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of Ohio, rendered on the 4th day of June, 1872, in a certain cause in Chancery wherein the said Morris K. Jesup and Charles Lanier, Trustees, were complainants, and the said Junction Railroad Company, and the said Joseph C. Butler and Charles B. Foote, Trustees, and others were defendants, the undersigned Receiver in the causes and Commissioner to make sale as designated in both said decrees, will on TUESDAY, the 26th day of November, 1872, at 12 o'clock noon, at the door of the Court-house of said Circuit Court of the United States in the City of Indianapolis, in the State of Indiana, offer for sale at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, ($50,000 of which will be paid at the time of sale, and the balance on delivery of possession, and within thirty days from sale,) all the following property and franchises, viz.: the Railroad of the said Junction Railroad Company leading from the said City of Indianapolis, through the counties of Marion, Hancock, Shelby, Rush, Fayette and Union, in the State of Indiana, and through the County of Butler in the State of Ohio to the City of Hamilton, in said County and State, together with all the franchises of said Company, its right of way, road-bed, track, switches, depots, water stations, cars, locomotives, machinery, fixtures and property of every kind whatsoever owned by said Company, excepting, however, one and one-half acres of ground situate near the Eastern boundary of said City of Indianapolis, claimed by Jonathan M. Ridenour, and which is specifically described in said first named decree, and thereby for the present exempted from sale. The property and franchises aforesaid will be sold as an entirety, as will that portion thereof situate within the State of Ohio, as that situate within the State of Indiana, the said two decrees, which are concurrent and co-operative, so ordering and decreeing.
WILLIAM D. GRISWOLD,
Receiver and Commissioner to sell.

DANIEL A. MATHEWS, Auctioneer.
THE THIRD SPECIAL SALE OF DOUBLE-THREAD SEWING-MACHINES,
Comprising over 700 of
Wheeler & Wilson, Howe, Grover & Baker, Singer, Weed, and other well-known machines,
Will take place on
WEDNESDAY, Oct. 30, at No. 722 Broadway,
Opposite New-York Hotel, New-York.
The above machines have been received since the special sale in July last, in New-York and neighborhood, by the Willcox & Gibbs Sewing-machine Company, from private families, in part payment for the Willcox & Gibbs machine.
Sale prompt and without reserve, commencing at 10½ A. M.

ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Auctioneer.
ALBERT H. NICOLAY & CO. WILL sell at public auction on THURSDAY, Nov. 7, 1872, at 12½ o'clock P. M., at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, New-York—
(For account of whom it may concern,)
$30,000 Lake Superior Ship Canal Railway and Iron Company Consolidated First Mortgage 7 3-10 Land Grant Bonds, due 1901; interest May and November, $1,000 each. Union Trust Company Trustees. $28,000 Portage Lake and Lake Superior Ship Canal Co. Second Mortgage Bonds, $1,000 each. Charles L. Frost, Trustee.

EDWARD M. BROWN, Auctioneer.
BY BROWN & SECCOMB.—THIS DAY, (Wednesday,) Oct. 30, at 11½ o'clock, within their store, 260 packages Almeria Grapes, 1,200 boxes Malaga Lemons, all landing.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE IN BANKRUPTCY.—The undersigned, assignee of NATHAN SCHAINWALD and HERMAN SCHAINWALD, now in bankrutcy, will sell on WEDNESDAY, Nov. 13, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the store of Wm. Topping & Co., auctioneers, No. 132 Church-st., the stock of merchandise belonging to the estate of said bankrupts, consisting of a general assortment of dry goods, &c.
HENRY BLATH, Assignee in Bankruptcy.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

POMMERY & GRENO,
CHAMPAGNES.
HENKELL & CO.,
HOCK AND SPARKLING WINES.
JOURNU FRERES,
CLARET AND SAUTERNE WINES.
FOR SALE BY THE LEADING WINE-DEALERS AND GROCERS.
CHARLES GRAEF,
SOLE AGENT.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOHN BORCHERS and FREDERICK EVERS, bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—A warrant in bankruptcy has been issued by said Court against the estate of John Borchers and Frederick Evers, of the County of New-York, of the State of New-York, in said district, adjudged bankrupts upon the petition of their creditors, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupts, to them or to their use, and the transfer of any property by them are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupts, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at No. 7 Beekman-street, New-York City, Room No. 8, in said district, on the 14th day of November, A. D 1872, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of James F. Dwight, Esq., one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said Court. GEORGE H. SHARPE,
Marshal—Messenger.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of FREDERIKA J. BREITHAUPT, OZIER B. WILSON and WILLIAM SEWARD, Jr., bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Isaiah T. Williams, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of the firm of Breithaupt & Wilson, and of Frederika J. Breithaupt, Ozier B. Wilson and William Seward, Jr., individual members and partners of said firm, heretofore carrying on business in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, within said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon the petition of their creditors by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York City, the 14th day of October, A. D. 1872.
ROBERT H. STRAHAN, Assignee,
No. 247 Broadway, New-York City.
o16-law3wW

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of the MARKET SAVINGS BANK, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and other persons interested, to appear before James F. Dwight, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 7 Beekman-street, in the City of New-York, on the 12th day of November, 1872, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, and show cause, if any they have, why an order should not be passed by the Court upon the assignee's petition for that purpose, in this case, authorizing him to compound and compromise the debt of Henry A. Heiser's Sons to the estate of said bankrupt.—Dated Oct. 29, 1872.
o30-law4wW* F. W. WORTH, Assignee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the District of New-Jersey.—In the matter of MARSHAL HUNT, bankrupt.—The said bankrupt having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts, by order of the Court notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 12th day of November, A. D. 1872, at 10 o'clock A. M., before the said Court, at Trenton, N. J., and show cause, if any they have, why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupt.
oc23-law3wW* R. C. BELVILLE, Clerk.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE ACTING COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE,
FORT HAMILTON, N. Y. H., Oct. 28, 1872.
SEALED PROPOSALS IN DUPLICATE will be received at this office until 10 A. M. Nov. 27, 1872, for furnishing the fresh beef required by the Subsistence Department, U. S. A., at this station during six months, commencing Jan. 1, 1873. Information as to conditions, quality of beef, payments, &c., can be obtained by application to
R. M. HALL,
Quartermaster First Artillery, and Brevet Colonel U. S. A., Acting Commissary of Subsistence.

OFFICE A. C. S. FORT COLUMBUS,
N. Y. H., Oct. 28, 1872.
SEALED PROPOSALS, IN DUPLICATE, will be received at this office until 12 M. Nov. 27, 1872, for furnishing the fresh beef required by the Subsistence Department, U. S. A., at this station, during the six months commencing Jan. 1, 1873. Information as to conditions, quality of beef, payments, &c., can be obtained by application to
R. G. RUTHERFORD,
Second Lieutenant Twelfth U. S. Infantry,
A. C. S.

SHIPPING.

Reduction in Passage Rates.

ANCHOR LINE.

EXPRESS PASSENGER STEAMERS SAIL FROM NEW-YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE WEDNESDAY.

Passengers booked and forwarded to and from all railway stations in Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, Norway, Sweden or Denmark and America as safely, speedily, comfortably and cheaply as by any other route or line.

THE NEW DEPARTURES.

SATURDAY STEAMERS.		WEDNESDAY STEAMERS.	
India	Nov. 2	Trinacria	Nov. 6
California	Nov. 9	Iowa	Nov. 20
Australia	Nov. 16	Caledonia	Dec. 4
Victoria	Nov. 23	Trinacria	Dec. 18
Europa	Nov. 30	Iowa	Jan. 1
Anglia	Dec. 7	Caledonia	Jan. 15

At noon, from Pier No. 20 North River, New-York. Currency rates of passage to Liverpool, Glasgow, or Derry, by Wednesday's steamers, $60; by Saturday's steamers, $65 and $75; excursion tickets, $120; intermediate $33; steerage, $28. Certificates at lowest rates, can be bought here by those wishing to send for their friends.

Apply at the Company's offices to HENDERSON BROTHERS, No. 7 Bowling-green.

NATIONAL LINE OF STEAM-SHIPS.

WEEKLY TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL. FORTNIGHTLY TO AND FROM LONDON DIRECT.

From Piers Nos. 44 and 47 North River.

TO QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

ITALY, THOMPSON.....Saturday, Nov. 2, at 3½ P. M.
SPAIN, GRACE..........Saturday, Nov. 9, at 12 M.
CANADA, WEBSTER.....Saturday, Nov. 16, at 3 P. M.
GREECE, ANDREWS....Saturday, Nov. 23, at 10 A. M.
EGYPT, GROGAN.......Saturday, Nov. 30, at 3½ P. M.

TO LONDON DIRECT.

ERIN, LAWSON......Thursday, Nov. 7, at 10 A. M.
DENMARK, SUMNER, Saturday, Nov. 16, at 3:30 P. M.
HOLLAND, BRAGG...Wed'sday, Nov. 27, at 2:30 P.M.

These steam-ships are

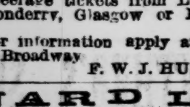
THE LARGEST IN THE TRADE.

Cabin passage..........$75 and $65, currency
Steerage..........$28, currency

Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry, Glasgow or London, $32, currency.

For further information apply at the Company's office, No. 69 Broadway. F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

CUNARD LINE.



THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAM-SHIPS, BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

FROM NEW-YORK.	FROM NEW-YORK.
Scotia....Wed'sday, Oct. 30	Algeria....Sat'day, Nov. 2
Java....Wed'sday, Nov. 6	Parthia....Sat'day, Nov. 9
Calabria, Wed'sday, Nov. 13	Olympus....Sat'day, Nov. 16
Russia...Wed'sday, Nov. 20	Abyssinia, Sat'day, Nov. 23
Cuba....Wed'sday, Nov. 27	Batavia....Sat'day, Nov. 30

And every following WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY from New-York.

RATES OF PASSAGE—Cabin, $80, $100 and $130, gold, according to accommodation. Tickets to Paris, $15, gold, additional. Return tickets on favorable terms. Steerage, $30, currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown, and all parts of Europe, at lowest rates. Through bills of lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp, and other ports on the Continent, and for Mediterranean ports. For freight and cabin passage apply at the Company's office, No. 4 Bowling-green; for steerage passage, at No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building. CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

PASSENGERS PER STEAM-SHIP SCOTIA embark from the Cunard Wharf, foot of Grand-st., Jersey City, at 3 P. M., on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 30. CHARLES G. FRANCKLYN, No. 4 Bowling-green, New-York.

NEW-YORK TO CARDIFF.

The South Wales Atlantic Steam-ship Company's New First-class Full-powered Clyde-built Steam-ships

GLAMORGAN..........2,500 tons
PEMBROKE..........2,500 tons
CARMARTHEN..........3,000 tons

The first steamer of this line

GLAMORGAN, Capt. Laybourne,

will sail from Pennsylvania Railroad Wharf, Jersey City, on SATURDAY, Nov. 2.

Carrying goods and passengers at through rates from all parts of the United States and Canada to ports in the Bristol Channel and all other points in England.

These steam-ships, built expressly for the trade, are provided with all the latest improvements for the comfort and convenience of

CABIN AND STEERAGE PASSENGERS.

First Cabin..........$75 and $65 currency
Second Cabin.......... 53 currency
Steerage.......... 30 currency
Prepaid steerage certificates from Cardiff..........$33
Drafts for £1 and upward.

For further particulars apply, in Cardiff at the Company's offices, No. 1 Dock Chambers—and in New-York, to ARCHIBALD BAXTER & CO., Agents, No. 17 Broadway.

WHITE STAR LINE,

FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL. CARRYING THE

UNITED STATES MAIL.

NEW AND FULL-POWERED STEAM-SHIPS, sailing from New-York on SATURDAYS, from Liverpool on THURSDAYS, calling at Cork Harbor each way.

ATLANTIC........SATURDAY, Nov. 2, at 4:30 P. M.
CELTIC..........SATURDAY, Nov. 9, at 12:30 P. M.
OCEANIC........SATURDAY, Nov. 16, at 4:30 P. M.
ADRIATIC........SATURDAY, Nov. 23, at 11:30 A.M.
BALTIC..........SATURDAY, Nov. 30, at 4:30 P. M.

From the White Star Dock, Pavonia Ferry, Jersey City.

Passenger accommodations (for all classes) unrivaled, combining

SAFETY, SPEED AND COMFORT.

Saloon, State-rooms, Smoking-room and Bath-rooms in MIDSHIP section, where least motion is felt.

Surgeons and stewardesses accompany these steamers.

Rates—Saloon, $80, gold; steerage, $30, currency. Those wishing to send for friends from the old country can now obtain steerage prepaid certificates, $33, currency.

Passengers booked to or from all parts of America, to Paris, Hamburg, Norway, Sweden, India, Australia, China, &c.

Drafts from £1 upward.

For inspection of plans and other information apply at the Company's offices, No. 19 Broadway, New-York. J. H. SPARKS, Agent.

INMAN LINE FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

CITY OF WASHINGTON..Thursday, Oct. 21, 2 P. M.
CITY OF MONTREAL.....Saturday, Nov. 2, 2 P. M.
CITY OF ANTWERP.....Thursday, Nov. 7, 10 A.M.
CITY OF BRUSSELS....Saturday, Nov. 12, 12 M.
CITY OF BALTIMORE...Thursday, Nov. 14, 2 P.M.
CITY OF PARIS..........Saturday, Nov. 16, 2 P. M.

and each succeeding SATURDAY and THURSDAY, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

Payable in Gold.		Payable in Currency.	
First cabin	$75	Steerage	$30
To London	80	To London	30
To Paris	90	To Paris	38

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Sweden, Norway and Denmark, at reduced rates.

Tickets can be bought here at moderate rates by persons wishing to send for their friends.

Through Bills Lading given on shipments of goods to Havre and Antwerp.

Drafts issued at lowest rates.

For further information, apply at the Company's office. JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAM-SHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River as follows:

WASHINGTON........ROUSSAN...Saturday, Nov. 2
ST. LAURENT........LEMARIE....Saturday, Nov. 16
VILLE DE PARIS....SURMONT...Saturday, Nov. 30

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD (including wine) TO BREST OR HAVRE.

First cabin........$1[illegible] | Second cabin........$75

These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.

American travelers going to or returning from the Continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid both transit by English railway and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense. GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

GREAT WESTERN STEAM-SHIP LINE.

NEW-YORK TO BRISTOL, (Eng.)—DIRECT.

Taking goods and passengers for London, Cardiff, Newport, Gloucester, and all ports in Bristol Channel.

THE STEAMERS OF THIS LINE WILL SAIL FROM THE ATLANTIC DOCKS, BROOKLYN, AS FOLLOWS:

ZAMBRA, PEARCE..........Tuesday, Oct. 29
ARRAGON, WESTERN..........Saturday, Nov. 9
GREAT WESTERN, STAMPER....Saturday, Nov. 30
Cabin passage..........$70 currency.
Steerage..........$30 currency.

Parties wishing to send for their friends can obtain prepaid certificates. Drafts for £1 and upwards.

For freight or passage, apply to E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 70 South-st., N. Y.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

(VIA QUEENSTOWN.) CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.

THE LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY will dispatch one of their first-class full-power iron-screw steam-ships from PIER NO. 46 NORTH RIVER, EVERY WEDNESDAY, as follows:

IDAHO, Capt. PRICE..........Oct. 30, at 3 P. M.
MINNESOTA, Capt. MORGAN....Nov. 6, at 9½ A. M.
NEBRASKA, Capt. GUARD......Nov. 13 at 3 P. M.
MANHATTAN, Capt. Jas. PRICE...Nov. 20, at 9½ A. M.
NEVADA, Capt. FORSYTH.......Nov. 27, at 2½ P. M.
WYOMING, Capt. WHINERAY....Dec. 4, at 8½ A. M.

Cabin passage, $80, gold. Steerage passage, (Office No. 29 Broadway,) $30, currency.

For freight or cabin passage apply to WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 63 Wall-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, No. 21 Duane-st., corner of Broadway.

SHIPPING.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., FLORIDA PORTS, AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

Sailing every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, from Pier No. 29 North River, at 3 P. M. The steam-ships

CHARLESTON, Capt. T. J. BECKET, Oct. 29.
SOUTH CAROLINA, Capt. JAMES BERRY, Oct. 31.
CHAMPION, Capt. R. W. LOCKWOOD, Nov. 2.

Superior accommodations for passengers. Through passage tickets and bills of lading issued in connection with the South Carolina Railroad to all points South and South-west, and over the North-eastern Railroad to Florence, Cheraw, and all points on the Cheraw and Darlington Railroad, and with steamers to Florida ports. Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT. Goods forwarded free of commission. Bills of lading furnished and signed at the office. Local Passenger and Freight Office, No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren-st. HENRY R. MORGAN & CO., Agents.

For through freight tariff, or further information in reference to through freight, apply to BENTLEY D. HASELL, General Agent Great Southern Freight Line, No. 317 Broadway.

EXTRA STEAMERS WILL BE DISPATCHED AS SOON AS LOADED.

Entrance on Thomas-st.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.,

THE FLORIDA PORTS, AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA AND ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD.

TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS.

THE STEAM-SHIPS

GENERAL BARNES, Capt. MALLORY, THURSDAY, Oct. 31, from Pier No. 8 North River, at 3 P. M. WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green.

MONTGOMERY, Capt. FAIRCLOTH, SATURDAY, Nov. 2, from Pier No. 13 North River at 3 P. M. R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 93 West-st.

SAN JACINTO, Capt. HAZARD, SATURDAY, Nov. 2, from Pier No. 8 North River, at 3 P. M. WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green.

VIRGO, Capt. BULKLEY, TUESDAY, Nov. 5, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M. MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents, No. 62 South-st.

Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT. Superior accommodations for passengers.

Through rates and bills of lading in connection with Central Railroad of Georgia, to all points.

Through rates and bills of lading in connection with the Atlantic and Gulf Freight line.

C. D. OWENS, Agent A. G. & G. R. R., No. 229 Broadway.
GEORGE YONGE, Agent C. R. R., No. 409 Broadway.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY'S LINE TO CALIFORNIA, JAPAN AND CHINA,

VIA PANAMA, CARRYING MAILS, PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT TO ASPINWALL, PANAMA, SANTA MARTHA, GREYTOWN, AND PACIFIC COAST OF MEXICO, CENTRAL AMERICA, PERU AND CHILI.

Steamers leave 10th, 20th and 30th each month, except when those dates fall on Sunday, then the day previous.

Nov. 5.—Steamer RISING STAR, Capt. H. P. CONNER, will leave Pier No. 42 North River, at 12 o'clock noon, for Aspinwall direct, connecting at Panama with steamer MONTANA, Capt. ——, touching at Acapulco, San Diego, and San Pedro, and also connecting for all Central American and South Pacific ports. Departures of 10th and 20th each month connect with the Company's steamer, touching at San Benito, Tonala, Salina Cruz and Port Angel. Freight for all way ports received until 4 P. M. of Nov. 2

An extra steamer will leave San Francisco Nov. 16, 1872, for Japan and China. For rates of passage, freight and all further information, apply at Company's office on the pier, foot of Canal-st. F. R. BABY, Agent.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Postponement of sailing day Steamer RISING STAR will sail for Aspinwall at noon, Tuesday, Nov. 5. F. R. BABY, Agent.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month.

ERIE, Capt. TINKLEPAUGH..........Nov. 23
NORTH AMERICA, Capt. SLOCUM....Dec. 23
MERRIMACK, Capt. WEIR..........Jan. 23, '73

These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to WM. R. GARRISON, Agent, No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

UNITED STATES MAIL TO HAVANA.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY, Sailing regularly every THURSDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.

CRESCENT CITY, Capt. T. S. CURTIS, via Nassau, Oct. 31.
MISSOURI, Capt. M. R. GREENE, Nov. 7.
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. T. H. MORTON, via Nassau, Nov. 14.

For freight or passage apply to A. W. DIMOCK, President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

DIRECT LINE TO HAVANA.

HAVANA, PROGRESO AND VERA CRUZ.

New-York and Mexican Mail Steam-ship Line, leaving Pier 3 N. River, at 3 P. M., direct to Havana.

CITY OF HAVANA, (Havana only,)..Tues., Nov. 5
CLEOPATRA, Phillips, (Havana only,)Tues., Nov. 12
CITY OF MEXICO, Sherwood........Mon., Nov. 18
CITY OF HAVANA, (Havana only)....Sat., Nov. 23

For freight or passage apply to F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 33 Broadway.

FOR NASSAU, N. P.

CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.

Atlantic Mail Steam-ship Company's steamer CRESCENT CITY, Capt. T. S. CURTIS will sail on THURSDAY, Oct. 31, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely from Pier No. 4 North River.

For freight or passage apply to A. W. DIMOCK, President, No. 5 Bowling-green.

INSTRUCTION.

MISS STEERS'

ENGLISH AND FRENCH Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies and Children, No. 48 West 17th-st., will re-open Thursday, Sept. 26. Application may be made by letter, or personally, as above.

Mrs. STEERS' finishing class for Young Ladies in Historical Readings, Literature, &c., and classes in French Conversation and Languages, will commence Oct. 15.

REMOVAL.

MRS. SYLVANUS REED'S English, French and German boarding and day school, FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN, opened the 1st of October, 1872, at her new buildings, erected for the purpose, NOS. 6 AND 8 EAST 53D-ST., near Central Park, 5th-av., New-York.

YONKERS MILITARY INSTITUTE, A BOARDING SCHOOL for making boys intelligent, healthy, Christian men. ESTABLISHED 1854. Earnest teaching; common-sense management. BENJAMIN MASON, Box No. 654, Yonkers, N. Y.

Madame da SILVA AND MRS. ALEX. BRADFORD'S (Formerly Mrs. OGDEN HOFFMANN'S) English and French, Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children. No. 17 West 38th-st., New-York, reopens Sept. 18. Application may be made by letter or personally as above.

IRVING INSTITUTE. SELECT SCHOOL FOR BOYS. TARRYTOWN, N. Y. Send for circular. A. ARMAGNAC, M. A., Principal.

MRS. GARRETSON. NO. 58 WEST 47TH-ST., NEW-YORK. Will reopen her English, French and German Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children on WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 18, 1872.

GARDNER INSTITUTE, No. 620 5th-av. Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children. Fifteenth year opens Sept. 24. REV. AND MRS. C. H. GARDNER, Principals.

MISS PERINE'S English and French School for young ladies and children, No. 106 East 38th-st., between Park and Lexington avs.

JACKSON MILITARY INSTITUTE. Tarrytown, N. Y. Established 1857. Address Rev. F. J. JACKSON, M. A., Principal.

PREPARATORY SCIENTIFIC SCHOOL, No. 1,193 Broadway, near 28th-st., for all engineering and Government schools, directed by A. COLIN, late of the Engineer Corps, United States Navy and Professor at the Naval Academy. *Elementary class for boys.* Send for circulars.

MISS DU VERNET WILL REOPEN her school for boys under fifteen years of age, at No. 102 West 29th-st., one door from 6th-av., on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 25. Miss Du Vernet will be assisted by competent masters in her senior class.

A HOME FOR CHILDREN CAN BE secured by applying at once at Miss A. E. CONOVER'S school, at Old Bridge, N. J.: number limited to twelve; terms moderate; City references given.

DR. BERTHES' FRENCH, ENGLISH, classical and mathematical school opens Sept. 16, at No. 105 East 40th-st. Prospectus at LOCKWOOD'S, No. 812 Broadway.

STEVENSDALE INSTITUTE.—A FAMILY boarding school for boys, South Amboy, N. J. Terms $200 to $250 per year. J. H. WITHINGTON, A. M.

BURNSIDE FAMILY SCHOOL FOR boys, Brattleboro, Vt. For particulars and circular address the Principal, C. A. MILES.

BENDAN'S SCHOOL, 136 WEST 41ST-ST.—Classics, English, German, French, Mathematics, Primary; eighteen years' experience; limited number.

MISS MARY T. BEAN'S ENGLISH, French and German School for young ladies and children, No. 137 East 55th-st., reopens Sept. 24.

A. WILLIAMSON'S FAMILY SCHOOL for boys, at Bedford, Westchester County, N.Y., will reopen Nov. 4.

COLLEGIATE AND ENGINEERING INSTITUTE, No. 18 Cooper Union. Circulars, with full particulars at office. J. S. COE, Director.

A CLASS OF FIFTEEN BOYS WILL be instructed in English, the classic and modern languages, by THOMAS R. ASH, No. 17 East 16th-st.

FOR BOYS—SUPERIOR ADVANTAGES AT Riverview Academy, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

WM. H. LEGGETT'S SCHOOL, NO 1,214 Broadway, one door below 30th-st.

AARON RAND'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS, 1,267 Broadway, will reopen TUESDAY, Sept. 17.

INSTRUCTION.

Anthon GRAMMAR SCHOOL,

No. 252 Madison-Av.

Nineteenth Year Commences Monday, Sept. 9.

School Hours, 9 1-2 A. M. to 2 1-2 P. M.

DEPARTMENTS—PRIMARY, for boys under nine; JUNIOR ENGLISH, for boys from nine to twelve, and SENIOR ENGLISH, for boys above twelve years of age; JUNIOR CLASSICAL, for beginners, and SENIOR CLASSICAL, for advanced pupils in Greek and Latin; a FRENCH department, and one of PENMANSHIP. German, Spanish and the elements of Drawing taught by special agreement. Further particulars in circular, sent on application.

M. W. Lyon's Collegiate Institute,

NO. 5 EAST 22D-ST., CORNER OF BROADWAY.

Rooms—Unsurpassed. **Supervision**—Personal.
Assistants—Experienced. **Teaching**—Thorough.
Government—Kindly. **Pupils**—Many.
Patrons—Of from 5 to 10 years' connection:

H. M. Alexander, Nathl. W. Chater, James C. Holden, Jno. Auchincloss, Benjamin Curtis, T. F. Jeremiah, Dr. E. G. Bartlett, Henry Day, Wm. Morrison, John Brooks, Parker Handy, Ralph Wells.

Mount Washington Collegiate Institute,

NO. 40 WASHINGTON-SQUARE (SOUTH.)

DR. GEO. W. CLARKE, PRINCIPAL.

Prepares pupils of all ages for business or college.

CHARLIER INSTITUTE FOR BOYS & YOUNG GENTLEMEN, BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL, Nos. 126 and 128 East 24th-st.

MORRIS FEMALE INSTITUTE, MORRISTOWN, N. J. A homeschool for twenty-five young ladies. All the appointments of the highest order. C. G. HAZELTINE, A. M., Principal.

LADIES' MORNING LECTURE CLASSES, No. 34 West 40th-st. Organized by Miss COMSTOCK to meet the desire for special culture.

Subjects:

Germany, its History and Literature......Miss McINTOSH.
History and Development of Art...Mr. WM. H. GOODYEAR.
Natural Science, Illustrated.......Prof. A. J. EBELL, Ph. B., M. D.
Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays.

For circulars apply to Miss Comstock, Nos. 32 and 34 West 40th-st.; at Scribner's, Appleton's, Lockwood's, &c.

D'AERTS INSTITUTE. Miss M. A. E. PHILLIPS, Principal, No. 16 West 51st-st., near Central Park, (between 5th and 6th avs.) A thorough limited Boarding and Day school for young ladies, with KINDERGARTEN DEPARTMENT for children. Miss Phillips refers by permission to Rev. S. H. Cox, D. D., LL.D., Bronxville, N. Y.; Rev. F. C. Ewer, D. D., New-York, and others.

GIRARD INSTITUTE, NO. 35 EAST 62D st., near Madison-av., one block from the Central Park, which is the play ground of the school.—French and English day and boarding school for young gentlemen with a separate primary department for children of both sexes; complete studies in French and in English; modern languages; good cares and comforts. Prof. PAUL E. GIRARD, Director. Prospectus at Messrs. Francis & Loutrel, No. 45 Maiden-lane; Brentano, No. 33 Union-square.

FEZANDIE INSTITUTE.—DAY AND boarding-school for young gentlemen. No. 37 West 33d st.; only a few scholars will be received into the family, where they will have the comforts of a home. Pupils prepared for business, college, and engineering schools. Modern languages taught practically as well as thoroughly. Circulars and the school-roll may be obtained by addressing M. E. FEZANDIE.

MRS. PETERS' ENGLISH AND FRENCH School for young ladies, Locust Hill-av., Yonkers, N. Y. Limited number, under twelve years of age, received as boarding pupils, where they will have the comforts of a home, and every care given to their mental, moral and physical culture. Applications may be made by letter, or personally as above.

"KINDERGARTEN SCHOOL," FOR children, and PRIVATE RECITATION ROOMS for LADIES. Reopen Sept. 26. Object, the physical, mental and moral culture of children; also, to furnish special advantages to LADIES not desiring the routine of school. Miss E. M. COE, Prin., 15 West 42d-st.

UNIVERSITY GRAMMAR SCHOOL, No. 1 Winthrop-place, near 8th-st.—The thirty-sixth year begins Sept. 16; primary, commercial and classical departments. M. M. HOBBY, CHAS. A. NORTHROP, Principals.

A FEW YOUNG LADIES AS BOARDING pupils, are received by the Misses BUCKNALL, at their suburban residence, New-Brunswick, N. J.; the ensuing school year will commence Sept. 18.

JOHN MACMULLEN'S SCHOOL, NO. 1,214 Broadway, near 30th-st., reopens MONDAY, Sept. 16. Number limited to forty; one teacher to ten boys. A few boarders taken. Circulars at PUTNAM'S, corner 4th-av. and 23d-st., and at store under school.

J. W. SCHERMERHORN, A. M., B. D., will reopen Sept. 16, his English, commercial, classical, French and German Institute, No. 659 6th-av., between 48th and 49th sts. Circulars and conference at the rooms.

THE MISSES GRAHAM, SUCCESSORS to the Messrs. Green, will reopen their school for young ladies, at No. 1 5th-av., first house from Washington-square, on THURSDAY, 26th of September.

MRS. JONSON AND MISS JONES' English and French Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies and Children, No. 13 East 31st-st., between 5th and Madison avs.

MISS F. S. PRIEST WILL REOPEN her school, 229 East 19th-st., MONDAY, Sept. 23.

TEACHERS.

FRENCH, GERMAN AND SPANISH thoroughly and rapidly taught, with pure pronunciation, by Prof. J. WUNDERMAN, No. 77 University-place. Terms moderate. Lessons given at either pupil's residence or my own. English to foreigners.

AN EXPERIENCED CLASSICAL AND mathematical teacher, scholar and gold medalist of foreign university, desires employment; prepares for college, (English or American;) City reference. Address TUTOR, Box No. 169 Times Office.

A LADY WILL INSTRUCT PUPILS in drawing and painting at her studio, or their residences. Address Miss H., Box No. 1,122 New-York Post-office.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER of the application of the Department of Public Parks for and in behalf of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the opening of Eighty-eighth-street, from Eighth-avenue to the new road or Public Drive, and from Twelfth-avenue to the Hudson River, in the City of New-York.—We, the undersigned Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment in the above-entitled matter, hereby give notice to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants, of all houses and lots and improved or unimproved lands affected thereby, and to all others whom it may concern, to wit: That we have completed our estimate and assessment, and that all persons interested in these proceedings, or in any of the lands affected thereby, and who may be opposed to the same, do present their objections in writing, duly verified, to A. M. Soteldo, Jr., Esq., our Chairman, at the office of the Commissioners, No. 82 Nassau-street, (Room No. 24,) in the said City, on or before the 23d day of November, 1872, and that we, the said Commissioners, will hear parties so objecting within the ten week-days next after the said 23d day of November, and for that purpose will be in attendance at our said office on each of said ten days at 11 o'clock A. M. That the abstract of the said estimate and assessment, together with our maps, and also all the affidavits, estimates and other documents which were used by us in making our report, have been deposited in the office of the Department of Public Works in the City of New-York, there to remain until the 5th day of December, 1872. That the limits embraced by the assessment aforesaid are as follows, to wit: All those lots, pieces or parcels of land lying and being on Eighty-eighth-street, between the Eighth-avenue and the new road, and between Twelfth-avenue and the Hudson River, and extending on either side of Eighty-eighth-street half the distance to the next street thereto, in the City of New-York. That our report herein will be presented to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a special term thereof, to be held in the new Court-house at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on the 17th day of December, 1872, at the opening of the Court on that day, and that then and there, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard thereon, a motion will be made that the said report be confirmed.—Dated New-York, Oct. 18, 1872.

A. M. SOTELDO, JR.,
JAMES S. HENNESSY, } Commissioners.
THOMAS W. PITTMAN,

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER of the opening of certain new streets, commonly known as Dyckman-street, Naegle-avenue, Sherman-avenue and Tenth-avenue.—Notice is hereby given to the owners, lessees and parties interested in any of the lands, buildings, or premises to be taken or damaged in said proceeding to deposit their title-deeds, leases, or other documents relating to their ownership of or interest in any such lands, buildings, or premises with the undersigned Commissioners in this matter, at their office, No. 82 Nassau-street, Room No. 24, on or before the 6th day of November, 1872, at 12 o'clock noon.

The following is a general description of the streets to be opened in this proceeding: Those four certain streets situate in the City of New-York, between the Harlem River and Broadway, (or the King's Bridge road,) north of Fort George, as laid out by the Commissioners of the Central Park, and also on the maps of the Dyckman estate, and on the maps of the said Dyckman tracts, designated as follows: First—Dyckman-street, extending from the King's Bridge road, south-easterly to the Harlem River. Second—Naegle-avenue, extending from the King's Bridge road, north-easterly to the Tenth-avenue. Third—Sherman-avenue, parallel with Naegle-avenue, and extending from the King's Bridge road north-easterly to the Tenth-avenue; and Fourth—Tenth-avenue, extending from Dyckman-street, northerly to the King's Bridge road.—Dated Oct. 23, 1872.

WM. R. MARTIN,
WM. C. TRAPHAGEN,
SAMUEL A. LEWIS,
Commissioners.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES at the TIMES Up-town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st., junction of Broadway and 6th-av.; and the TIMES West-side Office, No. 308 West 23d-st., corner of 8th-av. NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

BEEKMAN BROTHERS' MAGIC THROAT LINIMENT Is the best in use for man or beast. I used it two nights on my throat, which was very sore, and am now relieved, and have applied it very successfully on horses. GEO. YORK, Foreman of the Fourth-avenue Railroad stables. Oct. 25, 1872.

Depots for the Liniment: No. 543 2d-av., corner 30th-st. Nos. 19 and 21 Stanton-st., corner Chrystie, N. Y.

HORSE BLANKETS, HARNESS, saddles, and all kinds of saddlery goods extensively manufactured; a full line of blankets for street and stable; plush and other carriage robes of every quality. C. B. SMITH & CO., 40 Warren-st.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

ADVERTISEMENTS ARE RECEIVED FOR THE NEW-YORK TIMES At the "Times" Up-Town Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st., junction Broadway and 6th-av., And the "Times" West-Side Office, No. 308 West 23d-st., corner of 8th-av. NO EXTRA CHARGE WHATEVER.

MADISON-AVENUE HOTEL, COR. 27TH-ST. AND MADISON-AV., OPPOSITE NEW-HAVEN DEPOT. American and European Plan. A first-class restaurant, with reasonable prices. ELEGANT AND NEWLY-FURNISHED ROOMS, En suite or singly, for families or gentlemen. LIBERAL TERMS TO PERMANENT PARTIES.

A LARGE, HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED room, all modern improvements, on second floor, will be rented to a single gentleman; location 30th st., near Madison and 4th avs.; family strictly private; references exchanged. Address, with name, J. T. C., Box No. 132 Times Office.

CHOICE ROOMS AND EXCELLENT board can be had in a newly and elegantly-furnished house, a few doors from 5th-av.; references exchanged. Apply to or address E. J. R., No. 15 East 46th-st.

LELAND'S STURTEVANT HOUSE, Broadway, 28th and 29th sts., New-York.—American plan, with elevators; centrally located, near the depots and the theatres. LEWIS & GEO. S. LELAND, Proprietors.

TWENTY-SIXTH-ST., NEAR BROADWAY.—Suits of finely-furnished apartments, on second floor, to let to gentlemen; convenient to first-class restaurants. Refer to WILLIAM J. COLES, agent, No. 1,267 Broadway.

A PRIVATE FAMILY, OCCUPYING AN elegant house, No. 53 West 33d-st., would let, with board, handsomely-furnished second floor, front; also, rooms on third and fourth floors; terms reasonable; references exchanged.

SECOND FLOOR IN PRIVATE FAMILY—Large spacious rooms, newly carpeted and well furnished; hot and cold water, ample pantries, bath, &c.; private table if preferred; references. No. 51 West 36th-st.

TWENTY-FIFTH-ST., NEAR BROADWAY, an elegant suite of rooms, with private table to let; no other boarders; house and attendance first class. Refer to WILLIAM J. COLES, No. 1,267 Broadway.

ELEGANTLY-FURNISHED ROOMS, en suite or single, for a gentleman and wife, or two gentlemen, in first-class residence; family private. Address SOUTHERN, Up-town *Times* Office, No. 54½ West 32d-st.

NO. 109 EAST 28TH-ST.—HANDSOME furnished and unfurnished suites of rooms with or without board; private table if desired; hall rooms for single gentlemen; also doctor's office at very low rates.

NO. 33 WEST 33D-ST.—THIRD FLOOR, back room, Plimpton bed, &c., as parlor chamber if desired; superior board; also, upper side room; references required.

FORTY-THIRD-ST., NEAR BROADWAY.—Rooms to let, with board, on second and third floors; handsomely furnished; references. Apply at No. 115 West 43d-st.

EAST 39TH-ST., NO. 143, BETWEEN 3d and Lexington avs.—Good board and pleasant rooms for families and gentlemen; terms reasonable; references given and required.

NO. 69 WEST 23D-ST., BETWEEN 5th and 6th avs.—Rooms to let singly or in suites in the above elegant house, lately put in complete order; furnished or unfurnished.

NO. 20 WEST 29TH-ST., OPPOSITE GILSEY HOUSE.—A desirable large room to let, with board, well furnished with conveniences, to one or two gentlemen; references exchanged.

NO. 28 WEST 12TH-ST., WEST OF 5TH-AV.—With board, newly-furnished rooms, for family or party of gentlemen; house and table first class.

TWO NEWLY-FURNISHED ROOMS on second or third floors, in private family, with good board; terms moderate; also, a hall bedroom. No. 220 West 48th-st.

IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, WITH BOARD—Two handsomely-furnished rooms on second floor, and one on third. No. 7 West 45th-st. Unexceptionable references exchanged.

FIFTH-AV.—AN ELEGANT PARLOR floor to let permanently, with private table; also accommodations for a large family until Dec. 1, in the spacious double house No. 45 5th-av.

NORTH-WEST CORNER OF BROADWAY and 25th-st.—Rooms en suite or single, handsomely furnished, to let; desirable in every respect. No. 7 West 25th-st.

THE FRONT ROOM, SECOND FLOOR; also, hall bedroom, third floor, to let furnished or unfurnished, in a desirable location; references exchanged. No. 446 Lexington-av.

NO. 217 WEST 14TH-ST.—LARGE, ELEGANT front hall rooms, southern exposure, with closets, with board; house and location strictly first-class; unusually desirable.

NO. 30 EAST 35TH-ST.—HANDSOME parlor floor, three rooms, with or without private table; three rooms, second floor, with board; bath to each.

TWO NICELY-FURNISHED ROOMS to let, without board, in a private family, in Morton-st., near Hudson. GENUNG & CO., No. 66 Broadway, Room No. 25.

TWO HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED rooms, on second floor, also fourth story front, with board; references exchanged. Apply at No. 51 East 21st-st.

NO. 36 EAST 21ST-ST.—THE COMFORTS of a refined home, with handsome rooms, and liberal table; references exchanged.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS on third and fourth floors, to let with board; references exchanged. No. 103 East 23d-st.

A PRIVATE FAMILY HAVE A PARLOR and bedroom, second floor front, they will rent with board to a party of two. Call at 32 West 19th-st.

NO. 136 MADISON-AV., CORNER 31st-st.—Parlor floor, newly furnished, with private table; also, one suite of rooms on third floor.

NO. 158 WEST 24TH-ST., NEAR 7TH-av.—Neatly furnished rooms for gentleman and wife; board for lady only.

FIFTH-AV., NO. 138, BETWEEN 18TH and 19th sts.—A suite of furnished front rooms for one or two gentlemen; also, single rooms.

TWO ROOMS ON FOURTH FLOOR to let, to a family or single gentlemen, with board; water and bath on floor. No. 250 Madison-av.

THREE DESIRABLE COMMUNICATING rooms to let, with board, at No. 34 West 27th-st.

NO. 39 WEST 33D-ST.—DESIRABLE large rooms en suite or otherwise, on second or parlor floor, with board.

NO. 156 WEST 11TH-ST.—TO LET, with board, a few pleasant rooms; fine location; only a few boarders taken.

NO. 20 WEST 14TH-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV.—Nicely furnished rooms to let en suite or single, with first-class board; references required.

NO. 4 WEST 29TH-ST.—LARGE HANDSOME rooms, singly or en suite, with first-class board.

TWO FURNISHED ROOMS ON THIRD floor to rent to gentlemen; private family. Apply at No. 30 East 28th-st., near Madison-av.

NO. 19 WEST 21ST-ST.—WITH BOARD, two single rooms, top floor, $9 and $10 per week.

NO. 238 WEST 39TH-ST.—A PLEASANT room to let with board to a gentleman.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD WANTED, TO SUIT RESPONSIBLE parties. Send to the BOARDERS' DIRECTORY, No. 737 Broadway. Moderate charges for filling rooms. Boarders invited and suited free.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the firm of H. W. GRAY & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

HENRY WINTHROP GRAY,
GEORGE T. GREEN.

Dated NEW-YORK, Oct. 21, 1872.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT HENRY WINTHROP GRAY, GEORGE T. GREEN and ALDEN B. STOCKWELL, all of whom reside in the City of New-York and County of New-York, and CHARLES A. AVERY, who resides in the City of Brooklyn and County of Kings, have formed a limited partnership in accordance with the provisions of the Statutes of the State of New-York, under the name of H. W. GRAY & AVERY; that the general nature of the business intended to be transacted by said partnership is the negotiating, buying and selling of stocks, gold, bonds and other securities, in the City of New-York, for a commission, and such other business as is ordinarily transacted by Stock-brokers in said last-mentioned City. That the persons above named are all the parties interested therein; that the said Henry Winthrop Gray, Charles A. Avery and George T. Green are the general partners, and the said Alden B. Stockwell is the special partner; that the said Alden B. Stockwell has agreed to pay in, and has paid in, in cash, the sum of two hundred thousand dollars ($200,000) as capital toward the common stock; that the said partnership is to commence on the 21st day of October, 1872, and is to terminate on the 21st day of October 1875, unless sooner dissolved by the act of the parties in conformity with law.

HENRY WINTHROP GRAY,
CHARLES A. AVERY,
GEORGE T. GREEN,
ALDEN B. STOCKWELL.

Dated NEW-YORK, Oct. 21, 1872.

COAL.

SCOTCH CANNEL COAL, $15 PER TON; Bog Orrel coal, $16 per ton. Send orders to importer's yard, No. 331 East 14th-st., near 2d-av.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—LUCCA.

ITALIAN OPERA—LUCCA.
Director..........MAX MARETZEK.
POSITIVELY NO FREE LIST.
THIS WEDNESDAY EVENING, Oct. 30, at 8 o'clock.
First time in America of
MME. PAULINE LUCCA
In her GREAT ROLE of LEONORA.
In Donizetti's Opera of
LA FAVORITA.
Together with Signors ABRUGNEDO, SPARAPANI, COULON, and others.
FRIDAY EVENING, Nov. 1, at 8 o'clock.
By general request,
THE HIGHLY SUCCESSFUL REPRESENTATION OF DON GIOVANNI,
With the same GREAT CAST, and with the addition of the celebrated LETTER ARIA, by Miss KELLOGG, will be repeated for the last time.
SATURDAY, Nov. 2, at 1 P. M.
GRAND LUCCA MATINEE:
FRA DIAVOLO.
MME. PAULINE LUCCA.
Senora SANZ, Signors VIZZANI, RONCONI, and others.

Knabe's Pianos are used at the Academy of Music. Tickets can be obtained at the Academy of Music, and at Schirmer's Music Store, No. 701 Broadway.

MRS. JARLEY'S WAX WORKS.

ASSOCIATION HALL, TO-NIGHT.

GREAT SUCCESS OF THE
GRAND TRIPLICATE SHOW,
Combining the
CENTRAL PARK MENAGERIE,
DEN STONE'S CIRCUS, and
IROQUOIS INDIAN TROUPE,
Which will continue its
POPULAR EXHIBITIONS
EVERY AFTERNOON AND EVENING
For
A SHORT TIME LONGER,
FOOT OF 34TH-ST., EAST RIVER.
New Programme. New Faces. New Attractions.
Admission to all, 50 cents. Children, ten years and under, 25 cents.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE EXHIBITION

(FORTY-FIRST ANNUAL)
NOW OPEN AT
THE GRAND EXHIBITION BUILDING,
ON
3d and 2d avs., by 63d-st.

An interesting, rare, and comprehensive exhibit of American skill, ingenuity, artistic development and material progress.

Open from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M., daily, until Nov. 13.

Splendidly lighted by the new OXY-HYDROGEN Gas.

Choice music by KEATING'S FINE EXHIBITION ORCHESTRAL BAND Day and Evening.

Admission, 50 cents; mechanics' tickets, in packages, 30 cents; children, 25 cents.

Everybody should visit this unequaled display.

GRAND PROMENADE CONCERTS will be given WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, until the close, with select programmes.

THEO. THOMAS' SYMPHONY CONCERTS,

AT STEINWAY HALL.

The public is respectfully informed that Mr. Theo. Thomas, in compliance with numerous requests, will give a

SERIES OF SIX SYMPHONY CONCERTS,
Commencing SATURDAY EVENING, Nov. 9.

The remaining concerts will take place on SATURDAY, Dec. 28; SATURDAY, Jan. 11; SATURDAY, Feb. 1; SATURDAY, March 29; SATURDAY, April 26.

SUBSCRIPTION TICKET, including reserved seat, EIGHT DOLLARS.

Subscriptions are now received at all the principal music-stores, and at the warerooms of Steinway & Sons, where also circulars can be obtained.

SPECIAL NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Subscribers desirous of having the same seats for the six Concerts can select their seats ON AND AFTER MONDAY, Oct. 21, at STEINWAY & SONS', and obtain a seat check, good for the series.

WHITE'S ATHENEUM,

WHITE'S ATHENEUM,
No. 585 Broadway, opposite Niblo's Garden.
THIS AFTERNOON,
Commencing at 2½.
A
GREAT FAMILY MATINEE.

TODAY,	TODAY,	TODAY.
MATINEE.	ANNIE HINDLE.	MATINEE.
MATINEE.	ALICE SOMMERS.	MATINEE.
MATINEE.	AUSTIN AND HESS.	MATINEE.
MATINEE.	JACKSON. JACKSON.	MATINEE.
MATINEE.	COOK. COOK.	MATINEE.

THIS AFTERNOON..........THE AREA BELLE.
THIS AFTERNOON..........DIDI-MUS PARTY.
THIS AFTERNOON...KENTUCKY LOTTERY.
THIS AFTERNOON...PASTIMES ON THE ICE.
THIS AFTERNOON....THE WRONG BOTTLE.
Commencing at 2½.

ASSOCIATION HALL.

4th-av. and 23d-st.
Y. M. C. A. LECTURE COURSE.
On consecutive FRIDAY EVENINGS.
Nov. 1—Bishop M. SIMPSON.
The Last Ten Years.
Nov. 8—EDMUND YATES.
Good Authors at a Discount.
Nov. 15—Prof. HENRY MORTON.
Fluorescent Light. Brilliantly illustrated.
Nov. 22—Rev. WILLIAM MORLEY PUNSHON.
Macaulay.
Nov. 29—Rev. GEORGE MACDONALD.
Robert Burns. (New.)
Dec. 6—Mrs. HARRIET BEECHER STOWE.
Readings from Her Own Works.
Dec. 13—Col. JOHN HAY.
Daybreak in Spain. (New.)
Dec. 20—JOHN B. GOUGH.
(Subject will be announced hereafter.)
Dec. 27—Prof. JAMES E. MURDOCH.
Miscellaneous Readings.
Jan. 3—JAMES T. FIELDS.
Masters of the Situation.

Each lecture preceded by a half-hour concert. Course tickets and reserved seats, $5. For sale at the Hall, and at Schirmer's.

MRS. JARLEY'S WAX WORKS.

ASSOCIATION HALL, TO-NIGHT.

EMERSON'S CALIFORNIA MINSTRELS, 718 BROADWAY. 718. The Master Troupe of the world. Every Evening and Saturday Matinee. T. MAGUIRE and BILLY EMERSON Proprietors.

COLLEGE OF MUSIC, NO. 5 WEST 14TH-st., next door to 5th-av.—Signor ALBITES and Mme. GAZZANIGA, instructors and directors; the only institution in America where the purest and correct Italian method is taught.

RAILROADS.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.

TIME-TABLE.

On and after MONDAY, Oct. 21, 1872, trains will leave Hunter's Point as follows:

8:00 A. M., Boston special.
9:00 A. M., Greenport Mail.
11:00 A. M., Northport, Locust Valley and Hempstead way.
1:00 P. M., Jamaica Express.
†3:30 P. M., Riverhead Express.
3:30 P. M., Sag Harbor Express.
3:30 P. M., Locust Valley and Hempstead Express.
4:30 P. M., Northport, Locust Valley and Hempstead Express.
*5:30 P. M., Hempstead Express.
*6:30 P. M., Northport, Locust Valley and Hempstead way.

†Runs to Greenport on Saturdays only. *Stops at Newtown and Woodbury on signal.

☞ The above trains leave James-slip, foot New Chambers-st., 30 minutes, and 34th-st., East River, 15 minutes earlier than at Hunter's Point.

SUNDAY TRAINS.—For Huntington, Northport, Roslyn, Glen Head, Glen Cove and Locust Valley, leave Hunter's Point at 9:30 A. M. and 6:00 P. M. Returning, leave Northport at 6:30 A. M. and 3:00 P. M. Locust Valley at 7:10 A. M. and 3:25 P. M. Glen Cove at 7:15 A. M. and 3:30 P. M. Glen Head at 7:21 A. M. and 3:36 P. M. Roslyn at 7:35 A. M. and 3:43 P. M.

TO FAR ROCKAWAY.

Leave Hunter's Point at 9 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.

Returning, leave Far Rockaway at 7:55 A. M. and 4:20 P. M.

7:30 A. M., Boston Special from corner Franklin and Atlantic avs., Brooklyn, via East New-York and Jamaica.

TRAINS TO FAR ROCKAWAY, VIA EAST NEW-YORK.

Leave East New-York at 9:02 A. M. and 4:30 P. M.

Returning, leave Far Rockaway for East New-York at 7:55 A. M. and 4:20 P. M.

SUNDAY TRAINS TO FAR ROCKAWAY.

Leave 34th-st., East River, New-York, at 9:15 A. M. and 5:45 P. M.

Returning, leave Far Rockaway for Hunter's Point and New-York at 7:50 A. M. and 3:55 P. M.

Leave East New-York for Far Rockaway at 9:30 A. M. and 6 P. M.

Returning, leave Far Rockaway for East New-York at 7:50 A. M. and 3:55 P. M.

EXCURSION TICKETS TO FAR ROCKAWAY, GOOD FOR THE ROUND TRIP ON THE DAY SOLD, 75 CENTS EACH. FARE TO BOSTON, $5. JOHN B. MORFORD, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK MIDLAND RAILWAY

—NEW-JERSEY DIVISION.—Passenger depots in New-York, foot of Cortlandt-st. and Desbrosses-st. Freight received at Pier No. 39½ North River, and Pennsylvania Railroad Depot, Jersey City.

TIME OF TRAINS LEAVING NEW-YORK, Adopted July 1, 1872.

5:20 A. M., Way-train for Bloomingburg and intermediate stations.
8 A. M., Express Mail for Ellenville, Liberty Falls, and intermediate stations.
10:40 A.M. Way-train for Bloomingdale and intermediate stations.
1 P. M., Way-train for Wortendyke and intermediate stations.
3:40 P. M., Way-train for Middletown and intermediate stations.
4:30 P. M., Express-train for Hackensack, Paterson, Wortendyke, Franklin, Middletown, Ellenville, and Liberty Falls.
5:10 P. M., Way-train for Bloomingdale and intermediate stations.
6:10 P. M., Way-train for Wortendyke and intermediate stations.

Returning, leave Ellenville at 5:55 A. M. and 3:50 P. M.; arrive in New-York 10:40 A. M. and 8:20 P. M. Leave Liberty Falls, 5:05 A. M. and 3 P. M.; arrive in New-York, 10:40 A. M. and 9:20 P. M. Leave Middletown at 6 A. M., 7 A. M., 4:59 and 6:40 P. M.; arrive in New-York, 10:20 A. M., 10:40 A. M., 9:20 P. M., and 12:35 A. M.

C. W. DOUGLAS, General Superintendent.
WM. H. WEED, General Ticket Agent.

NEW-YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.

Commencing on Monday, Sept. 16, 1872. Through Trains will leave Grand Central Depot.

8.00 A. M., Chicago and Montreal Express, with drawing-room cars through to Watertown, Rochester and Montreal.
10.00 A. M., Special Chicago Express, with drawing-room cars to Buffalo and Niagara Falls.
11.00 A. M., Northern and Western Express.
3.40 P. M., Special Express for Albany and Troy.
4.00 P. M., Montreal Express, with sleeping-cars from New-York to St. Albans.
6.00 P. M., Express, daily, with sleeping-cars for Watertown, Ogdensburg and Canandaigua.
8.00 P. M., Pacific Express, with sleeping-cars for Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls; also, for Chicago via both L. S. and M. C. Railroads. This train runs on Sundays.
11.00 P. M., Express, with sleeping-cars for Troy and Albany.

C. H. KENDRICK, General Passenger Agent.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager..Mr. LESTER WALLACK
Notwithstanding the
IMMENSE AND SUSTAINED SUCCESS
which has attended the production of
PYGMALION AND GALATEA,
pronounced by the
PUBLIC AND THE PRESS
to be the
MOST CHARMING COMEDY
ever presented at this Theatre,
Mr. Wallack is compelled to announce
THE LAST TEN NIGHTS,
in consequence of arrangements already entered into which cannot be deferred.
SATURDAY, Nov. 9, will therefore be
THE LAST NIGHT OF
PYGMALION AND GALATEA.
The play will be offered EVERY EVENING until then, with the
MARVELOUS OPTICAL ILLUSION
of the
DISSOLVING STATUE,
by Prof. TOBIN, of the Polytechnic Institute, London.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.

GRAND SACRED AND MISCELLANEOUS CONCERT,
On SUNDAY EVENING, Nov. 3, at 8 o'clock.
First Part,
ROSSINI'S CELEBRATED ORATORIO,
STABAT MATER.
Second Part,
SELECTIONS FROM
MASANIELLO, ERNANI, MOSE, FAUST, &c., &c.
BY MAX MARETZEK'S
ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY,
GRAND CHORUS AND ORCHESTRA.
POPULAR PRICES OF ADMISSION.
☞ Full particulars in Thursday morning's papers.

OLYMPIC.—GENEVIEVE DE BRABANT.

AIMEE PARISIAN OPERA BOUFFE
IN
GENEVIEVE DE BRABANT,
which will be presented EVERY EVENING of THIS WEEK and SATURDAY MATINEE.
The Peerless Queen of Opera Bouffe,
Mlle. AIMEE..........as..........DROGAN
Mlle. BONELLI will positively appear as GENEVIEVE, having recovered from her recent illness, supported by the Mammoth Organization.
Seats may be secured six days in advance.
MONDAY, Nov. 4, the phenomenon infant vocalist, ROMEO DIONESI.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

AUGUSTIN DALY........Sole Lessee and Manager
ROI CAROTTE.
TENTH WEEK AND LAST NIGHTS.

Mrs. JOHN WOOD, JOHN BROUGHAM, ROSE HERSEE, EMMA HOWSON, STUART ROBSON, the great MAJILTONS, the LAURI Patominists.

MATINEE SATURDAY, AT 1½. ROI CAROTTE.

In preparation, A GREAT SENSATION.

SUNDAY EVENING, Nov. 3, FIFTH Grand Operatic Concert, when the entire NINTH REGIMENT BAND, in full uniform, Mlle. MARIE AIMEE, Mlle. CLARA PERL, Miss EMMA HOWSON, PADOVANNI, and other premiere artists will appear.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.

Sole Lessee and Manager....Mr. AUGUSTIN DALY

BRILLIANT COMEDY REVIVALS!
THIS (WEDNESDAY) EVENING AT 8,
MRS. COWLEY'S
BELLE'S STRATAGEM!
SAME PIECE ON TO-MORROW AND SATURDAY EVENINGS
AND SATURDAY MATINEE.
FRIDAY, ROAD TO RUIN.

WOOD'S MUSEUM. ZOE.

ANOTHER TRIUMPH.
GREAT SUCCESS
Of the CUBAN SYLPH, Mlle. ZOE.

TODAY AT 2.	THIS EVENING AT 8.
The new burlesque, entitled the THREE MUS-KE-TEERS, with the great Burlesque troupe.	The dashing and beautiful artiste, MLLE. ZOE, in the sensational drama of the ANGEL OF MIDNIGHT.
STAR ARTISTES.	

ANOTHER WEEK OF THE
WILD ARABS OF THE DESERT,
AT THE GREAT 25 CENT SHOW,
Foot of Houston-st., East River.

THE LARGEST, CHEAPEST, BEST Exhibition ever given on this continent.

First week of WILLIAM MORGAN, the great sensational Hurdle Rider.

First week of the GREAT LEAPING FEATS.

W. DUTTON and the ARAB CHIEFS will turn lofty summersaults over the COLOSSAL ELEPHANT!

Besides other tremendous evolutions.

TWO LIVING SPECIMENS OF THE RHINOCEROS, never before seen in one show.

Besides many additional attractions.

Admission to see all, 25 cents. Doors open at 1 and at 7 P. M.

TONY PASTOR'S OPERA-HOUSE.

No. 201 Bowery, opposite Spring-st.
Engagement with the gifted child artiste,
LITTLE MAGGIE BENSON,
and the champion clog danseuse,
MISS JENNY BENSON.
TONY PASTOR and ALL THE STARS
IN A GRAND VARIETY BILL
MATINEES TUESDAYS AND SATURDAYS.
Ladies admitted free on Friday Evenings.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.

St. James Theatre, corner 28th-st. and Broadway
GREATEST SUCCESS IN THE CITY.
BIRCH, WAMBOLD AND BACKUS.
SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.
Seats secured six days in advance.

BRYANT'S OPERA-HOUSE. 23D-ST.

Every Evening at 8, and Saturday Matinee at 2.
KING KARROT. KING KARROT.
KING KARROT. KING KARROT
Kelly and Leon in their specialties.

MRS. JARLEY'S WAX WORKS.

ASSOCIATION HALL, TO-NIGHT.

N. Y. BATHS, 58 W. 30TH-ST., NEAR BROADWAY.

Superior Russian or Turkish Baths, $1; private Warm Baths, 30 cents; also Sulphur and Mercurial Baths, &c.

STEAMBOATS.

NARRAGANSETT STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

FALL RIVER LINE

FOR BOSTON, via NEWPORT and FALL RIVER,
Daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 4 P. M.,
From Pier No. 28 North River, foot Murray-st.,
The world-renowned steamers

BRISTOL and PROVIDENCE.

Capt. A. G. SIMMONS, Capt. B. M. SIMMONS.

The most direct route to Taunton, Middleboro, Plymouth, New-Bedford, Martha's Vineyard, Nantucket, and all points on the South Shore and Cape Cod Railway. Also, through tickets to Framingham, Fitchburg, Lowell, Concord, Nashua, Manchester, Lawrence, Plymouth, the WHITE MOUNTAINS, and all points north.

For tickets and state-rooms, apply at No. 241 Broadway; No. 529 Broadway, corner Spring; Broadway, corner 23d-st.; Dodd's Express offices, No. 944 Broadway; and No. 10 Court-st., Brooklyn, or at the office on the pier.

A. P. BACON, Superintendent.
H. H. MANGAM, General Freight Agent.

PEOPLE'S LINE FOR ALBANY.—The largest and most magnificent river steamers in the world. The ST. JOHN, DREW and DEAN RICHMOND. One of the above steamers will leave Pier No. 41 North River, every afternoon, (Sunday excepted;) at 6 o'clock. Arriving at Albany in time to connect with railroad trains West, North and East. Returning, leave the steam-boat landing at Albany at 7 o'clock P. M., or on the arrival of connecting trains from the West and North and East.

Through tickets can be obtained at the office on the wharf, and at Dodd's Express, No. 944 Broadway, and No. 1 Court-st., Brooklyn, and baggage checked to its destination. Freight received until the hour of departure.

STEAMER SEA BIRD—FOOT FRANKLIN-ST., FOR RED BANK and intermediate landings.

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Sat., 26th Oct......2:30 P. M.	Mon., 28th Oct......2:00 P. M.
Tues., 29th..........2:00 P. M.	Wed., 30th..........6:30 A. M.
Wed., 30th..........2:30 P. M.	Thur., 31st..........7:00 A. M.
Thurs., 31st........2:30 P. M.	Fri., Nov. 1..........7:00 A. M.
Fri., Nov. 1..........2:30 P. M.	Sat., 2d..........7:30 A. M.
Sat., 2d..........3:00 P. M.	Mon., 4th..........7:30 A. M.

NORTH RIVER & N. Y. ST. BOAT CO.—Harrison-st Pier.—Strs. CHRYSTENAH daily 3½ P. M., except Sundays, for Yonkers, Irvington, T'town, Nyack, R Lake, H'straw, G. Pt., Verplancks, Peekskill; ADELPHI, at 4, for Englewood, Yonkers, Hastings, D. Ferry, T'town, S Sing, H'straw; ALEXIS, at 5, for Nyack and intermediate landings. Nyack & T'town Ferry connects with H. R. trains.

CITIZENS' EVENING LINE STEAMERS for Troy direct.—Steamers SUNNYSIDE and THOMAS POWELL leave Pier No. 36 North River, foot North Moore-st., daily, (Saturdays excepted,) at 6 P. M., making sure connections with all trains going North, East and West. Tickets sold and baggage checked to all points on Rensselaer and Saratoga and Troy and Boston Railroads.

FOR BRIDGEPORT AND ALL POINTS on Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroad.—Fare, $1. Steamers leave Catharine-slip at 12 noon, and 12 night.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, AND THE NORTH.—Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with road.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT on THURSDAY, Nov. 7, 1872, at 12 o'clock at noon, at the Merchant's Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New-York, the undersigned, as pledgee of the property hereinafter described, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, (through Muller, Wilkins & Co., Auctioneers,) seventy of the bonds of the Portage Lake and Lake Superior Ship Canal Company, for the principal sum of one thousand dollars each, with the unpaid coupons, which bonds were issued upon the security of a trust deed, purporting to cover the lands, canal, franchise and personal property in Michigan therein described, and bearing date July 1, 1870, made by said Company to Charles L. Frost, Trustee, duly recorded. And the undersigned, as pledgee, will also sell, separately, at the same time and place, and by the same auctioneers, to the highest bidder, for cash, one hundred and forty other such bonds, for the principal sum of one thousand dollars each, with the unpaid coupons, which one hundred and forty bonds were issued on the security of the same trust deed. Any further information may be had upon application to the undersigned, at his office, No. 19 Nassau-street, New-York City.—Dated Oct. 19, 1872. THEODORE M. DAVIS, Receiver, Ocean National Bank.

BILLIARDS.

STANDARD AMERICAN BILLIARD TABLES, and the Phelan & Collender Combination Cushions, manufactured and for sale only by the inventor and patentee. H. W. COLLENDER, successor to Phelan & Collender, No. 738 Broadway.

AMUSEMENTS.

BOOTH'S THEATRE. BOUCICAULT

EDWIN BOOTH..........Proprietor and Manager.
LAST NIGHTS OF
MR. AND MRS. DION BOUCICAULT,
(Miss Agnes Robertson.)
MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, FRIDAY,
ARRAH NA POGUE.
TUESDAY, THURSDAY, SATURDAY,
and Saturday Matinée at 2 o'clock,
The New Drama of
KERRY; OR, NIGHT AND MORNING,
and
JESSIE BROWN.

Mr. BOUCICAULT as Shaun the Post and Kerry. Miss AGNES ROBERTSON (Mrs. Boucicault) as Arrah of the Kiss and Jessie, (her original character.) Mr. SHIEL BARRY as Michael Feeny and Cassidy. Miss KATE NEWTON as Mrs. Desmond.

SPECIAL MENTION.—In consequence of the limit of this engagement, each of the above plays can be performed for NINE NIGHTS only.

Seats may be secured a week in advance at the Theatre, or at Ditson & Co.'s Music Store, No. 711 Broadway.

UNION-SQUARE THEATRE.

Proprietor..........Mr. Sheridan Shook
Manager..........Mr. A. M. Palmer

Seventh week and unabated success of
AGNES,
Sardou's latest and best play, written expressly for the charming young actress,
Miss AGNES ETHEL,
who fills the title rôle.

"Miss Ethel, as Agnes, has achieved an absolute triumph."—*The Star.*

MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY at 1½ o'clock.

Seats secured two weeks in advance.

Box-office open every day from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Doors open at night at 7½; curtain rises at 8 o'clock. Carriages may be ordered for 10½ o'clock.

Miss Ethel's engagement at this theatre is limited to one hundred nights.

Jarley's Wax-Works.

The genuine Mrs. Jarley, (of St. Peter's Hall,) will give two of her inimitable, humorous entertainments at

ASSOCIATION HALL,

on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Oct. 30, and THURSDAY EVENING, Oct. 31. The figures will be personated by the same ladies and gentlemen who made their Jarley's last Winter the popular and fashionable entertainment of the season. For pure fun nothing equals these Jarleys. Tickets and reserved seats for sale at Pond's, No. 39 Union-square, and at the Association rooms.

GRAND PRESENTATION CONCERTS

at the
ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
TICKETS, $1 EACH.
PRESENTS RANGE FROM $1 TO $1,000.
SPLENDID CHANCE FOR THE LUCKY ONES.
PRESENTS DISTRIBUTED TO TICKET-HOLDERS WILL BE IN MONEY.
THE PRESENTS WILL BE DISTRIBUTED ON THE SPOT WHEN TICKETS ARE PURCHASED.
ONLY OFFICE FOR SALE OF TICKETS, NO. 656 BROADWAY.
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.
TICKETS ONLY $1.
FIRST-CLASS ARTISTS HAVE BEEN ENGAGED FOR THE CONCERTS.

MRS. JARLEY'S WAX WORKS.

ASSOCIATION HALL, TO-NIGHT.

STEINWAY HALL—WEDNESDAY.

FIRST LECTURE IN AMERICA
OF PROF. J. H.
PEPPER, PEPPER, PEPPER,
Professor of Chemistry, and Director of the Royal Polytechnic Institution, London, on
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OPTICAL PHENOMENA AND ILLUSIONS.
THE GREAT GHOST LECTURE,
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AND WONDROUS EXPERIMENTS.
The original lecture as given by Prof. Pepper in London to combined audiences of
OVER FOUR MILLIONS OF PEOPLE.
TICKETS OF ADMISSION, ONE DOLLAR.

Obtainable at all the principal music and book stores in the City. A limited number of reserved seats, fifty cents extra, at Schuberth's, No. 820 Broadway; G. Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, the theatre ticket-office, No. 114 Broadway; Pond & Co., No. 39 Union square, and at the box-office of the Hall.

PEPPER'S SECOND LECTURE, THURSDAY.

GRAND SACRED CHARITY CONCERT.

ST. PETER'S GERMAN LUTHERIN CHURCH,
Lexington-av., corner 46th-st.
THURSDAY EVENING, Oct. 21, 1872, at 8 o'clock.

The following eminent artists will co-operate: Mrs. Gertrude (Jacob) Hess, Miss Antoinette Sterling, Miss Minnie Speeker, Miss Pauline Miller, Mr. Chs. Wels, Mr. Edwd. G. Jardine, and a full choir.

Tickets at the church door; admission $1.

MRS. GULAGER'S

GRAND CONCERT,
IRVING HALL,
THURSDAY EVENING, Oct. 31.
Opera of
LURLINE.

Secured seats $2, at the music-stores, Rullman, No. 114 Broadway; Fifth-avenue Hotel.

LOAN OFFICES.

NO. 1,267 BROADWAY, ROOM B, over *Herald* Branch. (Parlor for ladies.) Also, No. 418 6th-av. Money advanced on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, &c. Same bought and sold. LINDO BROS.

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AT HAINES BROS., No. 27 Union-square. First-class handsome new PIANO-FORTES for sale on very reasonable terms, and several used a little, very low for cash.

WANTED—A CHORISTER FOR A BAPTIST Church in Brooklyn; he will be required to be present at all the meetings of the Church and Sabbath-school; none but a qualified man and a Christian need apply; a Baptist preferred. Address CHORISTER, Box No. 53 New-York Post-office.

A LARGE STOCK OF PIANOS, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT, to rent or sell cheap, rent allowed on purchases. Call at M. M. MERRELL'S, No 8 Union-square, (No. 165 4th-av.)

THE BEST PLACE TO BUY GOOD second-hand pianos for half their value, $110, $160, &c., at No. 425 West 28th-st., near 9th-av.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against GEORGE HARDEN, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Robt. H. Corbett, Esq., No. 6 Wall-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 20th day of March next.—Dated New-York, the 16th day of September, 1872.

ELIZABETH HARDEN, Administratrix.
AMOS H. TROWBRIDGE, Administrator.
s16-law6mW

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF ROBERT C. HUTCHINGS, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOHN R. LAWRENCE, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at the residence of the subscriber, John Lawrence, No. 3 West 17th-street, in the City of New-York, on or before the 28th day of April next.—Dated New-York, the 14th day of October, 1872.

JOHN LAWRENCE,
LEONARD JACOB, } Executors.
o16-law6mW*

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WILLIAM HERTZEL, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his office, No. 187 Broadway, in the City of New-York, on or before the 20th day of December next.—Dated New-York, the 18th day of June, 1872.

WILLIAM A. SEAVER, Administrator.
je19-law6m

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF Robert C. Hutchings, Esq., Surrogate of the County of New-York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of GEORGE THOMAE, late of the City of New-York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at No. 82 East 35th-st., in the City of New-York, on or before the 1st day of April next.—Dated New-York, the 24th day of September, 1872.

MARIA H. THOMAE.
s25-law6mW

THE HORSE EPIDEMIC.

Its Alarming Effect Upon the People Fully Realized.

Total Suspension of Travel on Nine Lines of Cars and Stages.

Disappearance of Trucks, Drays, Express-Wagons and General Vehicles.

The Disease Thought to Have Reached a Crisis.

With the close of yesterday, the horse epidemic may be regarded as having reached a crisis, and today will probably be eventful in deciding the fate of a vast majority of the affected animals. The business of the City, or that portion of it affected by the epidemic, is being carried on in the best way possible, but a considerable portion of the traveling community is nonplussed for means of conveyance. No better illustration of this can be afforded than the scenes at the various car termini yesterday. The facilities were lessened by half, and the effort to obtain a place on the "occasional" car was desperate. Late in the afternoon, as usual, the cars began to be overcrowded, and the rush had degenerated into a desperate scramble, in which politeness and gallantry gave way to the selfishnesss of strength. In many instances passengers could be seen clinging to the rails of the platforms, and standing on the rear brake, assuring their footing by holding on to the roof. On every car and stage line in the City these scenes were enacted. The throng of pedestrians on Broadway between 5 and 6 o'clock P. M., was probably greater and more continuous than has ever before been seen in the City at this season. In the middle of the thoroughfare the scene was far different. All day long there was a total absence of the usual crush, and the traffic was barely sufficient to give it the aspect of a great thoroughfare.

During the early part of the afternoon a large number of persons, mostly females, gathered at the corner of Vesey-street and on the open space at the junction of Broadway and Park-row, waiting for the Third, Fourth, and Sixth avenue cars. For some time they could not be made to believe that the cars had stopped running, but as the hour advanced and not one of the cars came in sight, each began to ask the other what was to be done. The Sixth-avenue riders found some remedy in the occasional trips of the Broadway, Seventh, and Eighth avenue cars, but those that desired to travel in an easterly direction found no remedy except in an occasional Grand Central Railroad car, which would be filled to overflowing before reaching the stand. The suggestion of using the Second-avenue and Avenues B and D lines, in place of the Third-avenue line, was met by the rejoinder that neither of these lines of cars was running, and several east-side residents had to content themselves with the facilities of the Broadway line, those living far up-town taking advantage of the Harlem steamers, even if they had to be landed half a mile from the place at which they desired to stop.

The proprietors of the various up-town livery stables took advantage of the bright weather to give their horses a little exercise, and in the afternoon those able to move about were brought out, heavily blanketed and bandaged, and mounted by the urchins of the neighborhood, who rode them up and down for an hour or so.

The general condition of the horses at the car stables remained in about the same unsatisfactory state as on Monday, and the number of fatal cases was greater than on the previous day. The Superintendents at the various stables anxiously look forward to the events of today, which they expect will prove the decisive period for a very large number of their horses. The officials of many of the leading companies express individual anxiety for a total suspension, so as to afford their stock a better chance of recovery, and it is not improbable that an agreement for a general stoppage may soon be reached. About one-fourth the usual number of cars were run yesterday, and, if any change is made today, it will certainly not be an increase.

President Butler, of the Sixth-avenue line, yesterday received a letter from the President of the Street Railroad Company of Toronto, Canada, in which the latter stated that the horses of that city were nearly all well, and the rate of mortality left no ground for complaint.

About noon yesterday it was rumored that Mr. Bergh intended stopping all the street-cars drawn by horses affected with the epidemic, and considerable excitement was occasioned in consequence.

THE STREET RAILROADS.

The Third-avenue Company endeavored to run half their cars yesterday. Not a fourth of them, however, were available to the travelling public, owing to the interference of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. Shortly after 12 o'clock Mr. Bergh stationed a number of his officers at Fifth-street and the Bowery, with instructions to prevent the passage of any of the Third-avenue cars below that point. A number of policemen from the Seventeenth and Fifteenth Precincts were detailed to assist the officers of the Society. When fifteen or twenty cars had collected on the line a crowd of about a thousand people assembled, and, for a time, much excitement prevailed. Many people had paid their fares only a few blocks above, and were naturally irate when forced to leave the cars while the largest part of their journey yet remained to be performed. By 3 o'clock in the afternoon the line of cars stopped by Mr. Bergh's officers reached from Fifth-street and the Bowery to Twelfth-street and Third-avenue. The crowd continued to stand around.

At 5 o'clock in the afternoon Mr. Bergh returned from an interview with the Superintendent of the road, and withdrew his men. Travel on the road was resumed in time to accommodate the business portion of the community residing up-town. To-morrow, if not prevented by Mr. Bergh, the same number of cars will be used on this road as was attempted to be used yesterday.

At the Third-avenue stables three deaths from the disease occurred yesterday. The horses generally are not any better than they were on Monday. At the Second-avenue stables no change is reported either in the health of the horses or in the number of trips being run. As on Monday, the regular number of trips are decreased by fifty. The horses are somewhat thinner, and this is attributed by the foreman to the extra freight they are obliged to carry in consequence of the stoppage of the lines east of Second-avenue, and the decrease in the number of cars run on the Third-avenue Road. The Dry-Dock and Avenue B Company's cars did not take the road at all yesterday. In the stables of this Company no deaths have occurred, and the horses, with few exceptions, appear to be improving. The blacksmith's shop adjoining the stable is closed, and will not be reopened until the cars commence to run. By the stoppage on this line about twenty of the employes, besides the conductors and drivers, are thrown out of work. The Fourth-avenue Company continued to run thirteen cars yesterday, three of them making but three trips each.

The Sixth-avenue line withdrew its Vesey-street cars after making twenty-two trips yesterday morning, and during the remainder of the day ran the usual number on the Canal-street branch. The Vesey-street line was withdrawn in consequence of the probable overloading, and will not be resumed until the line is in full running order again. One more death has occurred, making four altogether, but the majority of the horses here are in a more promising condition.

Half the usual number of cars were run on the Broadway and Seventh-avenue line yesterday, and the Superintendent hopes to keep up the proportion today. The Broome-street branch will not be resumed until the epidemic disappears. Some of the horses here are in a very critical condition. A notice was yesterday issued to the drivers to walk their horses up all grades and to drive at a moderate gait along the entire route.

The Eighth-avenue line has determined not to suspend unless it becomes impossible to work the horses or Mr. Bergh interferes. Half the usual number of cars were run yesterday, and the horses remained in about the same condition. Late in the evening the cars stopped at Chambers-street and West Broadway. The Ninth-avenue line has not yet resumed, and will not take the road again until the stock improve. No remarkable change occurred yesterday.

The Belt line has stopped altogether, and does not propose to resume until the horses are in fit condition for work. The Grand and Forty-second-street line runs on half time. No deaths are reported here.

THE STAGE LINES.

At the stables of the Fourth-avenue Stage Company, the foreman reports the horses as 100 per cent. better than on Monday. Thirty-eight stages continue to run six trips, and this number will probably be increased today. No deaths have occurred.

The Fourth and Madison avenue line has forty-five stages making six trips daily. The horses are doing better, and the number of trips will probably be increased today. One death occurred at this stable yesterday.

The Fifth-avenue and Broadway Stage Company will continue to run half their stages six trips for some days yet. The horses are feeding well and coughing less.

At the stables of the Broadway and Fourteenth-street Stage Company two deaths from the disease occurred yesterday. Six stages were hauled off the line at noon, leaving on the road altogether twenty-four. Some of the horses belonging to this Company which, when the disease first broke out became very sick, are now completely recovered. The Company will continue to run twenty-four stages today, if the animals are no worse. The Twenty-third-street line took the road yesterday with half the usual number of stages.

HOW TRADE IS AFFECTED.

The business along the piers was somewhat improved, and an attempt was evidently made to remove some of the goods that had on Monday formed such a blockade along South and West streets. A larger number of teams were to be seen engaged in the work, and the horses seemed to have more spirit. The accumulation of freight along all the piers, however, made it a matter of great difficulty to commence the removal, and the fears of the carmen that their horses might be overworked and thereby thrown back into sickness, caused them to be very careful of their animals. Even when the trucks were loaded, the drivers would only walk their horses, and even then only drive them either up or down town, refusing almost all offers to cross the City except with a light load. The cotton brokers also appeared to be in better spirits yesterday, at the prospects of their cotton being hauled, a few truck-drivers having applied during the morning for jobs. This feeling, however, only lasted a short time, especially when it was ascertained that the price demanded was five times the usual rates. The stoppage of the Belt line of cars gave the truckmen along South and West streets a better opportunity than usual for moving.

A slight improvement was observed in the vicinity of the market, but not until after 9 o'clock in the morning, at which time a large number of grocers' and butchers' wagons made their appearance. Before that hour a complete stagnation was observable among the wholesale dealers, who began to fear their stock would remain on their hands. The wholesale butchers had become very fretful, but as the day advanced they exhibited better spirits. A great difficulty was experienced in transporting large pieces of beef to the various hotels, and the bulk of it had to be carried on the shoulders of men. Hand-trucks were also in great requisition, the usual market truckmen refusing to overwork their horses, even at advanced prices. About double rates were usually paid yesterday in Washington Market for hired teams.

A marked change was observable at the Savannah, Norfolk and other Southern steam-ship piers, freight for the South being conveyed to the piers from the warehouses of the various City merchants. It is understood that an advance of from fifty to two hundred per cent. upon the usual rates was yesterday paid, and even at that figure, some of the houses doing a large Southern trade were not able to ship their goods either by rail or steamer.

INCIDENTS OF THE EPIDEMIC, &C.

At Fulton Ferry the receipts yesterday for teams passing across were more than double, before 2 o'clock, the amount received during the whole of the preceding day. The gate-men also stated that as a rule the horses presented a better appearance and seemed to be in improved health. They also seemed able to drag heavier loads. At Jersey City Ferry the travel of teams was greatly decreased, but this was accounted for by the fact that many were engaged along the piers, and freight was being lightered across to the Cunard steamers.

The epidemic has carried to the elevated railroad a considerably-increased patronage, and the cars are filled on every trip, more than double the usual amount of business being carried on.

LIST OF DEAD HORSES REPORTED BY THE POLICE.

Seventy-four dead horses were reported by the Police, yesterday, at the following stables: At the stables of Chas. Nealis, No. 506 Pearl-street; stage stables, corner of Thirty-second-street and Lexington-avenue; No. 329 East Thirty-eighth-street; No. 156½ East Thirtieth-street; No. 325 East Thirty-third-street; No. 487 Second-avenue; No. 206 Lexington-avenue, (mule;) Third-avenue Railroad stables, No. 489 Third-avenue; No. 94 Clinton-place; No. 12 Minetta-lane; No. 37 North Moore-street; No. 27 Vestry-street; in Staple street, between Jay and Duane streets; One Hundred and Sixty-second-street and Tenth-avenue; No. 1,439 Third-avenue; north-east corner of Eighty-fifth-street and Second-avenue; No. 202 First-avenue; No. 542 East Fourteenth-street; No. 21 Third-street; No. 363 West Forty-ninth-street; No. 14 East Twenty-seventh-street; No. 530 East Thirteenth-street; No. 516 East Twelfth-street; No. 625 Sixth-avenue; No. 129 West Twenty-seventh-street; No. 131 West Twenty-fourth-street; No. 140 West Fortieth-street; No. 86 Marion-street; No. 129 Mulberry-street, (two horses;) No. 192 Henry-street; No. 15 Scammel-street; No. 258 West Forty-first-street; No. 304 West Thirty-eighth-street; No. 241 West Twenty-eighth-street; No. 205 West Forty first-street; No. 219 West Thirty-seventh-street; Dry-dock Railroad stables; No. 532 East Fifteenth-street; No. 485 Second-avenue; No. 233 East Twenty-second-street; No. 205 East Twenty-third-street; No. 204 East Twenty-fourth-street; No. 231 East Twenty-first-street; No. 35 Lexington-avenue; No. 439 East Twentieth-street; No. 561 West Twenty-third-street; No. 520 West Sixteenth-street; No. 239 West Eighteenth-street; No. 190 West Fourth-street; No. 517 Washington-street; at One Hundred and Ninth-street and Boulevard; No. 336 West Fourth-street; No. 273 West Tenth-street; No. 56 Gansevoort-street; No. 39 Bethune-street; No. 155 Charles-street; No. 115 Christopher-street; No. 2,263 Third-avenue; Second-avenue, between One Hundred and Twenty-seventh and One Hundred and Twenty-eighth streets; No. 4 Rivington-street; No. 159 Orchard-street; No. 121 Pitt-street; No. 96 Pitt-street; No. 83 Avenue D; No. 717 East Eleventh-street: No. 346 Third-street; No. 151 Avenue C, (two horses;) No. 498 Cherry-street, (two horses;) No. 56 Willett-street; No. 453 Cherry-street; No. 30 Mangin-street, and No. 25 Sheriff-street.

The following resolution was yesterday adopted by the Board of Police:

Resolved, That articles in and to come into the possession of the Police, which are by the rules required to be sent to the Property Clerk, (if of such character that they cannot be carried by hand,) shall be retained at the Station-houses until further orders, but shall on the morning of each day be reported in writing to the Property Clerk.

This resolution was adopted to avoid payment of extravagant fees for cartage during the prevailing horse epidemic.

THE SANITARY COMMITTEE.

The Sanitary Committee held a meeting, yesterday, in reference to the epidemic, and determined to detail several of the Assistant Health Inspectors, among whom are Drs. Leo, Tracy, Hamilton, and Judson, to make a thorough inspection of all stables, and obtain statistics, &c., to report to the Board. The progress of the disease will be carefully watched by these physicians in its several stages, and microscopical examination of the dead horses will be made. A full report on the subject will be presented to the Board of Health on Wednesday next.

THE STAGE COMPANIES SUING MR. BERGH.

The Broadway and East-side Stage Company, the Broadway and Twenty-third-street Company, and the Broadway and Madison and Fourth-avenue Company have each commenced proceedings against the American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals for stopping their stages and turning horses out of harness. They each claim the sum of $25,000 damages, and ask for an injunction against Mr. Bergh and his men, restraining them from stopping stage horses in future.

Ox-Teams in New-York—City Merchants Searching for Oxen in the Country—High Prices Willingly Paid.

Our Poughkeepsie correspondent writes as follows:

"New-York men are arriving here by every train, in search of oxen to do their carting. A number of yokes have already been obtained. Mayor Eastman is receiving telegrams hourly, and has his hands full of business in the matter. R. Hillyer & Sons, druggists, at No. 58 Cedar-street, have secured a yoke from Hon. James Roosevelt, on the Hyde Park road. Monroe, Chamberlain & Co., of No. 45 Murray-street, have procured a yoke, and a boy to drive them, from Mr. Burhans, on the Hyde Park road. E. R. Macey & Co., of William-street, have telegraphed for six yoke, and have probably got them by this time. Lang & Robinson, of No. 1 Front-street, have a man here in search of oxen. D. K. Ducker & Co., of No. 42 Fulton-street, telegraph as follows: 'We want oxen by the week. Supply us by to-night's boat.'

J. Munroe Taylor, chemical works, telegraphs: "We want ten yoke of oxen for four weeks. If our horses recover our freight cannot be delivered under four weeks."

S. D. Palmer & Co., liquor importer, telegraphs: "We want twelve yoke of oxen immediately; send them on right off."

Mr. John Roosevelt will send his oxen to New-York by boat to-night.

A drove of fifty oxen passed into Putnam County yesterday, and are being followed up by energetic New-Yorkers. They say they will have them at almost any price. Mayor Eastman sent a man into the county yesterday, and he returned last night. He reports that he secured twenty-three yoke, and some of them have already arrived. More are expected today and all will be forwarded by propellers John L. Hasbrouck and Daniel S. Miller. Oxen are also being shipped for New-York at other points on the Hudson. The demand for them is a feverish one, and as yet it is impossible to supply it. In a day or two, however, the way the news is now traveling, oxen will come pouring in from all quarters, and the price per day for them may decline. At present the price ranges from $8 to $12 per day for a yoke with driver accompanying. The freight on a pair of oxen from here to New-York is $3.

The Distemper in Brooklyn.

Inquiry at the large stables yesterday, elicited the encouraging fact that the horse distemper had passed a crisis, and a slight improvement in the condition of the animals was noticeable. The street-railroad lines still run a short complement of cars, which are all crowded to excess.

Mr. Richardson, President of the Fifth-avenue line, has received an offer from Mr. P. A. Reid, proprietor of the Rockaway line of steam-cars, of the use of one of his locomotives. Mr. Richardson favors the idea of substituting steam for horses, and says that horses are inadequate to the demands of the traveling public. He would gladly accept Mr. Reid's offer, if the Common Council will grant him authority for their use. The mails are being transferred from Brooklyn to New-York, and *vice versa* by wheelbarrows. At the navy-yard, ox teams are doing the heavy work, though a few horses are still in harness. The slight change for the better has excited a hope that in a few days the disease will have so far abated as to allow business to resume its wonted activity.

Progress of the Disease in Other Cities.

HALIFAX, N. S., Oct. 29.—The horse disease is reported here, and owners are taking every precaution against it.

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 29.—The horse disease in Boston and vicinity has evidently taken a more favorable turn, and a marked improvement is resported in nearly all cases under treatment. Some days must, however, elapse before recovery. A few street-cars continue to run, and there is a small increase of express and job wagons in the streets, and occasionally a private carriage.

ALBANY, Oct. 29.—The horse disease is still on the increase here.

OSWEGO, N. Y., Oct. 29.—The movement of produce by canal continues light in consequence of the epidemic among horses. Over two-thirds of the canal horses are affected with the disease. Several horses belonging to the Midland Railroad Company were taken sick yesterday. Two tugs were sent out yesterday to pick up and tow the boats on the canal.

The weather today is cool and bracing.

PATERSON, N. J., Oct. 29.—The horse disease is rapidly increasing, and fully forty cases are reported today, some of them very bad ones. The disease has appeared in most of the livery and express stables. The express companies have much difficulty in moving freight, their horses in New-York, as well as here, being sick with the same complaint.

TITUSVILLE, Penn., Oct. 29.—The horse disease has broken out in this place. Many horses in public and private stables are affected by it.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 29.—While the existence of the horse disease is denied in this city, yet there are a number of cases of horse sickness reported where the symptoms are similar to those of epizootic. The cases reported yesterday are improving and fatal results are not apprehended. In the Market-street stables twenty horses are afflicted with a racking cough, and two of the cars have been withdrawn. Several horses in the Greene and Coates streets stables were attacked today with a cough, and taken off the line. Four cases, the symptoms of which are of a more violent character, are also reported in the Montgomery-street stables. The epidemic, if such it is, appears here in a very mild form.

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 29.—Two-thirds of the horses in this city are disabled by the distemper and business is considerably affected thereby.

PORT JERVIS, N. Y., Oct. 29.—The horse disease has made its appearance in this vicinity. The boat horses employed on the Delaware and Hudson Canal are the principal sufferers.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 29.—The horse disease has fully developed in this city. Fifty cases were reported today by one veterinary surgeon.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Oct. 29.—The horse epidemic has broken out here. Two horses were attacked yesterday and another today.

CUSTOM-HOUSE ROBBERIES.

The Late Loss of Cases of Silk Accounted for—Arrest and Confession of the Thief—Public Officials Exonerated.

With reference to the numerous charges preferred against United States Commissioner Davenport, in connection with the recent robberies at the Custom-house and public stores, the following facts have been obtained, which entirely clear the gentlemen implicated from any suspicion: On the 23d of July last two cases of silks mysteriously disappeared from the public stores situated in New Church-street. Every exertion was made to trace, if possible, the matter to its source. They had hardly completed their arrangements when, on the 13th of September, six additional cases disappeared in like manner. The matter was duly reported to Gen. Arthur. A few days later he was informed by a man who was formerly engaged in the cartage business, in connection with the public stores, that the second lot of cases which had disappeared, had been seen in Third-avenue, between Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh streets. The affair was immediately placed in the hands of Detective Whitely. He, after much labor, succeeded in learning that the robbery was committed by Joseph Deane, son of the United States carman, composing the firm of Keyes, Deane & Co. Detective Whitely was unable for some time to discover how these goods could have been taken without any record having been placed on file in the office of the Department. It is usual, when cases arrive, to place them at the delivery door of the transfer department, in order that they may be called off and "chalked" by the describing clerk, which indicates that the goods have entered the stores and are ready for cartage. In order to secure the success of the robbery, it was necessary for the chalk mark to be forged, so that no receipt would pass into the Collector's office. This important task was performed by Joseph Deane, as appears by the investigation, consequently no record was made of them. Transfer receipts were also forged by him, and by these means any record of the goods was prevented from entering the office of the Public stores.

Deane was arrested, and is now under bonds to the sum of $10,000 to appear before the Grand Jury in answer to the charges preferred against him.

In no manner was a sworn officer connected with this case, as the confession of the criminal entirely exonerated every gentleman acting in the public service.

The matter was to have been brought before the Grand Jury yesterday, but was postponed, and it will probably be brought up today.

Dr. Paul Hoffman's Lecture on Japan and the Japanese—Their History, Geography, Manners, Commerce, and Wonderful Progress.

From the nature of the subject, and the perfect acquaintance Dr. Hoffman has with the manners and customs of the Japanese, a larger audience might have been expected than was found yesterday evening at Association Hall. Dr. Hoffman, though a young man, seems to have devoted most of his life to traveling, and quite a long residence in Japan has made him thoroughly familiar with his subject. He stated that a great deal of the information found in books on Japan was false, and a mere compilation of other people's erroneous notions. A very clear geographical idea of Japan was given, with a glowing description of its climate, resembling that of Italy. The fearful storm, the typhoon, the scourge of China and Japan, was described. The products of the country, its rice, and the care in its cultivation, was also spoken of. The lecturer dwelt with some care on the origin of this wonderful people, believing them to have sprung from a mixture of the Chinese and Indians, where they had apparently taken what was best from both parent stocks. In speaking of their religion, Dr. Hoffman said that Christian converts were rare, and that generally missionaries were of little avail. He described the Damios, or ruling class, as among the most noble and chivalrous of races, but that the Samois, or fighting caste, was the worst. Japanese workmen, he declared, were the happiest of laborers, singing all day at their tasks, their pay being from $4 to $8 a month. Dr. Hoffman gave a glowing description of the many advantages Americans would enjoy by directing their energies toward the resources of Japan, and alluded to the objects there of the greatest value, only awaiting civilized developments.

Ninth Ward Council of Political Reform.

A meeting of the Ninth Ward Council of Political Reform was held last night, at Greenwich Hall, corner of Hudson and Christopher streets. Dr. Samuel F. Hall tendered his resignation as candidate of the Council for Assemblyman from the Ninth Assembly District, and moved the indorsement of Hon. Stephen Pell, the Republican and Reform candidate. Mr. Pell was unanimously indorsed, as were also the following: Prof. George W. Clarke, Republican and Reform candidate for Assembly from the Seventh District; Henry Wisser, for Assistant Alderman from the Fifth Assembly District; Thomas L. Thornell, for Assistant Alderman from the Seventh District, and Capt. Wm. P. Bensel, for Assistant Alderman from the Ninth District. Judge Sutherland was also indorsed for City Judge, instead of E. R. Robinson, and Benjamin K. Phelps for District-Attorney, instead of W. H. Peckham. The Council passed a resolution pledging themselves to support Mr. Austen Leake, or any other candidate for Assembly from the Fifth District who would be likely to beat Mike Norton. Speeches returning thanks were delivered by Messrs Pell and Thornell and Prof. Clarke.

Trial of Chief of Police McWilliams of Jersey City—His Bondsmen Surrender Him to the Sheriff.

The trial of Chief of Police McWilliams and Detective Doyle, on the charge of conspiracy, was, yesterday, continued in the Hudson County Court, before Judge Depue. On the opening of the Court the County prosecutor immediately commenced his summing up. He reviewed the evidence at length, and alluded pointedly to the fact of McWilliams having been away as a proof of his guilt.

Ex-Chancellor Williamson summed up for the State, and spoke strongly for a conviction.

Mr. Winfield replied for the defense, and held that the evidence of the convicted prisoners could not be received without corroboration.

Attorney-General Gilchrist addressed the jury for the State, urging a conviction. He had not concluded when the Court adjourned.

Chief McWilliams, who was out on bail, was rearrested last evening, his bondsmen having surrendered him to the Sheriff. He is now locked up in jail.

A MONSTER RATIFICATION.

Enthusiastic Indorsement of Grant and Wilson at Cooper Institute.

Speeches by Prominent Americans, Germans, Italians, Frenchmen, Scandinavians, Bohemians, Poles and Others in Their Mother Tongue.

Under the auspices of the German (Irving-place) Grant and Wilson Central Campaign Association, and of the Grant and Wilson Campaign Club of United Nationalities, a German Republican mass-meeting was held at the Cooper Institute last evening, for which a rich and varied programme had been prepared, with music, vocal exercises, and addresses in half a dozen different languages. The numerous assemblage was composed of a most respectable class of our foreign-born citizens.

The meeting was a great success, for an immense concourse of people of all nationalities thronged the great hall, until it was full to over flowing. So eager was the desire to gain seats, that long before the hour fixed for the meeting, the doorways leading to the hall were blocked by crowds of people who stood patiently waiting until the janitor of the building unbarred the doors, when they rushed pell-mell into the auditorium to gain seats near the platform. A portion of these seats were, however, reserved for ladies, and they were promptly filled by many of the fair sex, who were quite as prompt in their appearance as the male portion of the audience.

A large section of the hall to the right of the platform was specially reserved for the Grant and Wilson clubs of different nationalities. When these bodies arrived, it was found that there were present Polish, Hungarian, Italian, Scandinavian, French, German and American clubs, each having their own banners and transparencies, the effect being pleasing and inspiriting.

The hall was beautifully decorated with banners, portraits, and coats of arms of the different States of the Union. Above the platform, and tastefully draped about the several arches, was the Stars and Stripes, while in the centre was a full-length portrait of President Grant. Bouquets of rare and beautiful flowers were distributed in various places about the platform in immense vases, and lent additional beauty to the already attractive surroundings.

After several overtures had been performed, the proceedings were formally opened by Gen. Franz Sigel, who, in his introductory remarks, which were made in English, observed that in the pressure of the moment the adopted citizens of this country know how to enter in this fight for national honor against a creature of one day. The united nationalities had, for the first time, united for the purpose of assembling in mass-meeting on the subject. They were not a party; they had not been organized under the auspices of any party; they were independent, pledged on their own honor in aid of the people of the United States in this great contest. They had their independent standing on this question, legally and financially. Their standing was on the side of justice in this contest. [Cheers.] They had to struggle to bring this campaign into a system, to seperate Municipal and local elections from national and State elections. This organization had been formed for one great object, that was to plead the great national cause—to lend a helping hand in bringing about the success of the great national Republican campaign to help elect Grant and Wilson, the candidates of the Philadelphia platform; to approve of the principles that were so well maintained. These Polish, Hungarian, Italian, French, German, and Scandinavian societies and associations, who had thus united for one great national cause, stand under one flag, the Star-spangled Banner of the Union. [Cheers.]

Gen. Sigel thereupon introduced to the assemblage Mr. Emil Sauer, the candidate for elector at large, as permanent Chairman, whose appearance was hailed with cheers and applause. After brief remarks by Mr. Sauer, Capt. Toplanyi read the list of Vice-Presidents, which were adopted by a unanimous vote, as follows:

VICE-PRESIDENTS—C. Anfenger, Dr. de Antonini' St. Antoldi, Phil. Bissinger, H. N. Beers, Dr. H. Baetzendert, H. R. Baltzer, Wm. F. Heins, John G. Hertwig, M. Heidelbach, Maurice Herman, George Jones, George Koch Frederick Kuehne, Peter Kehr, Jacob Robinson, Louis Reiss, A. Rusch, Gov. E. Solomon, Jos. Seligman, Jesse Seligman, Christian Schwartz, Dr. Carl Stein, J. Björklund, Nicolas R. Connor, Herman Cantor, Henry Clausen, L. Clarke, Prof. M. Candi, Wm. E. Chandler, Robert G. Cornell, Capt. Castelvechio, Samuel W. Curriden, Col. Robert des Anges, Prof. Phil. Donaruma, Sechi de Casali, Wm. A. Darling, Sixt. Ludw. Kapf, David M. Koehler, H. W. Knapp, John Kress, John Koch, Prof. H. A. Koerner, Dr. A. Kessler, Henry Kalusowsky, Anton Kopankiewicz, Martin Kopankiewicz, Rudolph Kisela, Dr. L. W. Limpert, Andrew Lefrén, Fred. Schwedler, Edward Schulze, Gen. A. Schwarzwaelder, Carl Schwedler, Edward Schulze, S. A. Sewards, John Schratter, Herman Sussmann, Dr. L. Treskatis, Dr. Rudolph Tauszky, R. W. Townsend, Joseph P. Tinelli, Frank B. Tinelli, Dr. A. Dunn, Col. Adolph Dengler, Moses Ebrenreich, Charles A. Flammer, Knut Forsberg, Morris Friedsam, H. H. Garnet, Wm. Gellman, Conr. Geib, Carl Goepp, H. A. Glidden, H. W. Garnett, Joseph Gressák, W. G. Gillee, Jacob Hess, Sig. Kaufman, Wm. N. Loew, Charles Latour, Gov. E. D. Morgan, George J. Mueller, Dr. S. Mackiewicz, C. Murburg, J. W. Mars, J. H. B. Mathews, Thomas Murphy, W. H. Nieman, G. Obom, Charles Pfaff, Max Patzauer, Louis J. Phillips, Adolphus Petschaw, Alderman W. Radde, Chas. Unger, John B. Voorhis, Col. Frederick Vilmar, H. Verhusen, Francis G. Vocall, Charles Vernicky, Sen. Aug. Weissman, Charles Wehle, Gen. Max Weber, Andreas Willman, Gust. A. Waeber, J. Y. Weber, Jacob Weiss, R. Weil v. Gernsbach.

A large number of Secretaries were also chosen.

The next speaker was Col. L. W. Tinelli, a Frenchman, who also spoke in English. When arguing that the United Nationalities will show that they are a solid body, powerful enough to resent the attempts of demagogues and traitors, to stand against that party which is now endeavoring to deceive the nation with hypocritical promises—against that party which affiliates with the ancient Knights of the Golden Circle and of the Kuklux Klan. The 5th of November, now near at hand, would show that the United Nationalities as a political body form a tower of strength. [Applause, hurrah.]

Resolutions were then read by the Secretary and adopted by an enthusiastic vote, as follows:

Resolved, That the common cause of the different nationalities in this country can be best promoted by the united action of all adopted citizens, for the purpose of maintaining the principles in the defense of which the Republican Party was borne into existence and became the great agency of national salvation in war and prosperity in peace.

Resolved, That the continuous adhesion to those principles of liberty and equality, so triumphantly asserted in the past and carried through the perils and dangers of civil war, is essential to the perpetuity and peace of a redeemed nation, and to the cause of human liberty in all other lands.

Resolved, That we frankly discard and reject the "entangling alliance" entered into at the Cincinnati and Baltimore Conventions between a small number of deluded and discontented Republicans and the demoralized Democratic Party; and sincerely believing that the present Executive, aided by a tried champion of the people, will be a reliable safeguard against any attempt to cripple or subvert the established Government, its laws and constitutional provisions, we hereby indorse the nominees of the Philadelphia Convention—Ulysses S. Grant and Henry Wilson—as our next President and Vice-President.

Resolved, That while we so express our adherence to the institutions of our adopted country and pledge ourselves to the support of our chosen candidates, we confidently hope and expect that the future Administration and Congress shall perfect and inaugurate such reforms as are in conformity with the spirit of our age and the best interests of the whole American people, without difference of race and nationality.

At this stage of the proceedings a chorus of the Italian Opera was introduced to the assemblage. Their excellent vocal performances gave rise to most vociferous applause.

The assemblage was then addressed by Marcus Otterbourg, the first, who addressed the assemblage in German. He argued that there was no doubt about the corrupt result of the Liberal Republican movement, when it traveled to Baltimore—in Baltimore—where the representatives of the most corrupt elements of the Democratic Party were assembled. Then there could be no doubt that the Germans of this country would give it no support. But under these circumstances we had come to a point where parties are no longer the governing power, and it was right that this was so. We had to thank for this reform the fusion of the worst elements of the Republican Party with the corrupt Democracy. The government of parties had at last ceased to exist in the United States. For this we had to thank those who cheated, in Cincinnati, Carl Schurz; who went to Cincinnati and there allowed himself to be helplessly bound—bound by a convention which was wholly composed of dishonest elements. From Cincinnati he went to Baltimore. Carl Schurz ought to have known that the Baltimore Convention was composed of the worst elements of corruption. On the other side there had been much talk about reconciliation, which was very fine, if it did not go so far as to allow the eminent rebels to become again, one fine morning, the rulers of this country. He was satisfied that the candidate of Schurz would be defeated in such a manner that a statesman of his rank in this country will never again be liable to make a mistake of that sort.

After a brief performance by the band, the next address in English was delivered by Gen. J. C. Jackson, who, in comparing the names of Washington, Lincoln, and Grant, was loudly cheered—men, he said, who put their bodies where they put their thoughts. [Cheers.]

After another brief performance by the band, an address was delivered in Italian by Signor Robert Prati, who declared that the Italians of this City will vote, on the 5th of November, for Grant, Wilson and Dix, as a unit, [cheers,] to crush the Democratic hydra which again is raising its head.

After vocal performances by the Italian chorus, a letter from M. Pelletier, who was unavoidably absent, was read. A brief address in the Swedish language was then delivered by Knut Forsberg, who argued that the Scandinavians, with the Germans and Anglo-Saxons, all of the same Germanic race and origin, they should no longer be divided, when the welfare of their common country was at stake.

The next address delivered in Hungarian by Sigismond Voytits. After which Capt. Taplanyi chanted a Hungarian air of the revolutionary period, and in conclusion, an address was delivered by Dr. Mackiewitz in the Polish language, and a brief addres in Bohemian, whereupon the meeting adjourned, after giving three rousing cheers for the National Republican ticket, Grant and Wilson, and for Dix and Robinson.

Committee of Seventy—Candidates Indorsed Last Evening.

The Committee of Seventy, at a meeting held last evening, Hon. John Wheeler in the chair, indorsed the following candidates, on the report of the Committee of Elections:

ASSEMBLY.

First District, S. J. Huggins; 3d, Wm. H. Rooney; 6th, John C. Rapp; 7th, Geo. W. Clark; 8th, Solon B. Smith; 9th, Stephen Pell; 11th, Alonzo B. Cornell; 13th, James Kelly; 14th, Robert B. Boyd; 15th, Joseph Blumenthal; 17th, Andrew Blessing; 20th, John D. Coughlin; 21st, Charles Crary.

The missing districts will be filled today by the indorsement of suitable candidates.

ALDERMEN.

Oswald Ottendorfer, S. B. H. Vance, Frederick Germann, O. P. C. Billings, Henry Clausen, Jr., S. V. R. Cooper, David M. Koehler, George Koch, Peter Gilsey, Peter Kehr, George Burkhardt, John J. Morris, Peter B. Olney, John Falconer, Townsend Cox.

ASSISTANT ALDERMEN.

First District, John Ham; 3d, Thos. J. Geary; 5th, Henry Wisser; 6th, Daniel J. Crowley; 7th, Thomas L. Thornell; 8th, J. C. Julius Langbien; 9th, Wm. P. Bensel; 10th, Joachim Maidhoff; 11th, Wm. S. Kreps; 12th, Christian Nauert; 13th, Wm. Wade; 16th, Edward R. Stehl; 17th, Stephen N. Simonson; 18th, Frederick H. Man; 20th, Christian Schwartz; 21st, Otis T. Hall.

A mass-meeting in the interest of Wm. F. Havemeyer for Mayor will be held on Friday next, at noon, at the corner of Wall and Broad streets.

Rally of Old War Veterans—The Soldiers and Sailors in Council.

The soldiers and sailors of the Twentieth Assembly District mustered, last evening, at Brevoort Hall, Fifty-fourth-street and Third-avenue. The room was densely crowded. Flags were suspended from every available cornice and projection. Banners bearing the names of the local candidates flanked the rostrum, the soldiers' and sailors' campaign banner being hung at the left; on the right was a bannerol bearing the names of Wm. A. Darling and Wm. S. Opdyke, the candidates for Congress and Assembly. Gen. G. H. Sharpe, the first speaker, in addressing the meeting, prefaced his remarks by bearing willing testimony to the purity and strictly religious character of the domestic life of the President. Having a personal knowledge of Gen. Grant, he could speak from experience. He proceeded to refute the charge of nepotism preferred against the President, and instanced his action in "smashing up" the gold ring, as evidence of his care for the commercial interests of the nation. He characterized the conduct of the Greeley Republicans as a campaign of calumny and personal abuse. Hon. Wm. A. Darling next addressed the meeting, and having referred to his opponent, Fernando Wood, said that he accepted the gage of battle, and would trust to his friends to decide the issue of the contest.

Major Willard Bullard, Hon. Abraham Wakeman, and others addressed the meeting, which soon afterward separated.

Another Party of Indian Visitors.

The Indians who have been visiting Washington, arrived in this City yesterday, and are now stopping at the Grand Central Hotel, where they will remain until to-morrow evening, when they depart for their homes.

The party consists of the following persons: Henry E. Alvord, United States Special Indian Commissioner; Horace P. Jones, Philip McCusker, J. J. Sturm, Wm. Shirley and John Poisell, Interpreters; four Kiowas and two squaws, eleven Comanches and seven squaws, four Apaches and two squaws, three Caddoes, two Towaccoroes, one Delaware, six Arrapahoes, three Wochitos, one Kiechoi, one Wacoe, and one attendant. The party went out for a walk last evening, and on their return received visitors until a late hour.

CITY AND SUBURBAN NEWS.

NEW-YORK.

Rev. W. H. H. Murray, of Boston, will lecture this evening, at the Harlem Congregational Church, on "Deacons."

Mount Moriah Lodge No. 27, F. and A. M., entertained its numerous friends last evening, at the Turn Hall, by a grand ball for the benefit of the widows and orphans of their lodge.

A fire occurred last evening on the third floor of the building No. 482 Broadway, occupied by L. Collatt & Co., and Marks Bros. & Thompson, hat and cap manufacturers. Damage, $200; insured.

We are indebted to the officers of the White Star steam-ship Atlantic, and to the management of the line, for valued additions to our foreign files.

The forty-five parties who were arrested by the Police of the Nineteenth Precinct for disorderly conduct at a west-side target excursion, on Monday evening, were, yesterday, in the Yorkville Police Court, locked up in default of $1,000 bail each to keep the peace.

Programmes for the approaching Universal Exposition at Vienna can be seen at the free reading-room of the Cooper Union, any time between 9 A. M. and 9½ P. M. This Exposition opens the 1st of next May. Gen. T. B. Van Buren is the United States Commissioner.

In the case of several Deputy Sheriffs appointed to attend the Court of Oyer and Terminer during its sessions, and in which a mandamus was applied for to compel the Controller to pay their salaries, Judge Leonard has now rendered a decision in favor of the application.

Luther C. Gallagher, aged thirty, a broker, residing in Bloomfield, N. J., while passing the corner of Wall and Broad streets, was struck on the head with a piece of scantling, which fell from the top of the building. He was taken to the New-street Police Station, and died before an ambulance arrived.

The case of the Government against Lewis Samuels and others, in which, upon the affidavit of one George Strauss, various persons were charged with defrauding the Government of the tax on ten barrels of whisky at a distillery in Eighth-street, in 1866, was yesterday dismissed by Commissioner Shields.

The case of Francis J. Healy, charged with falsely registering from No. 258 Mott-street, was resumed, before Commissioner Davenport, yesterday. Thomas Ryan and Mr. McGill testified that during the past fifteen months Healy had lived at the place from which he registered. The case was adjourned until today.

The valuable private collection illustrating silk culture, made by J. Q. A. Warren, Esq., corresponding member Entomological Society of Belgium, has been added to the cabinets of technology of the School of Mines of Columbia College, in New-York.

On Monday night last, the apartments of Coleman Bertel, at No. 27 New Bowery, were broken into by Felix Belwent and Chas. Miller, who stole four gold and three silver watches, valued at $400, and gold coin amounting to $606. The property, with the exception of twenty-five sovereigns, value $125, was recovered.

Wm. T. Shewer, residing at the Atlantic Hotel, while passing the corner of Twenty-sixth-street and Fourth-avenue, at 2½ yesterday morning, was assaulted by some unknown person, who struck him on the head with a slung-shot, inflicting a severe wound. The assailant escaped.

BROOKLYN.

Robert M. Franer has been appointed Fire Commissioner, vice Anthony B. Campbell, resigned.

The Controller's financial statement for September shows as follows: Balance in the City Treasury Aug. 31, $2,028,850 63; receipts in September, $891,903 74; total, $2,920,754 37. Payments in September, $1,002,966 13; balance in the treasury Sept. 30, $1,917,788 24.

The Coroner's Jury in the case of John Gauley, who died from the effects of a pistol-shot wound in the knee, received while passing the scene of an affray on Van Brunt-street, on the night of Aug. 30, yesterday found a verdict that "the shot was fired by some unknown person, and that James McDonnough, Russell and others are accessories." McDonnough and Russell have been held by the Coroner.

The suit of Roxcellena Homan against Alexander Earle, to recover damages laid at $20,000 for an alleged breach of promise of marriage, in which a verdict of $15,000 was heretofore rendered, was up before Judges Thompson and McCue, in the General Term of the City Court, yesterday, on an application for a new trial. Case argued and decision reserved.

LONG ISLAND.

For the last two weeks investigation has been going on before City Judge Pierce, in relation to the Blissville-avenue frauds, which were committed about two or three years ago.

The schooner Kate Gordon, which was sunk off the mouth of Mattetuck Creek a few days since, in the storm, was 150 tons burden, and commanded by Capt. Beebe, of Jamesport. She was from Jersey City, and bound for Providence, R. I. When it was found that the vessel was leaking badly, she was steered for shore, but before she reached land she went down, with all sails set. She was uninsured, and was owned by C. W. Campbell & Co.

[Advertisement.]

In order to insure prompt deliveries during the prevalence of the horse epidemic, consumers of the

STERLING CANNEL COAL

are requested to order a day or so ahead.

GEO. MERRYWEATHER,
Rooms Nos. 4 and 5, No. 5½ Pine-st.

[Advertisement.]

MAKE YOUR BETS, GENTLEMEN.—All who are determined to bet a hat upon the approaching election should not fail to make it a condition that it shall be of KNOX'S manufacture. This insures an elegant fabric to the winner, and a consolation to the loser. Buy your hats at KNOX'S, No. 212 Broadway.

Passengers Arrived.

In steam-ship Atlantic, from Liverpool.—Miss Emily Bailey, Miss Sarah E. Barker, Mrs. Mary Nafis, Miss Olmer, Miss Grace Otto, Mrs. John R. Waller, John V. Barker, Otis R. Barker, D. J. Baker, Mrs. W. H. De Forest, Miss B. De Forest, Master W. H. De Forest, Miss M. F. Blake, De B. Randolph Keim and lady, Mr. and Mrs. Saml. Engle and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Charlesworth, D. N. M. Dobson, C. M. Dobson, Mrs. Mary E. MacCarty, Miss Vokens, H. F. Jennison, Mr. and Mrs. Buddeki, B. Tomes, Mrs. H. L. Williams and infant, Miss Emma Everhart, E. A. Caswell, L. J. Ives, Fred. Stearns, Mr. and Mrs. Menzies, Mrs. Bell Drake and child, Col. Hudson, J. M. Davies, Theo. Higbie, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Barr, Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Newton and son, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Blarce and 2 daughters, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Birch and daughter, W. R. McCayl, Col. R. M. Martin, W. W. Wild, J. A. Patterson, Jas. G. Muldoon, Geo. Lamb, Mr. Colton, Mrs. C. Colton, Mrs. L. Colton, Miss B. Colton, C. F. Harrington, K. A. Wyckoff, J. E. Pagnon, J. L. Cutler, S. P. Avery, Wm. Allen Smith, S. Grantland, Alex. Munkittrick, J. D. Johnson, Lieut. Diggle, Rev. A. F. Bievenbergh, W. McAdam, Sven Foya, G. M. Sizer, Mr. and Mrs. Holly Hudson, Mr. and Mrs. J. Ashton Green, Wm. Green, Miss Lizzie Green, Chas. M. Pratt, A. H. Rice, B. F. Martin, F. Wetmore, E. W. Wetmore, Mrs. E. C. Wetmore, Sydney B. Wight, M. A. de Jongh.

In steam-ship Minnesota, from Liverpool.—Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Blatchford, Mrs. E. L. Hoppock and family, Miss Julia Perot, Mr. and Mrs. William Barnes and family, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Moore, C. C. Woodworth, S. B. Woodworth, Mr. and Mrs. Mayo and child, Mrs. and Miss Holton, Mrs. E. W. Main and 2 daughters, H. J. Seymour, Miss E. Seymour, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Nelson and child, Mr. and Mrs. Trenthardt, Adolph Trenthardt, Mrs. Siddell, J. S. Lloyd, H. S. Fellows, T. J. W. Hull, James Wilson, Ralph Harnson, Jesse Gardner, Mrs. Emily Wilkins, Mrs. H. Scott, Mr. and Mrs. W. Kelsey, Miss Hilton, Thomas Dobson, O. G. Snow.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises....6:27 | Sun sets....4:59 | Moon sets....4.31

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook..6:10 | Gov. Island..7:09 | Hell Gate....8:33

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK......TUESDAY, Oct. 29.

Cleared.

Steam-ships Leo, Dearborn, Savannah, Ga., Murray, Ferris & Co.; Charleston, Berry, Charleston, Henry R. Morgan & Co.; City of Merida, Timmerman, Havana and Vera Cruz, F. Alexandre & Sons; Fanita, Doane, Philadelphia, Lorillard Steam-ship Co.; Vulcan, Wilcox, Philadelphia; Glaucus, Walden, Boston; Delaware, Crocker, New-Haven.

Ship Sir Robt. Peel, Freeman, London, Grinnell, Minturn & Co.

Barks Liberia, Fossett, Canary Islands, Yates & Porterfield; Trait d'Union, (Br.,) Ballou, Demerara, &c., Leaycraft & Co.; Hope, (Br.,) Connor, Queenstown or Falmouth, Booth & Co.; Hanoen, (Norw.,) Peucgard, Antwerp, &c., Funch, Edye & Co.; Granen, (Norw.,) Knudsen, Queenstown or Falmouth, Tetens & Bockmann; Palmos, Nichols, San Francisco, G. D. Sutton & Co.

Brigs Gilmore Meredith, Ayres, Aspinwall, &c., S. C. Lond & Co.; Saulie, (Ital.,) Jaccarino, Gloucester, E., Funch, Edye & Co.; Leonard Meyers, Hicks, Campeachy, &c., Miller & Houghton; Annie, (Br.,) Nugent, St. Johns, P. R., D. R. De Wolf & Sons.

Schrs. Evelyn, Burger, Stamford; Onward, Wheeler Hartford; T. J. Owen, Simpson, Bridgeport; Palma, Rankin, Georgetown, S. C.; Defiance, Thorndike, Boston; Artist, Clement, Providence.

Arrived.

Steam-ship Atlantic, (Br.,) Gleadell, Liverpool Oct. 18 and Queenstown 19th, with mdse. and 543 passengers to J. H. Sparks. Oct. 24, lat. 48 20, lon. 43 15, passed a ship's long-boat, containing three provision casks and one water cask; no name on the boat. Oct. 27, lat. 46, lon. 48 58, spoke bark Orpheus, (N. G.,) from Hamburg for Philadelphia. Oct. 28, lat. 41 28, lon. 65 29, exchanged night signals with a National line steamer, 392 miles E. of Sandy Hook.

Steam-ship Minnesota, (Br.,) Morgan, Liverpool Oct. 16, via Queenstown 17th, with mdse. and 575 passengers to Williams & Guion. Oct. 23, lat. 49, lon. 42 15, at 7 P. M., exchanged signals with a White Star steamer, bound E.; Oct. 26, 11 A. M., lat. 44 3, lon. 58 4, passed a Williams & Guion steamer, hence, for Liverpool.

Steam-ship Champion, Lockwood, Charleston Oct 26, with mdse. and passengers to H. R. Morgan & Co.

Steam-ship Westphalia, (N. G.,) Schwensen, Hamburg Oct. 16, via Havre 19th, with mdse. and passengers to Kunhardt & Co.

Steam-ship Bremen, (N. G.,) Ladewigs, Bremen Oct. 16, via Southampton 19th, with mdse. and passengers to Oelrichs & Co.

Steam ship Italy, (Br.,) Thompson, Liverpool Oct. 16, and Queenstown 17th, with mdse. and passengers to F. W. J. Hurst.

Steam-ship City of Havana, Deaken, Havana Oct. 25, with mdse. and passengers to F. Alexandre & Sons.

Steam-ship Java, (Br.) Martyn, Liverpool Oct. 19, and Queenstown 20th, with mdse. and passengers to Charles G. Francklyn.

Steam-ship Trinacria, (Br.,) Thompson, Glasgow Oct. 16, and Moville 17th, with mdse. and 174 passengers to Henderson Bros.

Ship Governor Morton, Howland, Boston 3 ds., in ballast, to Barling & Davis. Will load for San Francisco.

Ship Minnehaha, McGrath, of and 33 ds. from Londonderry, with mdse. and passengers to G. & J. Knox.

Bark Bobsien Kaegsdorf (N. G.,) Moller, Newcastle 18 ds., with mdse. to H. & F. W. Meyer. Took the northern passage and had fine weather; was 22 ds. W. of the Banks.

Bark Vitez, (Aust.,) Pittarwich, Cette 43 ds., with mdse. to Charles F. Schmidt & Peters—vessel to Funch, Edye & Co. Took the middle passage and had moderate weather; was 5 ds. N. of Bermuda.

Bark Tritone, (Aust.,) Cattariniach, Marseilles, via Gibraltar, Sept. 26, with mdse to James Henry. Took the middle passage and had fine weather; was 5 ds. N. of Bermuda.

Bark Grace, (of Annapolis, N. S.,) Reynolds, Sidney, C. B., 12 ds., with coal to C. B. Swain & Son—vessel to Heney & Parker. Had moderate weather.

Bark Amaranth, (N. G.) Von Hagen, London 23 ds., in ballast to C. Luling & Co. Came the middle passage and had fine weather the entire passage.

Bark Friedlief, (Norw.,) Petersen, Leith 51 ds., with gas coal to order—vessel to Tetens & Bockmann.

Bark C. E. Jayne, Hawkins, Glasgow 36 ds., with mdse. to Jonas Smith & Co.

Bark George Bell, (of Yarmouth, N. S.,) Rose, Sidney, C. B., 8 ds., in ballast, to Boyd & Hincken.

Brig Annie Collins, (of Windsor, N. S.,) McDonald, Wentworth, N. S., 30 ds., with 280 tons plaster to Crandall, Berteaux & Co.

Brig Proteus, Ackley, Sackville, N. B., 10 ds., with piling to Moss & Ward.

Schr. Annie Murchie, (of Calais.) ——, Bucksville, S. C., 11 ds., with yellow pine to master. Was 8 ds. N. of Hatteras. The A. M. is bound to Boston.

Schr. John Crockford, Hatch, Providence, for Rondout.

Schr. Lamartine, Butler, Providence, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Rachel Jane, Taylor, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Jos. Hay, Beebe, Providence, for Philadelphia.

Schr. North Pacific, Eaton, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. American Eagle, Shaw, Providence, for Philadelphia.

Schr. L. S. Levering, Corson, Providence, for Philadelphia.

Schr. R. H. Wilson, Harris, Providence, for Rondout.

Schr. Annie Safford, Powell, Providence, for Philadelphia.

Schr. L. Q. C. Wishart, Nickerson, Boston, for Philadelphia.

Schr. E. A. Brooks, ——, Cape Sable, with fish to S. B. Miller.

Schr. Adelia Felicia, Elliott, Norwich, for Elizabethport.

Schr. John T. Manson, Manson, New-Haven, for Baltimore.

Schr. Jos. E. Potts, Davis, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Helen, Baker, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Chas. W. Bentley, Baker, New-Bedford.

Schr. M. E. Lovell, Murphy, New-Haven.

Schr. Peter Ritter, Jones, Portland, Conn.

Schr. Hydranger, Nickerson, Providence.

Schr. Alfred Hale, Dimmock, New-Bedford.

Schr. John G. Huntington, Mason, Boston.

Schr. J. F. Carver, West, Providence.

Schr. R. P. Reynard, Hall, Providence.

Schr. M. J. Meade, Thrasher, Taunton.

Schr. L. S. Barnes, Cole, New-Bedford.

Schr. Mary Johnson Phinney, Boston.

Schr. Plymouth Rock, Crockett, Boston.

Schr. B. F. Miller, Miller, Stonington.

Schr. S. W. Blake, Blake, Dighton.

Schr. R. P. King, Bliven, New-London.

Schr. Bela Peck, Avery, New-London.

Schr. Judge Low, Pendleton, Norwich.

Schr. President, Phinney, Plymouth.

Schr. Haze, McName, Greenwich.

Schr. Mary Ella, Johnson, Vinalhaven.

Schr. Garland, Ellis, New-Haven.

Schr. Sarah, Crickett, Fall River.

Schr. Fulton, Davis, Sag Harbor.

WIND—Sunset, moderate, N. E.; clear.

Spoken.

Oct. 20, lat. 43 12, lon. 56 52, by ship Graham's, Polly, ship Staffa, (Br.,) from Liverpool, for Philadelphia.

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, Mass, Oct. 29.—Arr. steamer Samaria, from Liverpool; brig Para, from Fayal.

BOSTON, Oct. 29.—Arr. steamers Wm. Lawrence, from Baltimore; Norman, from Philadelphia.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct. 29.—Arr. steamer Manhattan, New-York; steamer Virginia, Philadelphia; bark Canton, Tabasco, for Falmouth, disabled; bark Perdecho, New-Orleans, for Barcelona, disabled; brig Florentine, Cardenas; schr. Penathon May, Philadelphia.

FORTRESS MONROE, Va., Oct. 28.—Passed in for Baltimore, ship Argo, from Liverpool; barks Edith, Carlotta, Atalion.

Passed out, steamer Carolina, for Queenstown; barks Sa Morden, for Rio; Caribou, for Aspinwall; brig Surprise, for Providence.

LEWES, Del., Oct. 29.—Arr. two large three-masted steamers.

The schr. Star, from New-York, for Nassau, put in here with loss of sails.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 29.—Arr. steam-ship Cortes, from New-York.

Sld. 26th, steam-ship New-Orleans, for New-York.

SAVANNAH, Oct. 29.—Arr. steam-ships Herman Livingston, San Salvador, Ashland, New-York; Wyoming, Philadelphia.

Barks Amelie, Aspinwall, Bachelor, Sharpsport, England.

Cld. British ship Universe, Liverpool; steam-ship Seminole, Boston.

Sld. steam-ship Virgo, New-York.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Oct. 29.—Arr. schr. F. J. Grafton, Alexandria, Boston.

Sld. schrs. Sarah C. Smith, Julia A. Merritt, Lavonia, and Abbie S. Emery.

Foreign Ports.

HAVANA, Oct. 28, via KEY WEST.—The bark Elba, Capt. Leterson, from New-York, arr. at this port on the 22d inst.

European Marine News.

BREST, Oct. 29.—The General Trans-atlantic Company's steam-ship Ville de Paris, Capt. Surmont, arrived here this morning, from New-York. The Ville de Paris crossed the bar at Sandy Hook at 8 o'clock on the morning of the 20th inst.

QUEENSTOWN, Oct. 29.—The Cunard line steam-ship Abyssinia, Capt. Harris, from New-York Oct. 19, for Liverpool, arr. here at 9 o'clock last night.

The Inman line steam-ship City of London, Capt. Tibbetts, from New-York Oct. 19, and the Williams & Guion line steam-ship Nevada, Capt. Forsyth, from New-York Oct. 11, both for Liverpool, arr. here this morning, the former at 2 o'clock and the latter at 7½ o'clock.

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